"At the End of the Passage,"
A complete novelette by Rudyard Kipling will be published in the next Sunday Post-Dispatch.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Will You Go On July 30?
Every "want" advertiser in the Sunday Post-Dispatch gets a free ticket for a grand river excursion.

VOL. 41.—NO. 266. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY EVENING, JULY 14, 1890. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK.

The MIDSUMMER CLEARING SALE
—AT—
Nugents

Is the Biggest Thing in Town.
Is Progressive.
Is in Its Second Week.
Is Notorious for Good Bargains.

Wash Goods.

Now is your opportunity for securing elegant Ginghams, Satines, Challies and Calicoes at a mere song.

Challies at 2 1-2c—100 pieces cream ground Challies, worth 5c; Reduced to 2 1-2c

Satines at 5c yard—75 pieces 32-inch splendid quality of American Satines, in French designs; Reduced from 12½c to 5c yard

Challies at 7 1-2c yard—300 pieces wide Challies, beautiful new French designs, in choice colorings—old rose, amethyst, sapphire, sage, bronze, Nile, light blue, pink, lavender, tan, navy and grays, also black and white—in stripes, figures, Persian and ombre effects; would be a bargain anywhere at 10c; Reduced for Clearing Sale to 7 1-2c yd

Outing Cloth at 7½c—50 pcs striped Outing Cloth; Reduced from 10c to 7½c yard

Zephyr Ginghams at 8½c—200 pieces regular 12½c American Zephyr Ginghams; Reduced to 8½c yard

Scotch Zephyrs at 12½c—100 pieces of Barnaby's Scotch Zephyr Ginghams, regular season's price 20c and 25c; Reduced to 12½c

French Novelties at 20c—50 pieces elegant French Novelty Zephyr Ginghams, choicest goods shown this season, were 40c, 50c and 60c; All Reduced to 20c a yard

Indigo Blues at 9c—125 pieces 32-inch genuine German Indigo Blue Calico, good styles, never offered under 12½c; Reduced to 9c a yard

All Jewelry One-fourth Off.

Scotch Flannels.

Great Reductions for Clearing Sale.

All of our 35c and 40c Scotch Flannels, suitable for shirts and blouses; Reduced to 25c yard

All of our 45c Scotch Flannels; Reduced to 35c yard

All our 60c and 65c Scotch Flannels; Reduced to 49c yard

Wool Challies.

Our stock of Wool Challies is still the best assorted in the city, and we are offering our entire line at Clearing Sale Prices:

Best American Challies, all-wool filling; Reduced from 15c to 10c
Reduced from 18c to 12 1-2c
Reduced from 25c to 20c

Best French Challies, every thread wool; Reduced from 35c to 19c
Reduced from 40c to 25c
Reduced from 50c and 60c to 39c

Best Mohair Challies, 30 inches wide; Reduced from 40c to 19c yard

Mohair Brilliantines—Splendid English Mohair Brilliantines, silk finish, were 45c, in gray and tan mixtures; Reduced to 21c

From 50c to 25c—38-inch Mohair Brilliantines, in light and dark shades; Reduced from 50c to 25c

From 50c to 25c—40-inch all-wool French Debeiges, in grays and browns; Reduced from 50c to 25c

All of our $1 Plaid and Stripe Suiting; Reduced to 50c yard

All Jewelry One-fourth Off.

Parasols and Umbrellas

Clearing Sale Reductions.

From $1.25 to 79c—We are overstocked in Umbrellas and will let them go cheap; 200 splendid Gloriosa Umbrellas, warranted fast black, will not crock nor drip, made with paragon frames and with stylish oxidized hook handles, exact duplicates of $2 styles; Reduced for Clearing Sale to 79c each

Every umbrella in the stock reduced—even the Beaconsfields.

Outing Flannelette.

From 10c to 5c—27-inch striped Outing Flannelettes; Reduced from 7½c and 10c to 5c yard

White Goods.

Grand Reductions for This Week.

From 12½c to 8 1-3c—100 pieces satin-striped Organdy and Batiste, very fine and sheer; Reduced from 12½ to 8 1-3c

Reduced from 15c to 10c—50 pieces mull-cord Plaid Organdies, splendid goods and worth 20c; Reduced from 15c to 10c

Reduced from 20c to 8 1-3c—25 pieces 30-inch imported woven-cord Pique; Reduced from 20c to 8 1-3c

Reduced from 12½c to 5c—15 pieces 40-inch colored side-band Apron Goods, fine quality; Reduced from 12½c to 5c

Muslin Underwear

Second Floor.

In Nugent's Clearing Sale.

At 49c—Chemises, good muslin, square yoke of Hamburg insertion and tucks, Hamburg bands and sleeves; Reduced from 75c to 49c

At 50c—Night Gowns, best muslin, Hubbard style, yoke of good torchon lace and tucks; Reduced from 98c to 50c

At 55c—Drawers, fine muslin, yoke bands, ruffle of block pattern Hamburg, clusters of wide and narrow tucks; Reduced from 75c to 55c

At $1.49—Skirts, extra quality muslin, yoke bands, 18-inch flounce of Hamburg and tucks, made wide; Reduced from $2.48 to $1.49

All Jewelry One-fourth Off.

Silks.

What the Clearing Sale Does.

24-inch double-warp domestic black Surah Silk; Reduced from 90c to 69c

Pongee Silk, natural color; Reduced from 50c to 35c

22-inch black China Silk; Reduced from 69c to 46c

28-inch black China Silk; Reduced from $1.50 to 98c

Black and white striped Jersey Silks; Reduced from $1.40 to 89c

B. Nugent & Bro.,
Broadway, Washington Avenue and St. Charles Street.

St. Louis' Cheapest Credit House.

$15.00. A Handsome Bedroom Suit. We have sold thousands of them. They can't be beat. The best value in the city for the money.

$22.00 For an Elegant Parlor Suit, Walnut or Cherry frame.

$10.00 For an Elegant Sideboard, All Woods.

$4.75 For a First-Class Refrigerator.

$4.50 For a Good Baby Carriage.

$2.75 For a Good Gasoline Stove (Guar't'd)

CARPETS, CARPETS!
Ingrain Carpets.....16c to 87½c
Brussels Carpets.....42½c to $1.10
Straw Mattings.....10c to 40c

The Straus-Emerich Outfitting Co.,
Largest Time-Payment House in the World,
1121, 1123 AND 1125 OLIVE STREET.
Terms to Suit Yourself. Open Evenings Until 9 O'Clock

PERMANENTLY CURED BY A NEW METHOD
CATARRH

By permission I refer to the following well-known persons in St. Louis, who have tried my treatment and recommend it:
W. H. Hill, Mgr. N. Y. Life Ins. Co., Odd Fellows Bldg.
Robt. L. Henry, Wm. Barr Dry Goods Co.
Y. O. Saunders, Janis, Saunders & Co.
M. C. Townsend, Gen'l Pass'r. Agent Mo. Pacific Ry.
L. J. Peck, Goddard, Peck & Co.
W. S. Simpson, Christopher & Simpson, Arch. Iron Works.
Chas. Steinberg, 420 N. Broadway.
R. S. Stinde, Real Estate, 808 Chestnut street.
Geo. S. Tyler, Gen. Agt. Chicago, Alton & St. Louis R.R.
T. C. Hamilton, with S. Nugent & Bro.

Examination and Consultation Free.

The treatment is mild and agreeable, and based upon scientific principles. Catarrhal diseases are dependent upon some taint in the organism, and it is by eradicating it that I CURE CATARRH. Patients at a distance are treated as successfully as those who visit the office. Send address or call for valuable treatise on catarrh, with carefully prepared symptom blank, and testimonials and references.

2818 Washington Ave., St. Louis, Mo. DR. T. S. GREENE.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

ST. LOUIS SEMINARY.
A PRIVATE SELECT SCHOOL of high grade for YOUNG LADIES, at Jennings, three-quarters of a mile from the limits of St. Louis on the Wabash Railway. Location Beautiful, Healthy, Retired. Scholarship thorough. MUSIC, ART, LANGUAGES, LITERATURE. Established 1871. Chartered. Early application necessary to secure room. For Catalogue address the Principal,
B. T. BLEWETT, LL. D., Jennings, Mo.

LOUISVILLE (KY.) MILITARY ACADEMY—Claims remarkable results by a new system.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE BUILDING CO., Office No. 513 Walnut st., Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kronmyer, Sec. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at option of applicants, on monthly payment plan in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

MANTELS.

A complete line of new and elegant designs and at low prices.

BRIDGE & BEACH MFG. CO.,
503 S. Main St.

Electric Light and Power.

We are prepared to furnish arc and incandescent lamps for commercial lighting, also power for electric motors to run presses, sewing machines, fans and other machinery.

Municipal Electric Light and Power Co.,
Office Fourth and Pine, 3d floor, over Mechanics' Bank.

Not merely a Spring Medicine, but a Cure for all Blood and Skin Diseases every month in the year.

CACTUS

BLOOD CURE
MUSCULAR RHEUMATISM CURED.

GENTLENEN:—Last spring I was troubled with what the doctors told me was muscular rheumatism. I was unable to walk for nearly six weeks. All this time I was using the medicine prescribed by the attending doctor, and from which I got no relief.

A friend sent me a large bottle of Cactus Blood Cure, which I tried, and before two-thirds of the "cure" was used I was able to walk without pain. It is now two months since the pains left me, and have not as yet returned, and I feel entirely free from them.

I delayed writing to you as I was anxious to know whether I was temporarily or permanently relieved. It is with pleasure I now state that from my present feelings, I would judge that I am cured.

It is hardly necessary for me to recommend this medicine, as I am positive that a trial of it is all that is necessary, and I am fully convinced it will recommend itself. Gratefully yours,
June, 1890. M. ROGAN,
Barlow on the Sound, Westchester Co., N. Y.

The Cactus Blood Cure has positively cured numerous cases of Scrofula and Salt Rheum one month's time where all other blood purifiers have failed.

Pleasant to take, applicable to diseases of infancy or old age. All druggists sell it. Price, large size $2.00; small $1.00. Send for descriptive pamphlet and certificates or call at office.
ALVA'S BRAZILIAN SPECIFIC CO.
Room 53, 904 Olive st., St. Louis.
New York office, 6 Wall st.

YOUR advertisement in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH will be read by everybody.

LAKE PEPIN HORROR

An Excursion Boat Caught in a Cyclone and Overturned.

The Passengers on Board Hurled Into the Lake.

Over One Hundred and Twenty-five Persons Drowned.

Futile Efforts to Run the Unfortunate Steamer, the Seawing, on Shore—Men in Small Boats Rescue Some of the Excursionists—Full Details of the Calamity—A Partial List of the Victims—Seventy-five Bodies Recovered—Lake City (Minn.) Badly Damaged by the Storm—The Village of Madners Completely Wrecked and Many Lives Lost—Death and Destruction at Lake Gervais—A Long List of Casualties With Great Destruction of Property.

LAKE CITY, Minn., July 14—During a cyclone yesterday the excursion steamer Seawing from Diamond Bluff to the First Regiment, N. G., M. encampment grounds, one mile below Lake City, was capsized on Lake Pepin. The boat was crowded to its limit and towed a barge. There were in all about two hundred men women and children on board. They came from Redwing and Diamond Bluff. The tornado caught the boat when she was on the return trip. At about the height of the storm the Seawing ran upon a bar near Central Park and the barge was cut away. A number of the barge passengers jumped into the lake and swam ashore. Among these were two ladies. The barge drifted out to deep water, but in spite of wind and wave did not capsize. Capt. Weathern tried to run the Seawing on shore, but the waves were so high that the boat was forced out into the lake. Waves washed into the boat and hail nearly as large as hen's eggs fell upon the passengers on the deck.

MANY WERE INJURED.

While the hail was falling a monster wave struck the boat, capsizing her and throwing all her passengers and crew into the lake. Fully 150 persons were thus placed in danger of drowning. Persons on shore who saw the disaster attempted to rescue those who rose to the surface, but were in the main unsuccessful. Some of the passengers caught on to the boat's bottom as she lay in the water after being overturned, but a wave washed them off, and nearly half of this number was drowned. But a very few succeeded in clinging the to boat until help could reach them.

The captain of the Ethel Howard, which was lying at the dock, refused to go out to rescue the helpless people, but boats were secured, and between twenty and thirty were saved.

AMONG THE DROWNED ARE:
PETER GORKEN, wife, five children and servant girl.
FRED SCHERF, wife and daughter.
MRS. WILHEREN and two children.
F. CHRIST.
WM. BLOKER, and three children.
TWO CHILDREN of C. H. Reder.
MRS. HEMPTLING and daughter.
GUS. BECKMARK.
IRA FULTON.
BOZE. ADAMS.
MISS FLINN.
CHARLES DINSLING.
CHARLES HEMPLING.
FRED HEMPLING.
MISS WAY.
CHARLES DINSTAG.
HENRY STEFFINSON.
ANNIE STEIGER.
MINNIE ADAMS.
KATIE DALY.
MISS MIERSON.
MINNIE FISHER.

IN LAKE CITY.

In Lake City the damage to property by the cyclone is great, although no fatalities have been reported. Collins Bros.' saw and planing mill is totally demolished. The roof of the Opera-house, owned by Mr. Hanisch, was carried away, and the stores underneath more or less damaged by the rain and hail. Young & Co.'s dry goods block is badly demolished. Part of the Lyons' block was demolished and goods in the store damaged. The roof of the building in which the telegraph office is located is gone and the lower floors were damaged. Gillett & Beck's starch factory is an almost total wreck. The streets of the city are filled with fallen trees and parts of buildings that had been carried through the air. Up to 3 o'clock this morning fifty-nine bodies had been found and the search for the dead was kept up all night.

THE WRECK.

The wreck of the steamer occurred off this point, and the great dismantled wreck drifted over against the barge. She lay over on the port side and was broken almost into kindling wood, although enough of the frame work remained to hold togetner and work on. At 10:30 the bodies of a woman and child to which ropes had been attached were drawn to the shore. The child was the daughter of John Winters of Red Wing. Fred Seivers, blacksmith, was taken out a few minutes later. That makes a total of sixty-five bodies already found, or probably about half the total number drowned. Corporal B. L. Perry of St. Paul saw the wreck early last night and hastened to the spot to render such assistance as was possible. Finding a man standing near a boat on the shore, he asked to be taken out into the storm to the overturning boat. But when he refused he threatened to kill him unless his orders were obeyed, and with the help of his unwilling assistant saved the lives of fifteen or sixteen women. Adjt.-Gen. Mullen says the man has earned a commission. From early morning a patrol of row boats was kept up all over the neighborhood of the wreck looking for bodies. Several were found in that way last night and a small boy was found then floating and yelling three miles down the lake from the scene of the disaster. Battery A of St. Paul kept up a cannonading during the day trying to raise bodies, but without success. The little steam tug Wanderer tried unsuccessfully to pull the wreck apart and then the Ethel Howard came up the river and with the valuable assistance of the Luella pulled apart the frame of what had been the top of the steamer. The Luella then pulled the Seawing up

OUT OF THE WATER,

releasing three bodies, one woman and two young men. Alice Palmer of Trenton was one of these, but the two men had not been identified up to 1 o'clock. That makes a total of sixty-eight bodies now found. It was stated this afternoon that to keep the water out of the cabin and to keep the people under shelter, Capt. Weihern had locked the door of the cabin. If this is true it may explain much of the loss of life, although the loss would still have been very heavy. Estimates vary as to the total number of dead. There were over two hundred on the steamer and barge when the steamer started for Red Wing, very few remaining behind on account of the storm, although many protested against the proposal to steam up the lake in the face of such a gale as was blowing. Of the whole number it is known positively that about fifty were saved. More may have escaped, but only this many are known at this time to be safe. That would leave about 150 victims of the disaster, but everyone hopes the number may not go beyond 125. A good number are still in the wreck, and a great many are in the bottom of the lake. Just how many will not be known for some time yet, possibly for several days.

SAVED FROM THE WRECK.

Following is as correct a list as obtainable of those known to have been saved from the wreck:
E. AXELSON.
ARTHUR ANDERSON.
G. A. ANDERSON.
JACOB APPENCELLAR.
AGGIE HARTRAM,
GEORGE BECKMARSH,
OSCAR BERTIN,
MAY CASEY,
W. W. DEKAY,
E. T. DANIELSON,
W. J. ERSENBRAND,
GEO. ERSENBRAND,
AXEL ERK,
F. P. GARTLAND,
GEORGE HAWKINS and son.
Mrs. HILL, daughter and son.
C. D. JACOBI.
R. F. JOHNSON.
WILL KENNY.
JOHN K. WALL.
GEORGE LANDECK.
CHARLES LEIBERG.
EDDIE MARHENON.
E. D. MORRIS.
PETER MOLEN.
CHAS. MILLER.
HENRY NELSON,
JOHN NELSON,
A. M. OLESON,
WILLIAM PLOOS,
HENRY RENDER,
L. ROCK,
N. K. SIMMONS,
C. S. SULTSER,
CHAS. SANDSTROM.
H. FASTRAND.
OTTO SIMON.
ROBERT SHELSTROM.
MR. and MRS. SPARKS and sister-in-law.
CHARLES TRUTTMAN.
SHERMAN WARD.
CAPT. D. WETTON.

Bodies Recovered and Identified.

RED WING, Minn., July 14.—The bodies of those drowned in Lake Pepin last night to the number of fifty-two arrived in this city at about 6 o'clock this morning. The whole town was in mourning. Immediately upon the arrival of the steamer the bodies were carried to the respective homes of the deceased persons. The following is a list of those that were brought to Red Wing this morning:
JOHN HEFELER, wife and two children.
PETER GEVLIN, wife and five children.
MRS. BLAKER and two children.
MRS. HEMPOBLING and three children.
MRS. SCHUELBERG and daughter.
MINNIE FISHER.
MARIE SKOGLAND.
KATIE DALY.
MRS. F. SHERF and daughter.
FRED CHRIST.
ANNIE STEIGER.
FRANCIS STEIGER.
GEORGE NELSON.
JOHN BAHRNS and wife.
CHARLES DINSTAGE.
FRED SEVERS and daughter.
TOM LARSON.
ADDIE WING and sister.
H. REDLUS and two children.
FRED HETTEMEYER.
MAMIE ADAMS.
HENRY STEFFNER.
KATIE BURKHARDT.
A. O. ANDERSON.
EDDIE CHRISTOFERSEN.
HERMAN HIPPER.
WILL HIPPER.
GEO. HARRIS.
MRS. NELLIE WOEHRN and son.
MILLY NILES.
BIERSON FIBY.
CORDY JOHNSON.
FLOY SMITH.
MYRTIE MERO.
IRA FULTON.

UNIDENTIFIED BODIES.

It is now quite probable that there are yet fifty or sixty people missing in addition to the list of identified dead. It is thought that all of these are in the wreck which lies off the point near Lake City. The undertaking establishment here is crowded with friends of the dead and many cases of prostration have occured. Business is completely at a standstill. Peter Gorkin, wife and five children, comprising the entire family, and a servant girl are among the dead. It is reported this morning that "Red", a brother of Charles Mero, an insurance agent of Minneapolis, was drowned, together with his entire family. They went down wrapped in each others arms and were picked up last night floating together in the embrace of death. The scenes at the Morgue are simply indescribable.

During the night fifty-five bodies were recovered and this morning up to 1 o'clock seven more had been pulled out. Under command of Adjt.-Gen. Mullen the militia were put into service and worked nobly on the wreck. The barge had been wrecked back of the point which is known as Maiden Rock.

At Lake Gervais.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 14.—A cyclone swept the shores of Lake Gervais—where wealthy St. Paul men have summer cottages—yesterday afternoon. The storm descended upon the lake at about 5 o'clock last evening. Every building and tree in its path was leveled and a large number of persons were killed or injured. From the moment of the storm's gathering it was plainly visible from St. Paul. It began with wind and hail about 3 o'clock and continued in several directions to increase in violence up to 5 o'clock, when the funnel shaped cloud of the tornado was noticed in the direction of Lake Gervais. It was not known until 8 o'clock last night what damage had resulted. Messengers then arrived

FOR MEDICAL AID,

who told of the awful work at Lake Gervais. A corps of physicians at once went to the Lake, and many of the injured were brought into the city.

There is hardly a building at the lake left intact, and the larger number of the wounded are sheltered in fragments of cottages that the storm did not wholly break down.

AMONG THE KILLED ARE
GEO. MILLER, Teller First National Bank, St. Paul.
J. H. SCURMEIER and wife.
PETER GRESEN.
JOHN GOETCKE.
MRS. JOHN MULLANEY and four children.
REV. DR. PHIL PHAELRER, Brenham, Tex.

THE INJURED.

The following is a partial list of the injured:
CHARLES GOODE.
CLARK HAVEN.
GEORGE MCPHERSONS.
HUB. C. SCHURMEIER, wife and lady guest.
SIMON and RAY GOOD.
NELLIE and GUSSIE KING.
MRS. GEO. MILLER.
CHARLES MIESE.
JOS. BERNARD.
MRS. CHAS. PFAFFLE of Bonham, Texas.
MRS. CHARLES HASTINGS.
MRS. LYDIA A. MELONCAN.
MOSES MELONCAN.
FRANK MELONCAN.
GEORGE MELONCAN.
JENNIE MELONCAN.
WM. GUENTHER.
MINNIE MEISS.
MRS. E. L. HASTINGS.
STELLA HASTINGS.

ALONG LAKE COLEMAN.

The tornado, beside doing great damage at Lake Gervais, sweps over Lake Coleman, overturning a boat-house and wrecking other buildings.

Whether there was any loss of life there or not is not yet known. A number of residents are missing. Many farm-houses along the lake shore were destroyed, and the road which ran within a few feet of the water is strewn with wreckage of houses, buggies and trees. The buggies, it is supposed, were abandoned by owners on the approach of the storm. On the road between St. Paul to Lake Gervais Nathaniel Getzky lived. His family consisted of twelve persons. The house was destroyed, two children were killed and six were injured. Four were in the cellar when the house was lifted from its foundation. The sleepers fell upon them.

John J. Ahearn, Clerk of the St. Paul Municipal Court, drove out to Lake Coleman with his wife yesterday afternoon. They have not been heard from since. Seven persons are reported to have been killed at Vadnais Station, on the St. Paul & Duluth Railway, six miles from St. Paul. A south-bound train was standing at the station when the storm approached, but managed to run out of danger.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Ronald of St. Paul were out at Kohlmann's Lake during the storm and had a narrow escape from injury. Mr. Ronald said:

"My wife and I drove out to Kohlmann's Lake at 2:15, arriving there about 3 o'clock. We took a boat and went out fishing on the lake at 3:15 p. m. In half an hour we saw the storm coming up, but I thought it would pass north of us. I pulled toward Kohlmann's wharf, however, and just as I landed the storm commenced. We ran into Kohlmann's Hotel, and had no sooner got inside than the wharf, 100 feet long, was swept away and the boat-house turned completely around. The water in the lake was raised in sprays twenty feet high, I should guess. The hotel had over one hundred people inside, and they were badly frightened. Some were crying and others were praying. Mr. Kohlmann wanted us all to go outside and lie down, as he was afraid the house would be blown down. The edge of the storm, however, passed within fifty feet of the hotel and struck the north side of the lake, where there were five or six houses. These houses were all damaged and most of them swept away; one house in particular, which had a large red barn behind it (presumably Schurmeler's) was totally wrecked, and its timbers were scattered for half a mile along the track of the storm. Some buildings were blown from the premises. For half an hour the storm raged. As soon as it had passed a large number of men went to work helping the wounded and taking out the dead on the other side of the lake. Carriages of all sorts were in use and a small steam tug which had been blown ashore was floated and sent across the lake. I saw fourteen people who were all pretty badly hurt."

J. W. Terrill and Miss Valdee, P. Potts and Miss Lou Gleason, J. Burke and Miss Wheeler, John Bruggeman and wife, all of St. Paul, formed a party who were camping on the southwest shore of Lake Gervais, and not very far from the Schurmeier cottage. When the tornado's advance guard struck the tent an attempt was made to hold the canvas down, but this was soon abandoned as the terror of the storm was realized, and the party fled to the shelter of an overhanging bank. They got there just in time to save their lives, as the tent, and all its appurtenances, together with a horse and buggy belonging to Mr. Terrill were blown clear into the lake, in whose depths they still are. Mr. Terrill was blown against a tree which was broken by the force of the wind, and was somewhat bruised and scratched, as indeed were all of the party.

THE COURSE OF THE STORM.

According to the testimony of those who witnessed the storm it first gathered in the vicinity of Snail Lake, several miles to the northwest of Lake Gervais and something like eight miles from St. Paul. It proceeded slowly in its general movement and first began its work of destruction about three miles from the schurmeier and Good cottages by demolishing a barn and several wind-mills. After this it seemed to bound into the air, striking the earth again near the hamlet of Little Canada, where the first serious damage was done. Again it skipped a space of about a mile and again lowered to the earth and resumed its work of destruction, its fury culminating near Lake Gervais, where five deaths were caused. Once again the storm seemed to rebound into the air, only to regain the earth a mile further on, where the ruins of the Gletzke place and the bruised inmates were left to their relentless power. Here its fury seemed to be spent, and as it went eastward assumed simply the nature of a high wind accompanied by a thunder storm. Hail as large as medium-sized olives was one of the features at White Bear.

THE DAMAGE.

Beside the Good and Schurmeier cottages the following persons are known to have their cottages blown to pieces:

Miss Milanston, Mrs. J. P. Milanston and Mr. R. W. Shannon. These were situated a short distance west of Lake Gervais. A Mr. Getzke, living half a mile east of the lake, had his house destroyed. The inmates of these houses were injured, but none fatally. Besides the houses destroyed a number of barns and wind mills were blown down. No estimate can be made yet, however, of the amount of damage done to property. Mrs. Getzke was bruised about the head. At Lake Vadnais a Mrs. Easton and Mrs. Shannon were slightly injured. Mr. Martin McName of St. Paul, who was at this lake, was also hurt and was brought to St. Joseph's Hospital in St. Paul. Above Little Canada the Ozier house was wrecked and the three Ozier children cut and bruised. Other homes were badly destroyed and all sorts of rumors as to the killed and injured are flying around. A party of pleasure-seekers are known to have been out in a boat near Little Canada before the storm, and they are reported to be missing. It was also reported in the excitement of last night that several boats had left the dock near the Schurmeler residence before the storm came up and not one had returned.

MRS. DR. EACHUS' GRAPHIC STORY.

Mrs. Dr. Eachus, nee Good, who was an inmate of the Good cottage which was destoyed at Lake Gervais, tells the following graphic story:

"All our family were in the house waiting upon company. We noticed the storm approaching, and some of the household suggested we get into the celler, as the storm looked as if it was coming right down on the houses of Schurmeier and ours. My husband and I were standing by a window while the others were scattered around the house, and all suggested some place of security. After a few moments the spinning clouds reached to the center of the lake and I saw the water overflow the banks some forty feet. As papa was looking out of the door I saw the trees near the Mullaney cottage crash beneath the whirlwind, and the Mullaney's cottage was swept away and then our barn was thrown broadside against our house. Just at this time my husband threw me bodily down the cellar stairs and I landed in the potato-bin. Then he threw Miss King and Mrs. McPherson jumped after. My husband then tumbled down and called to the others to follow. The building crushed in upon us and then portions of it were buried skyward. Trees were blown by, and a huge ice chest fell into the cellar and pinned us all down. As we lay there in the painful refuge we heard the Schurmeier house, which was about fifteen feet away from our house, crash and scatter timbers in all directions. For fifteen minutes the timbers and furniture of both houses were hurled about the site of the houses. After our release from the cellar we began looking for members of the household. We found them scattered about. Minnie lay in the road, her head cut and her mouth bleeding badly. Carrie, her sister, was pinned under a tree, and I guess the girl is hurt internally. While I was dashing through the mud I ran across the body of George Miller, dead and mangled in the road. His wife was also buried beneath the wreck and hurt quite badly. Mrs. Hastings and her daughter, Stella, were badly bruised and Mrs. Hastings will lose the sight of an eye."

Swept Over West Duluth.

DULUTH, Minn., July 14.—A small cyclone swept over West Duluth yesterday, doing damage to the extent of $20,000. The frame-work of a furniture factory and an incline-railway engine-house were totally destroyed. Lines & Fisher's warehouse, Smith's livery stable and many other buildings were damaged. No one was hurt.

Destruction at Little Canada.

LITTLE CANADA, Minn., July 14.—Twelve houses were blown down by the tornado last evening, three persons killed and eight or more injured. The dead are:
MICHAEL MCAFEE.
GEO. BURT.
HIRAM NEDERSTROM.

A Village Wrecked.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 14.—The village of Madners, six miles north of here was entirely wrecked by last evening's cyclone. Not a building is standing in a sound condition, most of them being blown to pieces. Eleven people were instantly killed.

SURRENDERED TO THE SHERIFF.

Samuel Berger, Wanted for Stealing $300 Worth of Diamonds, Gives Himself Up.

This morning Samuel Berger walked into the office of Sheriff Fohlman at the Four Courts and coolly announced that he wanted to surrender himself to the proper authorities. On last Saturday afternoon a warrant was sworn out before Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes charging Berger with embezzlement. The defendant was for some time employed as a salesman for Philip Frech, a jeweler doing business at 807½ North Sixth street. Frech alleges that he took out of the store diamonds, valued at $300, which he failed to return. Berger penitently confesses that he converted the property to his own use, and insists that he will make no defense when his case is called in court.

LAKE PEPIN HORROR

An Excursion Boat Caught in a Cyclone and Overturned.

The Passengers on Board Hurled Into the Lake.

Over One Hundred and Twenty-five Persons Drowned.

Futile Efforts to Run the Unfortunate Steamer, the Seawing, on Shore—Men in Small Boats Rescue Some of the Excursionists—Full Details of the Calamity—A Partial List of the Victims—Seventy-five Bodies Recovered—Lake City (Minn.) Badly Damaged by the Storm—The Village of Madners Completely Wrecked and Many Lives Lost—Death and Destruction at Lake Gervais—A Long List of Casualties With Great Destruction of Property.

LAKE CITY, Minn., July 14—During a cyclone yesterday the excursion steamer Seawing from Diamond Bluff to the First Regiment, N. G., M. encampment grounds, one mile below Lake City, was capsized on Lake Pepin. The boat was crowded to its limit and towed a barge. There were in all about two hundred men women and children on board. They came from Redwing and Diamond Bluff. The tornado caught the boat when she was on the return trip. At about the height of the storm the Seawing ran upon a bar near Central Park and the barge was cut away. A number of the barge passengers jumped into the lake and swam ashore. Among these were two ladies. The barge drifted out to deep water, but in spite of wind and wave did not capsize. Capt. Weathern tried to run the Seawing on shore, but the waves were so high that the boat was forced out into the lake. Waves washed into the boat and hail nearly as large as hen's eggs fell upon the passengers on the deck.

MANY WERE INJURED.

While the hail was falling a monster wave struck the boat, capsizing her and throwing all her passengers and crew into the lake. Fully 150 persons were thus placed in danger of drowning. Persons on shore who saw the disaster attempted to rescue those who rose to the surface, but were in the main unsuccessful. Some of the passengers caught on to the boat's bottom as she lay in the water after being overturned, but a wave washed them off, and nearly half of this number was drowned. But a very few succeeded in clinging the to boat until help could reach them.

The captain of the Ethel Howard, which was lying at the dock, refused to go out to rescue the helpless people, but boats were secured, and between twenty and thirty were saved.

AMONG THE DROWNED ARE:
PETER GORKEN, wife, five children and servant girl.
FRED SCHERF, wife and daughter.
MRS. WILHEREN and two children.
F. CHRIST.
WM. BLOKER, and three children.
TWO CHILDREN of C. H. Reder.
MRS. HEMPTLING and daughter.
GUS. BECKMARK.
IRA FULTON.
BOZE. ADAMS.
MISS FLINN.
CHARLES DINSLING.
CHARLES HEMPLING.
FRED HEMPLING.
MISS WAY.
CHARLES DINSTAG.
HENRY STEFFINSON.
ANNIE STEIGER.
MINNIE ADAMS.
KATIE DALY.
MISS MIERSON.
MINNIE FISHER.

IN LAKE CITY.

In Lake City the damage to property by the cyclone is great, although no fatalities have been reported. Collins Bros.' saw and planing mill is totally demolished. The roof of the Opera-house, owned by Mr. Hanisch, was carried away, and the stores underneath more or less damaged by the rain and hail. Young & Co.'s dry goods block is badly demolished. Part of the Lyons' block was demolished and goods in the store damaged. The roof of the building in which the telegraph office is located is gone and the lower floors were damaged. Gillett & Beck's starch factory is an almost total wreck. The streets of the city are filled with fallen trees and parts of buildings that had been carried through the air. Up to 3 o'clock this morning fifty-nine bodies had been found and the search for the dead was kept up all night.

THE WRECK.

The wreck of the steamer occurred off this point, and the great dismantled wreck drifted over against the barge. She lay over on the port side and was broken almost into kindling wood, although enough of the frame work remained to hold togetner and work on. At 10:30 the bodies of a woman and child to which ropes had been attached were drawn to the shore. The child was the daughter of John Winters of Red Wing. Fred Seivers, blacksmith, was taken out a few minutes later. That makes a total of sixty-five bodies already found, or probably about half the total number drowned. Corporal B. L. Perry of St. Paul saw the wreck early last night and hastened to the spot to render such assistance as was was possible. Finding a man standing near a boat on the shore, he asked to be taken out into the storm to the overturning boat. But when he refused he threatened to kill him unless his orders were obeyed, and with the help of his unwilling assistant saved the lives of fifteen or sixteen women. Adjt.-Gen. Mullen says the man has earned a commission. From early morning a patrol of row boats was kept up all over the neighborhood of the wreck looking for bodies. Several were found in that way last night and a small boy was found then floating and yelling three miles down the lake from the scene of the disaster. Battery A of St. Paul kept up a cannonading during the day trying to raise bodies, but without success. The little steam tug Wanderer tried unsuccessfully to pull the wreck apart and then the Ethel Howard came up the river and with the valuable assistance of the Luella pulled apart the frame of what had been the top of the steamer. The Luella then pulled the Seawing up

OUT OF THE WATER,

releasing three bodies, one woman and two young men. Alice Palmer of Trenton was one of these, but the two men had not been identified up to 1 o'clock. That makes a total of sixty-eight bodies now found. It was stated this afternoon that to keep the water out of the cabin and to keep the people under shelter, Capt. Weihern had locked the door of the cabin. If this is true it may explain much of the loss of life, although the loss would still have been very heavy. Estimates vary as to the total number of dead. There were over two hundred on the steamer and barge when the steamer started for Red Wing, very few remaining behind on account of the storm, although many protested against the proposal to steam up the lake in the face of such a gale as was blowing. Of the whole number it is known positively that about fifty were saved. More may have escaped, but only this many are known at this time to be safe. That would leave about 150 victims of the disaster, but everyone hopes the number may not go beyond 125. A good number are still in the wreck, and a great many are in the bottom of the lake. Just how many will not be known for some time yet, possibly for several days.

SAVED FROM THE WRECK.

Following is as correct a list as obtainable of those known to have been saved from the wreck:
E. AXELSON.
ARTHUR ANDERSON.
G. A. ANDERSON.
JACOB APPENCELLAR.
AGGIE HARTRAM,
GEORGE BECKMARSH,
OSCAR BERTIN,
MAY CASEY,
W. W. DEKAY,
E. T. DANIELSON,
W. J. ERSENBRAND,
GEO. ERSENBRAND,
AXEL ERK,
F. P. GARTLAND,
GEORGE HAWKINS and son.
Mrs. HILL, daughter and son.
C. D. JACOBI.
R. F. JOHNSON.
WILL KENNY.
JOHN K. WALL.
GEORGE LANDECK.
CHARLES LEIBERG.
EDDIE MARHENON.
E. D. MORRIS.
PETER MOLEN.
CHAS. MILLER.
HENRY NELSON,
JOHN NELSON,
A. M. OLESON,
WILLIAM PLOOS,
HENRY RENDER,
L. ROCK,
N. K. SIMMONS,
C. S. SULTSER,
CHAS. SANDSTROM.
H. FASTRAND.
OTTO SIMON.
ROBERT SHELSTROM.
MR. and MRS. SPARKS and sister-in-law.
CHARLES TRUTTMAN.
SHERMAN WARD.
CAPT. D. WETTON.

Bodies Recovered and Identified.

RED WING, Minn., July 14.—The bodies of those drowned in Lake Pepin last night to the number of fifty-two arrived in this city at about 6 o'clock this morning. The whole town was in mourning. Immediately upon the arrival of the steamer the bodies were carried to the respective homes of the deceased persons. The following is a list of those that were brought to Red Wing this morning:
JOHN HEFELER, wife and two children.
PETER GEVLIN, wife and five children.
MRS. BLAKER and two children.
MRS. HEMPOBLING and three children.
MRS. SCHUELBERG and daughter.
MINNIE FISHER.
MARIE SKOGLAND.
KATIE DALY.
MRS. F. SHERF and daughter.
FRED CHRIST.
ANNIE STEIGER.
FRANCIS STEIGER.
GEORGE NELSON.
JOHN BAHRNS and wife.
CHARLES DINSTAGE.
FRED SEVERS and daughter.
TOM LARSON.
ADDIE WING and sister.
H. REDLUS and two children.
FRED HETTEMEYER.
MAMIE ADAMS.
HENRY STEFFNER.

FRANCE'S BIG FETE.

The National Celebration of the Fall of the Bastile.

A Boulangist Deputy Arrested While Trying to Harangue the Crowds.

Belgium to Sell the Congo to Germany—Reported Defeat of the Mahdi by the Tunisian Holy Man—The English Labor Question—Cardinal Manning's Letter—Denials of the Existence of Cholera at Valencia—Snow and Floods in Austria—African Affairs—Foreign News.

PARIS, July 14.—To-day being at once the anniversary of the Fall of the Bastile and the Centenary of the Federation, the double occasion is being observed with even more than usual enthusiasm. The streets present a festive appearance. Everywhere the buildings, both public and private, are gaily dressed in bunting of brilliant hues and arranged in tasteful and patriotic symbolisms, while high over all floats the tri-color of France. A large number of patriotic societies marched in procession past the flower-bedecked statue of Strassburg in the Place De La Concorde, the standards of the various organizations being dipped as they were carried past the colossal figure. In the Place de la Concorde the Boulangist Deputy, Mery, having attempted to deliver an oration to the paraders and the vast multitude which surrounded them on all sides, he was promptly placed under arrest. One of the most imposing and interesting features of the programme of the day was a great demonstration by the children of the public schools, who paraded the principal streets and defiled before the Hotel de Ville, where they were reviewed by the officers of the municipal government.

A Much Needed Reform.

LONDON, July 14.—In view of the frequent instances of immorality among the clergy of the established church, the Archbishop of Canterbury has issued a series of regulations providing for the removal from their benefices of clergymen convicted of crime. For instance, a clergyman against whom an order has been issued for the support of a child born out of wedlock is by that fact deprived of his religious charge. In addition, the Archbishop provides that complaints of immoral conduct may be addressed to the bishops and other superiors in church authority, and an ecclesiastical investigation is therefore to be held. Some of the clergymen of the Church of England have been as glaringly indifferent to public opinion in matters of morality, as if they were army officers; but public sentiment is becoming more critical as to the conduct of the clergy, and the growing disposition in favor of disestablishment renders it all the more necessary that the pastors supported by a State should be at least as exemplary as the non-conformists, dependent on private and voluntary contributions.

WHAT THE LIBERALS AGREE TO.

The Liberal leaders are represented as being willing to consent to a curtailment of debate on the address from the throne and to permit the passage to its second reading of the land purchase bill with but little discussion, provided the Government will not summon Parliament to reassemble until January. While the Ministry favors the course suggested, it is feared that the Radicals may oppose the programme.

The English Labor Question.

LONDON, July 14.—Cardinal Manning has written a letter to the Paris *Liberte* on the English labor question, his study of which has undoubtedly been as thorough as that of any man in England. The Cardinal condemns the system of female competition with men in the various industries as inimical to the interests of both, as well as subversive of morals. He also advocates the adoption of an eight-hour law, declaring as long as employers are alone responsible for the duration of a working day workmen will be unable to exist befittingly. The communication has created a sensation, as the utterance of a competent and impartial authority on the matter treated of.

CAPTURED BY SYNDICATES.

An English syndicate of capitalists has acquired absolute control of the Swedish and Danish breweries and a Scotch company has captured the herring curing industry of Sweden.

FRENCH CAFES IN LONDON.

A French company has been formed for the purpose of establishing cafes in London and the principal cities throughout the kingdom, to be conducted on the Parisian plan.

THE PEACE CONGRESS.

The Universal Peace Congress was opened here to-day by Mr. David Dudley Field of New York. In his address opening the session Mr. Field spoke of the benefits to be derived from arbitration and from a simultaneous graduated disarmament by the various powers.

MR. GLADSTONE ILL.

Mr. Gladstone is ill. His condition is such that he was unable to attend the meeting of the Procedure Committee of the House of Commons to-day.

African Affairs.

LONDON, July 14.—Commander Cameron, R. N., has written an article which will appear on Wednesday next advocating the construction of a railway from Sierra Leone, Senegambia, on the west coast of Africa, to the Nile. Such a road, he argues, would cost no more money than was required to complete the Central Pacific Railroad, in America, nor would the construction involve any greater difficulty by reason of the physical characteristics of the country. Indeed, the undertaking would be of slight magnitude in comparison with many accomplished and projected engineering enterprises in many parts of the world, while the results of the operation of the road would prove of incalculable value in opening to civilization a vast productive area of Africa at present inaccessible.

CONGO FOR GERMANY.

The acquisition by Belgium of the Congo State is reported to be simply preparatory to the sale of that State to Germany, its sale to Germany direct without the consent of France being impossible of performance by King Leopold.

Admiral Werner's Opinion.

BERLIN, July 14.—Admiral Reinhold Werner declares the recent acquisition of Heligoland by Germany to be of more consequence than the possession of territory in Africa, inasmuch as it renders almost impossible a blockade of the German North Sea and thus makes unnecessary the maintenance of a fleet in those waters.

Cholera Reports Denied.

LONDON, July 14.—The correspondent of the Madrid telegraphs that the report that cholera prevails in the city of Valencia are absolutely false. He says there is not a single case of disease in the city, nor is there a shadow of the panic which has been alleged to exist there.

THE RECENT MINISTERIAL CRISIS.

The *Standard's* correspondent at Madrid reports an interview with Senor Castello, Spanish Prime Minister, in which he said that foreign influence had nothing to do with the recent ministerial crisis in Spain. It was due, he said, to the incapacity of the Liberals. The Prime Minister stated that he was in favor of a moderate protective policy, and a renewal of the treaties of commerce which expire in 1892.

ATTACKING THE CABINET.

A Carlist manifesto against the Spanish Cabinet having appeared, the Papal Nuncio was instructed to censure those who may under the cover of religion, attack the Cabinet.

Snow and Floods.

VIENNA, July 14.—The snow which already covers the Central Alps continues falling, and the Salzkammerung district and the surrounding country presents a dreary and wintry landscape. The rivers having their sources in the Southern Tyrolese Alps have overflowed their banks, and the valley of the Adige from Bozen downwards is flooded. The city of Trent in the Austrian Tyrol, which contains a population of about twenty thousand people, is partially submerged.

The Irish Crops.

DUBLIN, July 14.—The official report of the Irish crops shows the prospect for the potato yield to be very fine. There are, however, some signs of blight in the counties of Limerick, Cork and Kerry. Oats and barley are promising and turnips are doing well. The growth of wheat and corn is somewhat retarded.

O'DONOVAN ROSSA.

The *Freeman's Journal* says that the sentence of outlawry passed upon him by the government expiring during the coming winter, O'Donovan Rossa will visit Cork in January.

The Newfoundland Fisheries.

PARIS, July 14.—The *Siecle* says that the Premier of Newfoundland, Sir William Whiteway, has informed the British Government that Newfoundland will concede the rights of France on the French shore, provided the latter country will abandon the bounty. This, the *Siecle* adds, France will never consent to.

The Mahdi Defeated.

LONDON, July 14.—Intelligence has been received here that an engagement has taken place between the forces led by El Senoussi, the Tunisian holy man, and the Mahdists, and that the followers of the Mahdi were defeated. It is reported that El Senoussi has captured El Obeid, the capital of Kordofan.

A Genuine Case of Leprosy.

QUEBEC, July 14.—It is reported on reliable authority that a genuine case of leprosy has been discovered at English Bay, on the south coast of Anticosti Island. The father of the family died recently of the disease. A report has been made to the Government on the subject.

Fatal Dynamite Explosion.

ROME, July 14.—While a number of men were engaged in the work of boring a tunnel underneath one of the mountains, back of Messina, Sicily, yesterday, a quantity of dynamite used for blasting purposes exploded. Seven of the workingmen were killed outright and several others seriously injured.

A Heartless Murder.

CITY OF MEXICO, Mexico, July 14.—J. Neil Adams, an American, shot and killed Carlos Lague, a waiter at the National Theater Restaurant, yesterday noon. The murder was a most atrocious one. Adams was drunk and became exasperated because Lague would not wait upon him. Adams is under arrest.

The Hague's Danger.

THE HAGUE, July 14.—A memorial has been sent to the city authorities by eighty medical men which sets forth that the neglected condition of the water-works would perhaps, in the event of an epidemic, make the city the center of infection.

Cholera in India.

BOMBAY, July 14.—Forty-four deaths from cholera have occurred among the members of a battalion of Ghoorkas stationed at Dharmsala in the Punjab.

Foreign News in Brief.

VIENNA, July 14.—The Austrian iron masters have decided to prolong their agreement relative to the prices of iron for three years from January 1.

ROME, July 14.—The *Opinione* says that England has assured Italy that she does not intend to abandon her rights in Tunis.

PEKIN, July 14.—The Chinese government, as a consequence of the recent resignation of Admiral Lang, declares that it will never confer upon any foreigner real authority in the navy.

LONDON, July 14.—The Tyndalls depart for Switzerland to-day, to enjoy a holiday of ten weeks' duration.

LONDON, July 14.—Lord Wolseley will, in October, assume command of the troops in Ireland.

BERLIN, July 14.—The official Prussian statistics make a favorable showing for the harvest.

CHATHAM, Ontario, July 14.—The loss by the destruction of the Erie & Huron Railroad shops and round-house is estimated at $25,000, insurance $15,000.

Carondelet Jottings.

Miss May Rilliet has returned from Cairo, Ill.

The Carondelet Guards returned yesterday evening from Mexico, Mo.

On account of the oppressive heat work was temporarily suspended on the Southern Electric Railway this morning.

Thomas Chester was painfully scalded about the head this morning by a domestic accidentally overturning a kettle of water. The boy is seriously hurt. Dr. Zeller dressed the wounds and removed him to the hospital for treatment.

Shortly after 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon as John Gray was backing a mule attached to a cart loaded with cinders on the Levee near the Carondelet Zinc Works the mule and cart went into the river and were lost. The mule and cart was valued at $125.

There will be a special meeting of the Americus Association held to-night to make final arrangements for its first lawn fete, that will be given to-morrow evening at Schrempp's Grove. The managers of the affair have secured special arrangements for running a special train from Carondelet to St. Louis at 12:40, for the purpose of conveying those who attend the fete from the city.

Police Sergeant John Dugre and Officers James J. O'Brien, Thomas Gavin and Anthony Reilly raided a crap den about 9:40 Saturday evening at Lafayette Hall. The players arrested were all negroes. When the officers landed on the players a regular stampede took place. A glass door valued at $100 was smashed to pieces by the negroes who tried to make their escape. In this however they failed and before they were aware of it, were locked up. This morning they appeared before Police Justice Meegan and were each fined $15.

For Sunstroke

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Dr. A. L. ZUERNER, Melrose, Minn., says: "It produced a gratifying and remarkable revealing effect in a case of neuralgia."

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

THE SILVER BILL APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT.

A Republican Senatorial Caucus to Be Held To-Night to Consider the Debate Rule—Acts Approved by the President—The Educational Fund Bill—Proceedings in the Senate and House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—The Speaker and President pro tem Ingalls have both signed the silver bill and it now goes to the President for his action.

Immediately upon its receipt at the White House the President approved the silver bill.

The Senate Debate Rule.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—The Republican senatorial caucus committee, instructed to frame a rule under which debate in the Senate may be limited, held a meeting this morning and agreed upon the form of a rule to be reported to the caucus to-night. An injunction of secrecy has been put upon the members of the committee and the terms of the proposed rule are withheld from general circulation. It is learned, however, that it differs from the text as published in a number of papers to-day and is in effect a modification of the previous question as generally used in parliamentary bodies. It is a rule applicable to any measure under consideration, being made general in its scope with a view, it is understood, of passing an apportionment bill after the promulgation of the tabulation of the census returns of population. This, it is said, can be made before August 15. There is nothing in the proposed rule referring to the counting of a quorum by the presiding officer, in case any of the Senators shall refuse to vote when their names are called. The rule will be reported to the caucus which is to be held to-night at 8 o'clock. Besides the question of adopting the rule the caucus will also have to decide whether the rule shall be reported to the Senate at once for action or held in reserve, to be used only in case it becomes necessary to secure the transaction of business. Some Republican Senators favor the latter course, believing that the Democratic Senators will not, when it comes to a crisis, insist upon unnecessary delay.

The Educational Fund Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—The House Committee on Education has authorized a favorable report on the bill introduced in the Senate by Senator Morrill to establish an educational fund and apply the proceeds of the public lands and the receipts from certain land grant railroad companies to the more complete endowment and support of colleges for the advancement of scientific and industrial education.

The Bank of Louisiana.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—The House Committee on War Claims to-day ordered a favorable report on the House bill for the relief of the creditors of the Bank of Louisiana, which is in bankruptcy. The bill appropriates $12,000 to make the payment.

Approved by the President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—The President this morning approved the Diplomatic and Consular appropriation bill and the Agricultural Department appropriation bill.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—In the Senate this morning Mr. Hoar offered a resolution, which was agreed to, calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for such reports of the commission on the valuation of sugar at the New York custom-house as have already been transmitted. The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill. Mr. Allison made a statement of the status of the various appropriation bills. The agricultural, legislative, executive and judicial, military academy and the army bills had become laws; the consular and diplomatic bill was in the hands of the President; the District of Columbia and the fortification bills were pending in conference; the Indian bill would be reported to-day or to-morrow. The naval, the pension, river and harbor and the sundry civil were still nuacted on by the Senate. The general deficiency bill was still behind. Among the amendments to the sundry civil bill reported and agreed to by the Senate were: Inserting item of $20,000 for the completion of the building and approaches of the post-office and court-house at Baltimore; increasing the item for repairs to the Chicago custom-house from $45,000 to $100,000; inserting item of $30,000 for public building at New London, Conn.

The House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—In the House this morning Mr. Enloe of Tennessee, rising to a correction of the *Record*, stated that on Saturday he had called the attention of the Speaker to the fact that Mr. Dingley, who was speaking on the silver bill, was exceeding his time. He failed to find any mention of it in the *Record*. He did not know whether it was the fault of the reporters or the editor of the *Record*. He did not wish to be put in the attitude of being ignored by the Speaker. After some colloquy on the matter between Enloe and the Speaker, the latter replied that he had no recollection of the circumstances. He presumed the matter had been left out of the report, as such things frequently were. The *Record* was by no means a perfect transcript of the proceedings and had never been. The House then went into Committee of the Whole upon District of Columbia affairs, the bill under consideration being the Aechison Railroad bill.

Have You Made a Purchase Yet?

Assignee's sale of Glover & Finkenaur stock of rare artist proofs, fine frames and artists' materials still going on at their former place of business, 310 North Tenth street. Don't miss it. R. H. KERN, Assignee.

HONORING DEPARTED OFFICERS.

The Merchants' Exchange Pays Tributes to Clinton B. Fisk and George Partridge.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Merchants' Exchange was held this afternoon at 1:15. After the transaction of routine business, a resolution was passed in honor of the late Clinton B. Fisk, The resolutions were as follows:

"The Merchants' Exchange of St. Louis regret to learn of the death of Gen. Clinton B. Fisk, and in token of their remembrance of him as one of its first members and officers, order the Secretary to set apart a page of the records of the association to his memory and their appreciation of him as a citizen, soldier and Christian gentleman.

"We sympathize with his family in their affliction, and the President and Secretary will convey officially to them this, our action."

Mr. Fisk was the first Secretary of the old Union Exchange, the predecessor of the Merchants' Exchange. A committee was also appointed to draft resolutions of respect to the memory of the late George Partridge, who was the Second Vice-President of the Merchants' Exchange.

Poisoned at a Picnic.

IOWA CITY, Io., July 14.—One hundred and fifty men, women and children at a picnic at Solon, a few miles North of Iowa City, were prostrated yesterday with serious symptoms of poisoning. In a few moments the people had fallen from the tables upon the ground, writhing in pain. Physicians were summoned and administered remedies and in a few hours the patients recovered, no case being fatal. The use of water from a well long abandoned is given as the cause of the sickness.

Died on an Excursion.

Charles Stitch, 35 years of age, living on Main street and Clark avenue, took his wife and several friends on the excursion on the Oliver Belrne yesterday. While the boat was waiting to make the return trip Stith went swimming, and while on the way back to St. Louis he complained a great deal of the heat and drank copiously of ice water. He was taken sick and died before the boat reached the landing. Excessive heat and too much ice water are the causes alleged.

This morning Dr. Moore, 1308 Washington avenue, issued a burial certificate. The cause of death was given as a congestive chill. Stith had been in bathing and had also swallowed a quantity of ice water. The body has been taken from the Morgue by the widow for burial.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

A Brisk Market—Stocks Sold and Prices Obtained To-Day.

The mining market was unusually active this morning, and a large amount of stock changed hands, without, however, any marked alteration in prices being made.

* * *

Central Silver was actively dealt in and was slightly higher in price than during the latter part of last week. The market opened at 15 bid, and 800 shares were quickly disposed of. A large amount of stock came out and the market fell to 14½. At that quotation sales were large, aggregating 4,800 shares. At the close 14 was bid for large blocks, with 15 asked. A report was received from the mine announcing the fact that the assays of the ore recently struck show a much better average than had been expected. The directors anticipate being able to pay off a large number of the outstanding notes within ten days or two weeks.

* * *

American & Nettie was stronger and in good demand. The first sale made was one of 200 shares at $1.92½, and this figure was bid for more. Holders were firm and no further trades were made until $1.95 had been offered, when 350 shares were transferred.

* * *

Trading in La Union was remarkably active. The market opened at 11, and 500 shares changed hands. Bidding then fell to 10½, and the sales at this figure amounted to 6,500 shares. At the close the price rose to 11 and 500 shares were transferred.

* * *

On the curb Elizabeth manifested a very decided increase in strength, rising to $2.12½, at which figure 200 shares were disposed of. The market closed at $2.10 bid, $2.15 asked.

* * *

Richmond Hill was weak, 500 shares selling at 10, and more could have been obtained at that price.

* * *

News was received from the Iron Mountain that a dividend of 5 cents a share had been declared. The stock was offered at 92½.

* * *

The demand for Samoa continued, and 3,000 shares were sold at 2½, the market closing at 2 bid, 2½ asked.

* * *

Adams was somewhat stronger, and 100 shares changed hands at $1.05.

* * *

The following quotations were made on call to-day:

	BID.	ASK.		BID.	ASK.
Adams	1 00	.....	Mex. Imp	.....	.....
American	1 92½	1 95	Montrose.	87½	43⅝
Aztec	.....	.....	Mt. Rey	.....	.....
Bi-Metal	30 00	.....	Mt. Lion	.....	.....
Buckskin	6	10	M. Green	1 25	.....
Central	14½	15	Nellie	.....	.....
Cleveland	3½	5	Old Coiny	.....	.....
Clv. & Ahn	15	17½	Old Jesuit	.....	.....
Cœur d'A	.....	6	P. Murphy	12½	13½
Gold King	.....	6	R. Hill	.....	.....
Gold King	2	5	Richmond	.....	.....
Granite M	46 00	.....	Hopes.	.....	.....
Hope	1 95	2 25	Silver Age	1 00	.....
J. X. L	1½	2	So. Queen	.....	.....
Ingram	.....	60	Tourie'le	.....	.....
Ivanhoe	8	10	W. Granit	1 02½	1 07½
La Union	10½	11	W. Patch	16¼	18¾
Little Alb	31⅜	40	W. World	.....	.....
Maj. Budd	6½	.....	Yuma	42½	48⅜

The market was active and sales were large in amount.

CORRECTING THE CENSUS.

Every Prospect of a Recount Being Ordered This Fall.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—City Counsellor Leverett Bell of St. Louis reached the Capital early this morning and, in company with Mr. Case of the Commercial Exchange, called upon Secretary Noble and had a long talk regarding the unreliable census work done in the city of St. Louis. The ground was fully gone over and resulted in the Secretary addressing a letter to Superintendent of the Census Porter, in which he was asked that every facility might be extended Messrs. Bell and Case to secure what was right and proper under the census act. Mr. Porter, who has been out of the city, will return at 2 o'clock, and at that hour the gentlemen from St. Louis will present their letter from Secretary Noble. Mr. Bell states that the emigration of people from the city on account of the hot weather would make it impossible to secure anything like a correct census by a recount, but the recent additional enumeration made by the police could be added to figures already given by the government and thereby secure to the city what she was entitled to. It would not, of course, affect the city's standing among other cities. That the police census may be allowed and counted, will be the request of the gentlemen when they meet Mr. Porter. As he has the right under the law to so remedy the defect, it is thought it will be accomplished.

Secretary Noble agrees that if a recount is ordered it would not be fair to hold it during the continuance of the warm weather.

COUNTRY trade supplied with the choicest melons at the lowest prices. J. W. Peters & Co.

TURNVEREIN CONVENTION.

Important Meeting in North St. Louis—The National Officers.

The St. Louis District of the Turnverein held a convention yesterday at the North St. Louis Turner Hall, Twentieth and Salisbury streets, with an attendance of 100 delegates from St. Louis and surrounding towns. Among the turnvereins represented were the North St. Louis, South St. Louis, Socialer, Concordia, West St. Louis and Carondelet. There was one delegate each from Quincy, Ill.; Alton, Ill.; Highland, Ill.; Centralia, Ill.; Washington, Mo.; Hermann, Mo., and Mascoutah, Ill. These represented 8,000 active turners, of whom 5,000 are in the city. At the National Bunderschor Convention held in New York City two weeks ago, it was voted that the St. Louis district should elect the national committee, and the committee in turn elect the national officers. The convention was held for the purpose of electing the committee.

The following were chosen to compose the committee: John R. Bollinger, Hugo Muench, H. W. Ocker, Henry Braun, Richard Berthold, Richard Boeswetter, Albert Haesler, Leo Rasleur, C. E. Zecode, John Bongereichten, Alf Heifensteler and Max Hemfel.

The elected committee will call a meeting in a few days to elect a national board of officers, thus giving St. Louis absolute control of the Turnverein throughout the United States. The St. Louis Germans have always been progressive and hard working in the interests of advancing gymnastic exercises, and for that reason the local district now has been honored with the privilege of electing the national officers and controlling the national interests. The Turnverein has grown rapidly the past few years and now has an active membership of 100,000. At the close of the convention yesterday at noon Mr. Edward Haas, manager of the North St. Louis Turner Hall, spread a most excellent banquet for the delegates.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

J. H. Allen, Memphis; S. F. Neely, Leavenworth; J. H. Robinson, Vincennes; F. W. Horne, Chicago, and W. V. Kelly, Philadelphia, are at the Southern.

J. H. Kyle, Harrisonville, Mo.; J. A. Jones, Texas; Chas. P. Noble, Chicago, and J. West Goodwin, Sedalia, are at the Laclede.

J. R. Wheeler, Chicago; A. M. Dukes, Peru, Ind.; J. A. Jones, Chicago; E. W. Wilson, New York, and W. A. Willing, Milwaukee, are at the Lindell.

E. C. Scott, Payson, Ill.; R. A. Blackwell, Ripley, Tenn.; A. A. Owen, Bunker Hill, Ill., and L. G. Herndon, Louisville, Ky., are at the St. James.

FURE 18-KT. GOLD WEDDING RINGS.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
COR. BROADWAY & LOCUST ST.

Warrant Against a Depraved Woman.

Pauline Lang was fined $50 and costs in the First District Police Court this morning for harboring a female under age. On last Monday Officers Schoppe and Corcoran of the Central District found a 15-year-old girl named Minnie Embree in the woman's place. The girl had left her home on Moore street a few days before.

Barr's Hot Weather Chats.

People are *so* inquisitive—they always want to know what's going on—that's the reason there was such a jam at our house furnishing sale to-day, they wanted to know if we really *were* selling off eight-fifty parlor chairs for $4.45; elegant real French China tea sets, worth ten to fifteen, for $7.50; seven-fifty baby buggies for five dollars, and the like, and they found it was true, and now we suppose they'll share the good news with everybody they know and we'll have another such crowd to-morrow.

You know Goethe says, that man who does not share his joys and sorrows with others has not learned how to live. Now, we've got a bargain that we want to share with all the world, and it's a special 8½-cent sale of ginghams, challies and 36-inch batistes. Then there's a lot of dollar corsets going at 35 cents, and a few worth one and one-fifty going for 50 cents.

You see this clearance sale of Barr's is the sort of sale that makes you forget all about the weather. We're selling children's stylish shirred mull two dollar hats for $1.65, and all the balance of stock in boys' Acme shirt waists for 53 cents. Only a few sizes missing.

Here a very great Barr special. Genuine Shanghai China silk, 27 inches wide, regular price $1.25 and $1.50. What's left of them go for 75 cents a yard.

No matter what you want in dry goods, come get it cheap at the great clearance sale of the Wm. Barr D. G. Co., St. Louis.

MADE A CLEAN SWEEP.

THE POLICE SWOOP DOWN ON A MEETING OF POLICY VENDERS.

Not a Man Escapes—Thirteen of Bobby Kerr's Employes Taken to the Third District Station—One of the Biggest Police Raids Ever Made Here—Trouble Between Kerr and His Venders.

One of the biggest and cleanest swoops that have ever been made in a lottery or policy scheme here took place last Saturday. The raid was made by the police of the Third District, but has been kept remarkably quiet. When Chief Harrigan took hold of the reins and began his war on gambling he soon had every faro house in the city closed tight, and the poker rooms also began to rapidly become a thing of the past. Lottery and policy were running here, and the Chief turned his attention to them. It was not long before he had Griffith's scheme wiped out of existence, but Bobby Kerr although somewhat crippled still continued to run his policy business. The fact that he had a monopoly increased trade, and while he was working under difficulties, nevertheless, like Mr. O'Reilly of hotel fame, he was "doing quite well."

A VENDER GAVE HIM AWAY.

But Kerr in an unfortunate moment incurred the enmity of Tom Grady, one of his venders. He did it in this way: Grady and several others, who had been arrested for selling policy tickets, were arraigned in court and fined. Kerr paid the fines of all except that of Grady and the latter had to pay his own. Grady never forgave him this and determined to get even. He went on selling tickets for Kerr, but had soon placed himself in communication with the police and was scheming with them for the entrapment of the whole policy outfit. Kerr himself never shows up at the lottery drawings, but has others employed to run the business for him. Tony Sellner is his chief manager and receives and pays out all moneys. William Doth, Kerr's brother-in-law, is also one of the controlling spirits in the scheme, and so is Henry S. Sproule. George Hotchkiss is what is known as the perambulator of the scheme. That is, he visits the venders and goes about town to see what is needed and that everything progresses all right. To prevent the police from learning where the venders meet to turn over their cash and receive the drawings and winnings, it has been the custom to change the place of meeting. Once it would be on Fourteenth and Washington avenue, then at Twenty-first and Franklin avenue, again at Twelfth and Washington avenue, sometimes at Twenty-eighth street and Easton avenue and others at Twenty-second street and Cass avenue, and so on. Capt. Joyce of the Third District has been on the lookout for them, and when he received information that the meeting of venders was to be held in his district he assigned a special Officers Barthold, Allender and Burke to watch for it and raid the meeting when held. They got a tip from Grady where the men would meet Friday night, but the lottery men learned of the fact and evaded the officers. Then the men learned that the venders would hold their noon meeting on Saturday at George Gerber's saloon, No. 413 Morgan street. This is the place which was formerly kept by Pat Montague, and where unfortunate Gus Brancher met his death. These drawings are held twice a day. Thirteen numbers are drawn out of seventy-eight and the numbers which come out as the noon drawing are withdrawn, new sheets made up for the afternoon, the tickets then sold being for the drawing held at night.

THE RAID.

The three special officers hid themselves in the neighborhood of the saloon at 413 Morgan street shortly before noon Saturday and at 12:30 o'clock, when they thought all the venders had assembled, they swooped down upon the place. Of course the officers were in citizens' clothes, and before the policy men realized what had occurred, they were in their midst and had the whole gathering corralled. Sellner had already collected from the men the money for the tickets sold by them, and he had compared their sheets with the drawings and paid the venders the amount won by the tickets sold by them. William Doth had also distributed to them the drawings for the day. These drawings not only have numbers but the name of a horse after each number, it being an alleged race horse scheme, the races being supposed to be run in East St. Louis. Of course there are always seventy-eight starters, and thirteen of these finish first. Only two races a day are run, but it is very dark when the second takes place, and it must frequently puzzle the judges to distinguish which horses won.

When Doth discovered the presence of the officers in the saloon he ran out a rear door and threw a bundle of soft paper over the fence into the next yard. Officer Barthold followed him and witnessed the act. The officer went into the adjoining yard and got the papers, which proved to be the drawings for the day and then he returned to the saloon and arrested Doth. The three officers bagged thirteen men. They got Tony Sellner, the manager of the scheme; Wm. Doth, assistant manager; George Hotchkiss, the "perambulator" for it; George Stern, who is a vender at No. 1415 Morgan street; the veteran Aaron Block, who is a vender at Eighth and Morgan streets, Louis Sauerman of Sixteenth and Morgan streets, and also Henry Kerr, Harry S. Allen, Charles Davon, John Rucher, Wm. Broderick, Fred Anderson and William Porter, all venders. The two last named are colored. Copies of the drawings were found on all of them and many also had money which they had just been paid. There were forty-seven Louisiana Lottery tickets found on Sellner, who also deals in them. The men were all taken to the Third District Station and there it was found that Aaron Block had his copy of the drawings hid in his underwear. Sellner also had $170 in money on him. Kerr was not captured because he does not attend the meetings. Not a man who was in the room escaped. Officer Moran arrived during the raid and assisted to take the men to the station. This afternoon the police will apply for warrants against the whole outfit. It was the cleanest raid of lottery or policy ever made here, and will be a severe blow to Kerr's scheme. The authorities, however, have a vast pile of evidence in their possession and are apt to make things lively. The business of the concern was confined largely to poor, ignorant negroes who would play 5 cents or 10 cents on a drawing. Policy is a game which possesses an irresistible charm for the speculative portion of the colored race.

THE VENDERS STRIKE.

Kerr is also having trouble with his venders. They formerly received 25 cents on the dollar on all tickets sold by them. This commission has been cut to 20 cents on the dollar, and the venders held a meeting at which they decided not to handle the tickets unless their commission was restored to its former figure. They charge that Kerr is taking advantage of his monopoly in the business to cut down their commissions and say that he is endeavoring to make good in that way his losses during the June race meeting here when a book he was backing came out between $2,000 and $3,000 behind.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

An Alleged Detective in Trouble—Death From Overheat—Belleville News.

A young man who claims to be E. M. Scott, and who has represented himself to be a Pinkerton detective, was arrested by the police last night and will be prosecuted for forgery. It is charged that he put up at various boarding-houses and gave orders for payment of his bills signing to them the name of Chief of Police Walsh. He last stopped at the boarding-house on the island of Mrs. Kate Richardson, sister of Chief Walsh, who gave information to the police and caused his arrest.

This morning as John Bisso and his wife were driving up a hill near the Tudor Iron Works they were thrown backward out of their buggy by the overturning of a seat and sustained a heavy fall. Mr. Bisso escaped with bruises, but his wife was severely injured, her breastbone being fractured by the fall. She was removed to her home and received the attention of physicians. She is not fatally hurt.

Mrs. Rosa Cloesser of Venice died yesterday at St. Mary's Hospital. Her death was the result of injuries sustained on the 6th inst., when she was struck by a locomotive while walking along the T., St. L. & K. C. Railroad track. She was 58 years old, and leaves a husband and three children.

William Walsh, a brakeman, who was confined at the police station in default of payment of a fine, was suddenly taken sick Saturday night and died at 8 o'clock yesterday morning. During the night he was attended by physicians, so no inquest was held. The heart was the prime cause of his death.

Miss Jennie Stemmer, a young lady of Birkner, had $5 stolen from her yesterday at the Relay Depot. She suspected a colored woman named Reed of taking the money, and the latter voluntarily allowed herself to be searched, but the cash could not be found.

Mrs. Lulu O'Connell commenced suit in the Circuit Court to-day for a divorce from her husband, John O'Connell. The husband is a convict and is now serving a three-year term in the Chester Penitentiary for burglary.

Two carloads of cypress blocks, to be used in paving the viaduct, arrived in East St. Louis by rail this morning.

J. B. Steinert and Fred W. Krafft leave this evening for St. Paul on a pleasure trip.

The Catholic Knights of Illinois met yesterday and initiated two new members.

Father Harkins of St. Mary's Church is ill, but is expected to recover.

Belleville.

The Board of Supervisors are in session today at the Court-house. Routine business was transacted this morning. Several important matters are expected to come up for consideration this afternoon, among them being a proposition to condemn two or more toll roads.

A plat of Dexter's second addition to East St. Louis was filed to-day in the office of Recorder Lill. The addition embraces lots 11, 12 and 57 of the Cahokia Common Fields and contains more than two hundred building lots.

County Clerk Rhein issued a marriage license this morning to George Riess and Barbara Brendel of Mascoutah.

Mayor Rainey has appointed John Lauf City Scavenger, in place of Frank Roth, who declined the appointment.

Great Racing.

Fifty-four horses are entered for the six races to-morrow afternoon at the Fair Grounds.

CHLOROFORMED THE CLERKS.

Bold Robbery of the North Pacific Express in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 14.—The following is published here this morning: The general offices of the Northern Pacific Express Co., at 81 Dearborn street, were entered by masked robbers at 11 o'clock Saturday night. After covering two clerks, who were in charge, with revolvers, the robbers secured between $8,000 and $10,000 and made good their escape. The officials of the express company, including S. B. Cooper, the manager, said they knew nothing whatever of the robbery. They also refuse to give the names of the clerks who were in the office at the time and refuse to say whether or not arrests have been made. The facts of the robbery came into the hands of the Pinkerton Agency about midnight Saturday, through a Pinkerton patrolman, who was called into the express office shortly after 11 o'clock by one of the clerks. The young man was in a dazed condition and told the watchman that three men with covered faces had entered the office, presented revolvers and pressed chloroformed handkerchiefs over the faces of himself and partner, who was apparently still under the influence of the drug. The watchman, disregarding the wishes of the clerk, went for a physician. His examination of the saturated handkerchiefs failed to reveal any trace of chloroform, and a subsequent examination of them led to the same result, but in the face of persistent efforts in all quarters to suppress the facts, much mystery surrounds the affair.

The officials of the company this morning admit that the robbery took place, but say that the robbers secured less than $100. It is admitted that chloroform was used on the clerks.

The Matinees.

Although there will be six races to-morrow afternoon at the Fair Grounds, the first will not be started until 3 o'clock, so as to let the eleventh hour busy men have a chance of seeing the racing from start to finish. All parts of the grounds are open, with seat in grand stand, for 50 cents. Ladies with escort free.

HE GOT THREE YEARS.

Wm. Conners Pleads Guilty to Shooting John T. Brady With Intent to Kill.

William Conners pleaded guilty to the charge of assault to kill when arraigned in the Criminal Court this morning. Judge Normile sentenced him to serve three years in the penitentiary. Conners on February 10 last walked into the saloon kept by John T. Brady on Pine street near Thirteenth and deliberately fired a shot at the proprietor. It is for this offense that he will be sent to the penitentiary. A second indictment against Conners was continued generally. This was an action for grand larceny, the defendant being charged with entering the residence of his brother-in-law, William Boyd, 2723 Howard street, on June 6, and stealing a watch and chain of the value of $60.

New Warrants.

New criminal warrants issued at the Four Courts this morning charge Moritz Ball with assault to kill in shooting Gustave Carlson; Henry Thomas, assault to kill upon Frank Shepard; Thomas Trewitt, assault and battery on Florence Renaker; August Manne, violating the Sunday liquor law, Maggie Kiely, petit larceny in stealing a gold watch from Roscoe Lohman.

A CHEEKY PROCEEDING.

THE BROADWAY RAILWAY CO.'S ATTEMPT TO SEIZE FRENCH MARKET.

An Injunction Obtained to Prevent the Cable-Builders From Wrecking a Portion of the Market Property—The St. Louis Improved Street Sprinkling Co.'s Assignment Matters in Court.

The cable builders now at work on the Broadway road undertook to tear down a portion of the French Market on Broadway, south of Chouteau avenue, this morning, but were soon stopped by an injunction sued out in the Circuit Court by J. R. Peters, a fish merchant, who does business in the market. Though situated in the middle of a public thoroughfare, French Market is now the property of the city, being owned and managed by a corporation controlled largely by Maj. C. E. Pearce and Mr. Peters. The Broadway line has been desirous for some time of running the new cable road over the ground it occupies, but it appears has never attempted to purchase the property from its holders.

A HIGH-HANDED PROCEEDING.

This morning between 8 and 9 o'clock Mr. Peters was amazed to see a force of workmen start in to tear up the sidewalk on the south end of the market where his ice boxes and packing cases are stored. He asked the men what they meant, and they coolly told him they had been ordered by the superintendent to tear that end of the market down. He told them that portion was his own property,

LODGE NOTICES.

COSMOS LODGE 196, I. O. O. F.—Officers and members are requested to attend a special meeting Tuesday, July 15, at 12:30 noon, to pay the last tribute of respect to our deceased brother, Past V. G., G. L. Bomb.
By order of RALPH FREIDGE, N. G.
M. FAHEY, Permanent Secretary. 33

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Clerks and Salesman.

WANTED—Texas traveling salesman wishes to represent a wholesale house. Address Williams, care Koger, Junius st., Dallas. 37

WANTED—A position on the road as collector or salesman, or most anything for reasonable wages. Address A 50, this office. 37

WANTED—An experienced salesman, one who can command a trade in southeast Missouri, wishes an engagement with some good wholesale grocery. Add. T 49, this office. 37

Coachmen.

WANTED—An experienced coachman with good references. Address F 53, this office. 30

Boys.

WANTED—Situation to learn carriage blacksmithing trade by boy; can give good reference. 2242 Oregon av. 43

WANTED—Boy, age 17, wishes situation in some wholesale house or office; can give reference. Address K 54, this office. 42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Position as collector; long experience and first-class ref. Ad. L 51, this office. 43

WANTED—A situation of trust; can give No. 1 ref. and $10,000 bond. Add. B 52, this office.

WANTED—Situation by a strong young man to drive a delivery, or as a porter; year experience. Address G 52, this office. 43

WANTED—A situation by a young man as collector; good references and security furnished. H. W., 1002 N. High st. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—An honest young man with some experience in retail dry goods business; must come well recommended. Apply at 1329 Market st.

MERCHANT Tailor-made Suits, uncalled for, at cut prices. 19 N. 6th st. 54

BARNES'

Shorthand and Business College, Laclede Fire-proof Building, 406 Olive st. Telephones 411 and 1396.

HAYWARD'S

Business and Shorthand College, 618 and 620 Olive st. Open all summer; all branches taught. 54

The Trades.

WANTED—No. 1 molders at McMurray-Judge Architectural Iron Co.

WANTED—No. 1 pattern-makers at McMurray Judge Architectural Iron Co.

WANTED—A first-class butcher; good, steady job; rubber mats. 2176 Easton av. 66

WANTED—One lift-cutter at Brown-Desnoyers Shoe Co., 8th and Walnut sts. 58

WANTED—A first-class machinist for tool room. F. J. Swaine, 207 Chestnut st. 58

WANTED—6 bricklayers; first-class. Corner Washington and Newstead av. 58

WANTED—Bench molders at Medart Foundry. Apply at foundry, Main and Biddle sts. 58

WANTED—Press feeders. Merry & Nicholson, northeast corner Main and Locust sts. 58

WANTED—Experienced press-feeders; small presses; power. Said Printing Co., 212 N. 3d st.

WANTED—Four or 5 tight barrel coopers at the St. Louis Co-operative Cooperage Co., 178 Carroll st. 58

WANTED—A young man for sandpaper and burnishing machine, also heel builder. The Milius Boot & Shoe Mfg. Co.

WANTED—A competent hardware sample clerk to take charge of a wholesale hardware sample room; reference required. Address G 54, this office.

WANTED—Few good bench moulders; regular work; pay once a week; climate cool and healthy. Add "B," care letter carrier No. 31, Buffalo, N. Y. 58

Waiters.

WANTED—Waiters, male or female, at Sutley's restaurant, 3421 Olive st. 57

Laborers.

WANTED—Four teamsters, 3501 Shenandoah st. 59

WANTED—Fifty men with hatchets on 2d and Clark av. P. D. Sage. 59

WANTED—Five good teamsters. Six-Mile House, Olive st., Berglar & Bro. 59

WANTED—Sewer diggers and laborers. Inquire at sewer on Park av., bet. Ohio and California av. 59

WANTED—[illegible] haul brick. Apply at Gravois road and [illegible]ppawa st., Hydraulic Press Brick Co. 59

WANTED—Teams to haul brick. Apply at King's highway and Frisco Railroad, Hydraulic Press Brick Co. 59

WANTED—Teams to work in dry clay excavators at $4.50 per day. Apply to Hydraulic Press Brick Co., at Gravois road and Chippewa st.; also at King's highway and Pacific Railroad. 59

Boys.

WANTED—A stripper boy; one with experience preferred. N. e. cor. 20th and Franklin av. 61

WANTED—Steady boy to feed small press (electric power), Somerville, 111 N. Broadway. 61

WANTED—Boys to deliver cards. Call at the St. Louis Dental Rooms, 618 Olive st., Tuesday morning. 61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Two teamsters at 2948 Market st. 62

WANTED—A good meat cutter at once. 810 S. 18th st. 62

WANTED—A trotting horse rubber, by Gilbirds, 5441 Page av. 62

WANTED—A first-class houseman at Hotel Beers, Grand and Olive. 62

WANTED—A good buggy washer and hostler. At stable, 8th and Lucas av. 62

WANTED—An old man to do light chores and tend office, good home to the right person. Address R 53, this office. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Good seamstress will go out by the day but prefers taking it home. 3310 Easton av. 46

WANTED—Situation by a young lady to take in sewing or go out by the day. 2526 A Hebert st.

WANTED—Few more engagements in families by dressmaker; good cutter and draper. 2027 Wash st. 46

General Housework.

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Nurses.

WANTED—Situation as sick nurse by a lady of experience. Apply at 1236 Clark av. 50

WANTED—An experienced girl of 15 or 16 years for nursing and housework. 2631 Chestnut st.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation as dishwasher in restaurant; good wages. Address S20 Market st. 52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Laundresses.

WANTED—Good starcher, 1315 Pine st. Queen City Laundry. 67

Cooks, etc.

WANTED—Cook; good one. 2827 Dickson st. 68

WANTED—A competent cook, washer and ironer. Apply 3026 Pine st. 68

WANTED—A good girl to cook, wash and iron. Call at once. 2730 Lucas av. 68

WANTED—A girl to cook and do kitchen work, wages, $5 per week. 1104 Morrison av. 68

Nurses.

WANTED—Nurse girl 14 or 15 years old at 1127 St. Louis av. 70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A girl in family of four. 1023 Hickory st.

WANTED—A smart young German girl in restaurant. 1303½ Chestnut st. 71

WANTED—Two chambermaids at the Hotel Belmont, 10 and 12 N. 4th st. 71

WANTED—A chambermaid; must wait on table. Hotel Noble, 409 N. Broadway. 71

WANTED—2 girls to sock line shoes at Brown-Desnoyers Shoe Co., 8th and Walnut sts. 71

WANTED—Girls to work in bindery; experienced hands. C. B. Woodward & Co., 911 S. 8th. 71

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

WANTED—A house girl. Apply at 3131 Lucas av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 1725 N. Grand av. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 2919 Easton av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 1509 Hickory st. 66

WANTED—A young girl for general housework at 3452 Pine st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; 3 in family. 1924 N. Grand av. 66

WANTED—A young girl for light housework. Apply at 1102 Hickory st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; small family. 2010 Rutger st. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework. 2023 S. Jefferson av. 66

WANTED—Girl to do general housework in small family. Apply at 3607 Page av. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework; family of two. 2129 Pine st. 66

WANTED—Good white girl to do general housework; no washing. 2808 Washington av. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in small family. Inquire at 823 Chambers st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family; German preferred. 3310 Laclede av.

WANTED—A good colored woman to do general housework; one that goes home at night. At 2026 Pine st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in small family; German preferred. Apply 2924 St. Vincent's av. 66

WANTED—Girl to do general housework in a family of 4 adults, with man to assist; good wages. 3110 Kads av., Compton Hill. 66

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—A first-class dressmaker at 302 S. 24 st. 69

WANTED—Two good dressmakers. Apply immediately at 1421 Chestnut st. 69

WANTED—First-class waist and skirt-makers; best wages. Apply immediately 2214½ Olive st.

WANTED—Operators on Wheeler & Wilson and Singer sewing machines. St. Louis Corset Co., 21st and Morgan sts. 69

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Salesmen at $75 month salary and expenses to sell line of silver-plated ware, watches, etc.; by sample only; horse and team free. Write at once for full particulars and sample-case of goods free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass. 73

WANTED—PARTNERS.

PARTNER wanted—$50 and service required in paying business, already established. Address M 54, this office. 23

INFORMATION WANTED.

ANYONE knowing the address of my son, James R. V. Jefferson, will confer a great favor by notifying me at 2304 Sheridan av. Memphis and New Orleans papers please copy. Mary C. Jefferson.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE.

WANTED—To purchase house through building association; house will cost $1,700. Address P 54, this office. 22

WANTED—A 6 or 7-room house, with modern improvements, in the vicinity of Lafayette Park or near People's Cable; price not to exceed $4,000. Address L 50, this office. 22

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—Few shares of building association stock that runs 2 years and not borrowed on. Address R 54, this office. 26

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Young lady wishes board in strictly private family, where there are no other boarders; West End preferred; refs. Ad. O 54, this office.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Neatly furnished room and board for gent and wife, terms not to exceed $8 per week. Address H 54, this office.

WANTED—By couple, with private family, unfurnished room with board; location, Easton av., west of Grand. Address 1306 Webster av. 20

WANTED—An elegant furnished room for lady and gentleman; board for lady in private family; way out in the West End. Ad. R 53, this office. 20

WANTED—Board and lodging by lady and daughter in a strictly private family; prefer locality between Garrison and Grand and Chestnut and Easton av.; state terms and location. Address L 54, this office. 20

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—One unfurnished room with kitchen; state price and location. Address D 53, this office. 21

WANTED—To rent in suburbs, a good 7 to 9 room house with stable and grounds. Address W this office. 21

WANTED—2 or 3 rooms or flat, fur. complete for light housekeeping, by gent, wife and 2 children. Add. J 52, this office. 21

WANTED—By gentleman, neatly furnished room and board near Lafayette Park and 4th st. cable. Address, giving price, L 52, this office. 21

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Warehouse receipt No. 13,421, issued by St. Louis United Elevator Co. for 910 bushels No. 3 oats. All good persons are warned not to negotiate the same. Gratiot st. W. H. Co. 30

LOST—A leather pocketbook this morning on Broadway, between Famous and Olive st., containing between $26 and $30; also receipts and bills with my name and address. A suitable reward will be paid if returned to 1220 Second Carondelet av. 30

FOUND—A wallet containing notes, certificates and considerable cash; owner must describe and pay for advertising. F. W. Folk, architect. Commercial building. 30

$25 REWARD—If law papers and books in bag taken from Southern Hotel on Friday are returned to me by messenger, mail or otherwise; I will pay messenger or send to any address $25; guarantee no questions asked. H. C. Lewis, manager Southern Hotel. 30

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Good paper route. Inquire at 4605 S. Broadway. 4

FOR SALE—Cheap; first-class saloon. Call at 1517 N. 14th st., J. L. Linstrom. 4

FOR SALE—Central corner saloon, living rooms; will sell cheap if sold at once. No. 1001 S. 7th st. 4

FOR SALE—Clean—Confectionery, cigar, toy and notion store; good place; a bargain. 1747 N. 9th st. 4

FOR SALE—Cheap—One half interest in a good-paying livery and boarding stable, centrally located; 15 boarders, 12 head livery stock, carriages, surreys, buggies, park wagon, harness, etc.; a bargain for some one; must sell; leaving city. Address Z 54, this office. 4

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

WANTED—A fine iron gray horse for family driving, at 2618 Cass av. M. Strack. 11

For Sale.

FOR SALE—One fine black family horse at 821 Wash st. 12

FOR SALE—Horse, harness and park wagon; cheap if sold at once. 1423 S. 12th st. 12

FOR SALE—A handsome and safe family horse, harness and Jenny Lind buggy in No. 1 order. Appiy room 9, n. w. corner Broadway and Market st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For vehicles, 200 new and second-hand cut under and jump seat surreys, storm buggies, phaetons, carts, park wagons, buggies, laundry, grocery, bakery, butcher, milk wagons, trucks. 1110 N. Broadway. 12

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Birds, parrots or monkeys, cheap, at 17 S. 6th st.; correspondence solicited. 5

FOR SALE—A well-trained goat and nearly new harness. Call at Willie Fritzler, 1636 Ohio av. 5

FOR SALE—Cheap, a latest improved 5-burner gasoline stove, nearly new. 3537 Bernard st., rear. 5

FOR SALE.

At a great bargain—Two elegant diamonds, were a pair of earrings, now in a stud ring. Weight of the two stones, about 8 karats. Will sell for 50 per cent less than market value. Inquire of L. BURGER, Superintendent of Frank Bros., Broadway and Washington av.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Substantial brick building, 50 rooms, with ample grounds, at Kirkwood, 13 miles from St. Louis Union Depot, 20 trains, choice location, nice order, suitable for hotel, sanitarium, asylum or public institution. Apply to WM. C. WILSON & CO., 619 Chestnut st.

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements in this column not of a business nature, of two lines and over, FIFTEEN cents per line.

PERSONAL—Clare: Will send letter to-morrow with block of wood as formerly; tumble? E. O. M.

PERSONAL—Jim: I waited all last week thinking you would write. What is the matter? Harry.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

DR. LYONS' magnetic healing institute, with baths and massage treatment; all manner of diseases successfully treated, with male and female attendants. Sea salt and alcohol rubbings. 1528 Olive st.

MRS. H. KINZLE, 828 Gratiot st., midwife; takes ladies in home during confinement. 74

MME. LEOHN tells fortunes by burning fluid; satisfaction guaranteed. 1525 Morgan st. 74

MRS. DR. ARTHUR, ladies' physician; midwife; boards dur. con.; terms reas.; stric. conf. 2603 Wash st. 74

MRS. DOCTRESS DOSSEN, ladies' physician. All communications strictly confidential. Ladies in trouble call at 1332 Choteau av., St. Louis, Mo. 74

MRS. A. COLE, 1124 Pine st., gives the finest and most refreshing electric and magnetic baths and massage in the city. Male and female attendants. 74

MRS. A. BURGER, M. D., receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable terms. Ladies in trouble call at 2300 S. 12th st. Take yellow cars at Union Depot going south.

PARTIES declining housekeeping realize highest cash prices for their carpets, furniture and effects in large or small lots, by sending to R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., Auctioneers 1104-6 Olive.

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1. H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 813 Locust st. 74

1,000 FINE walnut 8-day strike and alarm clocks, $1.50 to $3; fine Ansonia mantel clocks, $5 to $13, at Dunn's Loan Office. 74

MME. ANNA, the fortune teller of the West. 326 Market st., near 4th. Established 1851. 74

FREE TO ALL.

A 40-page book of references furnished to those wishing to know more about the justly-celebrated New Orleans Magic Lucky Belts that are now sold on time payments. Orders filled from all parts of the country. Advice given in English and German, orally and by letter. Those in trouble of any kind, business or family trouble, should call or write at once. Office in same building of Dr. R. Jaynes, manufacturer of family medicine. No. 1400 Olive st., southwest corner of Exposition Building. Hours, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. All letters with stamp answered. 74

MRS. ROS. SABINE,

The Fortune-teller, Business Adviser and Spiritual Healer. 1410 Pine st. 74

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE.

$200 to $50,000.

To loan on real estate at lowest rate of interest. No delay as soon as papers are ready.
DAVID H. STEWART & CO.,
31 613 Chestnut st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROPTY

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, musical instruments, etc., at Joann's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

St. Louis Mortgage Co., 720 Pine St.

Loan money on furniture; you can keep possession of your property and pay off the loan in installments at your convenience; no commission charged; all business confidential; we guarantee the lowest terms on the 6 loans, and parties wishing temporary accommodations will find it to their advantage to apply to us. If you have a loan elsewhere and wish it carried at a reasonable rate give us a call. 31

MISSOURI MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
619 Pine st., 2d floor, will loan you money in sums to suit, at the lowest possible rates and most reasonable terms, on furniture, horses, wagons, watches, diamonds and personal property of any kind. 31

DO YOU WANT

MONEY?

If so, don't borrow before getting our rates, which are the lowest, on any sum from $10 to $10,000.

We make loans on furniture, pianos, horses and wagons without publicity or removal of property.

Loans carried as long as desired, part payments taken and costs reduced in proportion.

If you bought furniture on time and can't meet payments we will pay it for you. No charges taken out in advance; borrower gets full amount of loan. Don't fail to call on us for low rates.

EAGLE LOAN CO., 714 PINE ST.,
O. C. VOELCKER, Mgr., 2d Floor.

1017 CHESTNUT ST. is the number—I loan any amount on furniture, pianos and other securities in residence; low rates; fair terms. E. W. STALEY, 1017 Chestnut st. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture and pianos without removal; also on indorsed paper or any personal security. Call at office in the city. Mr. M. J. Dougan & Co., 113 N. 8th st.; no commission. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal, any amount; lowest rates; no com. chd. 621 Chestnut

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rates. John C. King, 814 Morgan.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and collaterals; lowest rates; reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

BROLASKI & VOORHIS, 111 N. 8th st., make liberal loans and terms on good securities; on furniture, pianos, warehouse receipts, building association books, in-surance policies, horses and vehicles, real estate, etc.; see us for low rates. 111 N. 8th st.

MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000, on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Low rates of interest.
S. VAN RAALTE,
31 12 and 14 S. 4th st.

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upwards to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 1003 Pine st. 31

IF YOU WANT

MONEY

DON'T BORROW BEFORE

Getting our rates, which are the very lowest, on any sum from $10 to $10,000. We make loans on furniture, pianos, horses and wagons at the very lowest possible rates. You can keep the property in your possession without publicity or removal of property.

Loans can be carried as long as desired and part payments can be made at any time and the costs of carrying a loan reduced as fast as payments are made. There are no charges to be taken out in advance. Borrowers get full amount of loan.

If you bought furniture or a piano on time and can't meet the payment, then call on us and we will pay it for you. If you want a loan, then you will find it to your advantage to see us before borrowing.

BANKING ROOMS OF THE
German-American Loan Company,
F. W. PETERS, Manager,
515 PINE STREET,
Second Floor.

STORAGE.

NEW moth-proof lined separate rooms for fine furniture and household goods; packing and shipping a specialty; large padded vans for hire. Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co., Eugene Brown, Manager, 1003 Pine st. Telephone 1401. 81

STORAGE—For furniture, pianos, trunks, etc. Warehouse clean, light, dry and safe; open for inspection at all times; household goods carefully moved, packed and shipped by competent men. Mercier, Branson & Co., Nos. 905 to 913 N. 20th st. Telephone 2,820. 81

STORAGE—Regular storage house for furniture, pianos, trunks, stoves, boxes, etc. Household goods of every description moved, packed and shipped with care. Money loaned; get our rates. Warehouses, 1014 to 1026 S. Jefferson av. Telephone 1422. Consign goods to our care. 81 R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1104-6 Olive st.

REMOVALS.

KEELEY & CO., Real Estate and House Agents, Have removed their office to 1113 Chestnut st. 35

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

OFFICE of the W. L. Green Commission Co., rooms 34 and 38 Gay building, St. Louis, Mo. St. Louis, Monday, July 28, 1890. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the W. L. Green Commission Co. will be held at the offices of the company in the Gay building, n. e. cor. of 3d and Pine sts., St. Louis, Mo., Monday, July 28, at 9 o'clock a. m. for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. A. W. Allen, President; W. L. Green, Jr., Secretary.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

10 AND 12 N. 4TH ST.—Hotel Belmont; cool rooms, newly furnished at reasonable rates. 13

219 S. JEFFERSON AV.—Second floor of 3 unfurnished rooms; bath; very pleasant. 13

807 N. 20TH ST.—Newly furnished room and kitchen for light housekeeping. 13

921 CASS AV.—3 large rooms, 1st floor, to small family. 13

1118 LOCUST ST.—Furnished rooms for gentlemen or light housekeeping. 13

1202 MADISON ST.—Neatly furnished rooms suitable for gents or light housekeeping. 13

1227 CHAMBERS ST.—Unfurnished back parlor with use of kitchen to a young lady employed during the day; $5 per month.

1640 TEXAS AV.—5 rooms with basement; a half block from the new cable. 13

1720 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished room; also hall room, for one or two gents; new building. 13

1727 MORGAN ST.—Furnished rooms for respectable gents; northern and southern exposure, with bath; good attendance given; upstairs.

1813 BIDDLE ST.—Second floor; nicely fur. front room, with bath; for 1 or 2 gents. 13

2026 PINE ST.—Elegantly furnished front and back parlor; single or en suite. 13

2834 STODDARD ST.—Two rooms and kitchen, with water in yard; $10. 13

2950 DICKSON ST.—Two elegant parlors and kitchen with gas stove, fur. for light housekeeping; all conveniences. 13

3628 CLARK AV., west of Grand—Three rooms, second floor; all conveniences; $11. 13

FOR RENT—Quiet pleasant room, in private house, for transients. Address H 51, this office. 13

FOR RENT—A lady living alone has a nicely furnished room for quiet couple only. Add. Mrs. Barnes, City Post-office. 13

FOR RENT—Fur. front room, southern ex.; strictly private family; conv. to 4 lines of cars; gentlemen; ref. Add. B 50, this office. 13

FOR RENT—To quiet couple, nicely furnished front room, near Jefferson av. and Olive st.; no other roomers. Address K 52, this office. 13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, eastern and southern exp., for one or two gentlemen; cable cars pass house. Add. T 51, this office. 13

WANTED—Two unfurnished connecting rooms in Stoddard addition; refs. ex. Ad. E 52, this office.

WANTED—A couple to board with private family in western part of the city; one block from cable; terms $36 per mo. Add W 50, this office. 18

BOARDING.

1213 WASHINGTON AV.—Three elegantly furnished rooms, one 2d-story front; first-class board. 18

1520 OLIVE ST.—Nice furnished room and board for two gents or man and wife. 18

1637 S. BROADWAY—A nice large front room, southern exposure, with bath, for two rents; first-class board if desired. 18

1803 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; southern exposure. 18

1834 LUCAS PL.—Desirable rooms, with or without board. 18

2203 LUCAS PL.—Handsomely fur. cool rooms, so. ex.; with first-class board and every comfort. 18

2652 OLIVE ST.—Neatly furnished room with board; bath, hot and cold water, etc.; home comforts. 18

2730 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, single or in suit, with or without board. 18

2931 MORGAN ST.—Handsomely furnished suite of rooms, with board; southern exposure; reference required. 18

3231 WASHINGTON AV.—Second-story front room furnished, with board, single or en suite; a delightful room, with southern exposure; references exchanged. 18

WANTED—Quiet lady to room and board with widow lady living alone; centrally located. Ad. O 5, this office. 18

FOR RENT—FLATS.

2936 DICKSON ST.—Flat of 5 rooms, all conveniences.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1116 GRATTAN ST.—Six-room house in good repair. Inquire Geo. H. Billon, Post-Dispatch counting-room, or at 1523 Hickory st. 14

LARGE MOVING VANS

And covered furniture wagons for moving households to all parts of this city and county and East St. Louis by load or contract. Moth-proof lined, separate rooms for storing fine furniture. Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co., Eugene Brown, Manager. Office, 1003 Pine st. Telephone 1401. 14

IMP. CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap; a substantial four-story brick building, 60x80 ft., suitable for manufacturing; large lot; switch from Missouri Pacific.
WM. C. WILSON & CO., 619 Chestnut st.

$1,800 WILL buy a 4-room house and lot at a bargain, in a very nice location. Inquire at 4467 Ashland av. 7

BUY A HOME WITH RENT.

We will buy a lot in any part of the city and build a house after your own design. Monthly payments. Call at office in the city, 7½ Scipio's Investment & Building Co. JOS. E. TRUITT, Pres. Office hours' 11 a. m. to 2 p. m., 1008 Chestnut st.

YOU ARE INVITED

To attend a public meeting of the Safety Building & Loan Association at Buehler's Hall, southeast corner Easton and Taylor avs., Tuesday evening, July 15, at 8 o'clock; no entrance fee. Come and bring your friends. Stock for sale at $1 per share per month. This is the best way to invest your savings.

E. S. FISH, Secy.,
520 Olive st., first floor.

AT A SACRIFICE.

For Sale—A substantial stone-front residence of 11 rooms; all light and airy; all modern improvements; desirable neighborhood; terms easy. J. C. Way, Agent, 621 Chestnut st. 7

6% Interest. 6%

The REAL ESTATE B. & L. ASS'N will pay 6 per cent interest on paid up stock, or notes of the Co. Mind! Don't keep your money in bank at 4 per cent when you can get 6 per cent. Above all, don't keep your money at home else it will walk off. Bring your spare cash at once, only a limited amount taken. Call or write at once to WILLIAM ZINK, Sec.,
7 720 Chestnut st.

BROU'S INJECTION

An Infallible Remedy for the Cure of all Contagious Diseases of the Urinary organs; guaranteed not to produce Stricture; no sickening doses; and no inconvenience or loss of time. Recommended by physicians and sold by druggists everywhere. J. Ferré, (successor to Brou), Pharmacien, Paris.

NERVES!

Strong, brave, successful men and women win half life's battles on their nerve. NERVE BEANS cure Nervous Debility, Mental Depression, Weak Back, Sleeplessness, Loss of Appetite, Nervous Sexual Weakness, and all Nervous Diseases. $1 per box, postpaid. Pamphlet free. Nerve Bean Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold at Frost & Co.'s, 7th and Olive; Fenow's, cor. Broadway and Market, all leading druggists.

RIVER TRANSPORTATION.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and Cape Girardeau Tri-Weekly Packet.

Str. IDLEWILD.

T. L. DAVIDSON, Master. ROBT. TAYLOR, Clk.
Leaves on MONDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 5 p. m., for Cape Girardeau and way landings; also Thebes and Commerce.
TOM PENISTON, Agt.
Telephone 3615.

THE BEST EXCURSION OF ALL!
STR. SALD EAGLE

To Quincy every Saturday at 4 p. m. from foot of Vine st.; round trip, including meals, $5. For particulars apply to Schwartz Bros. Telephone 3838.

For Alton and Grafton,
STEAMER SPREAD EAGLE,
Leaves daily at 3 p. m.
Telephone 3615. TOM PENISTON Agent.

Lake Michigan and Lake Superior Transportation Co.
LAKE SUPERIOR STEAMERS.
THE GREAT LAKE ROUTE.
Sailings from Chicago.
For Mackinac Island, Sault Ste. Marie, Marquette, Hancock, Houghton, Duluth, and all intermediate points, Wednesdays and Saturdays, 3:30 P. M.
For Ludington, Manistee, Frankfort, Charlevoix, Petoskey and Harbor Springs, etc.: Tuesdays 1:30 P. M. Fridays 10:30 P. M.
Office and Docks, Rush and E. Water Sts., Chicago.

TIME TABLE

*Except Sundays; †Daily; ‖Except Saturday; §Except Monday; ¶Monday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Through trains to Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver, St. Paul and Minneapolis. Pullman Sleepers on all trains and Free Chair Cars on all Westbound trains.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—C., B. & Q. R. R.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Rock Island, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Peoria, La Crosse and Dubuque Express	‖ 8:45 am	† 5:15 pm
Rock Island, Bushnell, Galesburg and Peoria Express	‖ 8:15 pm	† 6:50 am
The 8:15 p. m. train is daily except Saturday, and the [illegible] p. m. express daily except Monday.		

BURLINGTON ROUTE—ST. L., K. & N. W. R. R.

Minneapolis, St. Paul, Spirit Lake, Cedar Rapids Express	* 9:20 am	* 5:40 pm
Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, St. Joe, Kansas City and California Express	† 8:05 pm	† 7:20 am
Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Spirit Lake, Minneapolis and St. Paul Night Express	† 8:45 pm	† 6:30 am
St. Louis and Quincy Sunday Excursion train	‖ 7:30 am	‖11:15 pm

The 8:45 p. m. train is daily, except Saturday it runs to Burlington only and does not make connections for Spirit Lake, St. Paul and Minneapolis, and the 6:30 a. m. train arrives daily, except Monday does not make connections from Cedar Rapids.

VANDALIA LINE.

Pennsylvania Special, daily	8:10 am	7:40 pm
Day Express, daily	8:40 am	7:00 pm
N. Y., Balt. & Wash. Exp., daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Cincinnati Express, daily	7:30 pm	7:00 am
Chicago Night Express, daily	8:00 pm	7:00 am
Chicago Express, exc. Sunday	3:40 am	7:00 pm
Indianapolis Accom., exc. Sun.	11:25 am	5:00 pm
Cincin. Day Express, daily	8:10 am	7:00 pm
Effingham Accom., daily	5:30 pm	7:55 am

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.

Dallas, Ft. Worth, Houston, Galveston Express	† 9:00 am	† 6:25 pm
Dallas, Ft. Worth, Austin and San Antonio Express	† 9:15 pm	† 6:40 am

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD (Chicago Line.)

Day Express	*8:40 am	*7:00 pm
Chicago Express	‖8:00 pm	‖7:00 am

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY—"BIG FOUR ROUTE."

Only line landing passengers in Grand Central Depot, New York, via Lake Shore Railway. No change of cars.

Day Express	† 7:15 am	† 5:45 pm
Southwestern Limited	† 8:05 am	† 6:10 pm
Alton Express Daily	10:40 am	† 7:55 am
Mattoon Accommodation	* 4:20 pm	*10:30 am
Southwestern Express	† 2:25 pm	† 12:40 am
Alton Express Daily	5:55 pm	1:30 pm

Ticket office, cor. 5th and Chestnut sts.

MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD.

New Orleans Express	† 7:50 pm	† 7:00 am
Cairo & Jackson Express	† 7:40 am	† 7:25 pm
Mobile & Florida Express	† 7:50 pm	† 7:00 am
Murphysboro & Chester Ace'm	5:05 pm	*11:00 am

ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL R. R.

Hannibal Special, Sunday only	8:30 am	*7:00 am
Mail and Express	* 9:00 am	*11:55 am
Mail and Express	† 5:00 pm	† 3:30 pm

CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Kansas City Mail	† 8:45 am	† 7:00 pm
Chicago Express Mail	* 8:15 am	* 7:35 pm
Alton Express	*10:00 am	* 8:00 am
Through Chicago Express	* 4:40 pm	*10:40 am
Jacksonville Accommodation	† 5:50 pm	† 10:40 am
Chicago Lightning Express	† 7:55 pm	† 7:30 am
Kansas City Vestibuled Limited	† 8:20 pm	† 7:00 am
Godfrey & Alton Accom.		† 1:40 pm

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

Mt. Vernon Accommodation		† 9:10 am
Southern Fast Mail	† 5:50 pm	† 7:45 pm
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	† 5:00 pm	
Belleville Accommodation	† 10:45 am	† 1:50 pm
Southern Fast Line	† 7:35 pm	† 7:25 am

CAIRO SHORT LINE RAILROAD.

New Orleans Limited Mail and Through Sleeping Car Line	†8:30 am	†7:10 pm
Memphis & Cairo Fast Line	† 7:40 pm	† 7:20 am
New Orleans Through Line	† 7:40 pm	† 7:10 pm
Cairo & Vicksburg Express	†8:30 am	† 1:30 pm
Sparta, Murphysboro & Carbondale Accommodation	*4:30 pm	*1:30 pm
Grand Tower & Cape Girardeau Express	*4:30 pm	*1:30 pm

ST. LOUIS, ALTON & SPRINGFIELD R. R. (Bluff Line, via Big 4)

Grafton and Elsah Express	* 7:15 am	* 5:45 pm
Jerseyville and Springfield Ex	* 4:20 pm	†11:45 am

All trains daily except Sunday.

LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE AND ST. LOUIS "AIR LINE."

	Depart.	Arrive.
Louisville Day Express	* 8:20 am†	7:20 pm
Louisville Night Fast Line	* 8:25 pm†	8:10 am
ILLINOIS & ST. LOUIS DIVISION.		
Belleville Accommodation (b)	* 8:25 am†	7:55 am
Belleville Accommodation	* 11:00 am†	10:30 am
Belleville Accommodation	* 2:50 pm†	2:00 pm
Belleville Accommodation (b)	5:35 pm †	5:10 pm

On Sundays trains marked (b) will run thirty minutes later.

WABASH RAILROAD.

LINES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.		
Chicago & Peoria Express	* 7:05 am	* 7:25 pm
Chicago Fast Mail Express	* 7:55 am	* 6:15 pm
New York Fast Express	* 7:55 am	* 6:15 pm
Decatur & Jacksonville Accom	4:45 pm	* 10:35 am
New York & Boston Fast Exp.	* 8:10 pm	*11:55 am
Chicago Night Express	8:10 pm	* 7:25 am
LINES WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.		
Through Mail and Express	* 8:30 am	* 6:15 pm
Kansas City, St. Jos. & Ottumwa Fast Line	* 9:00 pm	* 6:20 pm
Montgomery Accommodation	5:00 pm	*11:55 am
Omaha, Des Moines & St. Paul Express	* 8:25 pm	* 7:30 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver & Salt Lake Short Line	* 8:35 pm	* 7:00 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 7:30 am	* 7:15 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 1:00 pm	* 8:25 am
Ferguson Accomm

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MONDAY, JULY 14, 1890.

SUBSCRIBERS leaving the city for the summer can have the POST-DISPATCH mailed to them to any address without additional cost, by giving the order to the carrier on their route or notifying this office.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for Missouri: Cooler, fair; northerly winds.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for St. Louis: Fair; slightly cooler.

DOES the Mayor cool his mint in a warming pan?

ST. LOUIS would like to have one smooth county for her population.

THE race between the temperature and the price of ice is making it hot for outsiders.

THE silver conference bill slipped through the House with an ease and quickness which suggested that its way was thoroughly "greased."

AMPLE evidence has been furnished the census authorities that St. Louis has a right to a recount, but the more evidence the more manifest the justice of the city's claim. All the citizens missed should be reported to the police or the Citizens' Census Committee.

THREE personal encounters in which deadly weapons figured actively made a notable Sunday record of violence yesterday. Murderous assaults have been so frequent of late as to call the attention of the police authorities to the necessity of paying particular attention to weapon-carrying toughs.

THE successful operation of the counting machines used in the Census Bureau should suggest to Speaker REED the invention of a legislative machine to do his work for him. But, perhaps, the Speaker thinks that his rules make a machine unnecessary. They certainly work with rapidity and accuracy.

CANNOT the indignation of the people of Kansas over the alleged violation of State's rights involved in the original package decision be stretched to cover the actual violation of the people's rights threatened by the Federal election bill? Surely the fact that the latter is a Republican party measure would not blind Kansas to its true character.

IT need not surprise any one to learn that New York City has less than a million and a half of inhabitants within its municipal limits. The space within those limits is needed for business purposes, and even for business purposes there is "standing room only." New York has really two and a half million inhabitants who live there in the day-time, but sleep outside.

CONGRESSMAN BELDEN'S order to Republican organs to whoop it up for the Federal election bill marks the formal introduction of the claque into politics. Hereafter when measures are to be rushed through Congress, the Congressional manager will give the signal and a great show of popular approval will be made by the organs. Thus the political fakir adopts the methods of the theatrical fakir. But doesn't he deserve at least an equal share of popular contempt?

IT is to be hoped that the absurd proposhl to revive the grade of Lieutenant-General in order to reward the distinguished war services of Gen. SCHOFIELD or some other officer will not be carried out. Men who were prompted by patriotism to render distinguished services have already been rewarded by the gratitude of their countrymen. Besides, the grades of General and Lieutenant-General should be reserved as extraordinary rewards to be bestowed only upon men of extraordinary merit.

THE death of Gen. JOHN C. FREMONT removes a man who, while he failed signally to fulfill the promises of his early career, was at least a picturesque figure in American history. His achievements in exploring the then vast wilderness which lay between the Missouri Valley and the Pacific coast, in the 40's, gave him the title of "Pathfinder," and made him one of the foremost men of the country in the two decades immediately preceding the war. They also gave him the nomination to the presidency twice, but his acceptance of the nomination of a Republican faction in opposition to LINCOLN at the close of the war was the crowning blunder of a disappointing war record which relegated him to private life. He has been scarcely more than an interesting reminiscence since.

PRESIDENTIAL PENS.

A finer and deeper significance than appears on the surface may be given the so-called "fad" which prevails among Congressmen of securing from the President for preservation the pens with which he signs acts of Congress to the adoption of which they have contributed their especial efforts.

The pen is the instrument of the President's power over the legislation for the whole Union. Its use in the approval of Congressional measures signifies the exercise of the highest official capacity in the service of the people. It is the supreme act of sovereignty in the people's representative. The act of using it defines the President's fidelity to duty, his conscientious rectitude of purpose, his ability and faithfulness as a public servant; it also may determine the weal or woe of the nation, may embody justice or injustice, a regard for the best interests of the people or the sacrifice of those interests for personal ambition, party policy or corrupt purpose—in short, the record of the President, good or bad, and the laws which make or mar the country's happiness and prosperity depend in large measure upon the use of his pen.

Whether the pen used in approving each Congressional act of importance be kept or thrown away does not, of course, affect the act, or preserve or wipe out the President's record. But it is the visible symbol of his deeds. The preservation of each one should, therefore, give its use, if possible, a more solemn import in his mind and bring a graver consideration of what the use of it involves. It should suggest to him, above the din of personal and party claims which beset him, the voice of patriotism and the verdict of his country and of history. He had better lose his right hand than sign a bill which robs the Treasury, which yields to the demands of organized greed or corrupt factions, which imposes a heavy burden of taxation upon the whole people to enrich a few men or which invades constitutional rights and resorts to revolutionary means to perpetuate party power.

President HARRISON has need to look well to the collection of official pens which will furnish souvenirs for his Congressional friends.

THE GAMBLING EVIL.

Through the skillful work of a reporter who assumed the part of a gambler desiring to open a poker-room, the New York WORLD has unearthed startling evidence of widespread corruption in the Police Department of New York City. It revealed the fact that gambling dens are protected by systematic bribery of police officers.

There is a significance in this exposure which goes beyond the mere revelation of corruption in the Metropolitan police force. It is one more of many illustrations of the fact that gambling is a prolific cause of wrong-doing in all municipalities in which it is allowed to exist in any form.

The respectable citizens in nearly every American city of any importance have had to struggle with the vicious gambling elements for supremacy. St. Louis has had a bitter experience in this line, and although the better elements conquered, the gambling serpent still shows signs of life. Chicago is suffering from the domination of unscrupulous gamblers. New York's disgraceful condition has been shown by the WORLD. What unchecked gambling enterprises will do is exhibited in the degradation of Louisiana, whose monster lottery octopus extends its baleful influences throughout the Union.

The history of State and city governments proves that the gambling evil is a festering sore on the body social and political, and the only chance of relief from it seems to lie in the total suppression of professional gambling. It is a mean business at best.

THE deadly cyclone made a terrible record of fatal disaster in the lake region north of St. Paul yesterday. Among the results of the storm which made it probably the most destructive in point of loss of life of any which have occurred recently, were the sweeping away of a cluster of summer cottages at Cape Gervais and the capsizing of a loaded excursion steamer on Lake Pepin. About a dozen people were killed and many more were injured in the first disaster, while the number of the drowned in the wreck of the steamer is placed at not less than 150 persons.

WE indulge the hope that whichever one of the Congressmen engaged in a premature dispute as to who is entitled to the pen with which the President shall sign the Federal election bill will have it properly labeled as follows: "The pen with "which President HARRISON, at the dic-"tation of partisan bosses, signed away "the right of the people of the United "States to elect their representatives in "Congress in order to perpetuate the "power of the Republican party." It would be in the nature of a trophy for Speaker REED.

THE matrimonial drama in which Explorer STANLEY and Miss TENNANT figured Saturday had brilliant theatrical accessories, but the leading man seemed exceedingly weak. Still, under the tender care of a wife there is good cause for hope that the explorer will regain his strength. Perhaps by this marriage instead of losing an explorer Africa will gain one who will be both explorer and illustrator. Mrs. STANLEY declares that she will accompany her husband on his next expedition and she wields a clever pencil and brush.

REPRESENTATIVE MILLS is reported as having said in his Plattsburg speech: "If the public money were doubled the public wealth would be doubled." If Mr. MILLS does not know that the wealth of a country is its aggregate products, and that money is merely a medium of exchange and that doubling its amount in the country would only cheapen it, he ought not to have come to Missouri to teach political economy. We expect better things than this from the tariff reform champion.

Just Cause of Complaint.

From the New York WORLD.

A Republican journal fancies that it is facetious in asking if the political crime involved in the admission of Idaho and Wyoming does not "really consist in the fact that by this action the Republican party gains four Senators and two Representatives?" This is the just cause of complaint. If it were an incident of the admission of two Territories fitted for admission to the Union by population and the settled characteristics of properly equipped new States there would be no ground for objection. But Idaho and Wyoming are admitted simply and solely because they will give the Republican party four Senators and two Representatives, with less population than single wards in this city. And this constitutes a political outrage.

Not John Brown of Ossawattomie.

From the Philadelphia Record.

The Anti-Cobden Club of Philadelphia has already entered the field with a new war cry of "Delamater and John Brown to the rescue of our imperiled industries!" The wise and philanthropic Richard Cobden, if living, would doubtless regard this association with curious but benevolent interest.

MEN OF MARK.

JOHN WANAMAKER'S life is insured for $700,000.

LORD ROSEBERY possesses most of the papers of Marat, the French revolutionist.

GEN. BOULANGER is said to be writing a drama, with Robert Emmett as the central figure.

JOAQUIN MILLER is credited with writing the worst hand in the United States, which serves to veil certain eccentricities of spelling.

GEN. SHERMAN receives a salary of $15,000 a year as retired general of the army, with nothing to do and a good, active clerk to help him.

CITIZEN TRAIN seems to have made up his mind to end his nomadic life. He has bought two houses near Tacoma, and will reside there permanently.

HENRY ROCHEFORT spends much of his spare time in London in the art galleries and the British Museum. He runs his paper by telegraph. He has grown to like the English.

A CONSPICUOUS Austrian peer, Prince Starhemberg, pronounces boldly for general disarmament. Austria, he says, is drifting rapidly to financial ruin. But he fears that war must come before disarmament.

A NEW tenor has been found in Germany at the village of Fischen, named Kautor, possessing all the attributes of a great singer, including the high C. He will be carefully educated by his discoverer, an impresario.

HORACE E. SCUDDER of Boston, who succeeds Thomas Bailey Aldrich as editor of the *Atlantic Monthly*, is 51 years old, and has been engaged in literary pursuits ever since his graduation from Williams College in 1858.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

MILDRED CONWAY, daughter of Moncure D. Conway, is in Italy, studying music.

ROSA BONHEUR is 67 years of age and her brush is still busy. For her last picture she received $10,000.

PRINCESS DOLGOROUKI, the morganatic wife of the late Czar, published her memoirs in Russia, and every available copy was immediately seized by the police.

THE richest young lady in Chicago is Miss Bessie Ross, granddaughter of Tithill King, whose vast fortune she inherited through her mother. She weighs 170 pounds.

PRINCESS STEPHANIE, widow of the late Crown Prince Rudolph, will shortly make her first appearance as an authoress. She is preparing a selection from her journals of travel for publication.

One of the most skillful watchmakers in Atlanta is a woman—Mrs. A. E. Key. Mrs. Key is the daughter of a once famous jeweler, and by means of her trade she supports herself and children in comfort.

LADY SANDHURST has been given the freedom of the city of London, and is the only woman upon whom this honor has been conferred in 800 years. She has made a reputation as a Liberal organizer and orator.

MISS LILLIAN BLANCHE FEARING, the only lady in this year's graduating class at the Union College of Law, Chicago, is entirely blind. During the course her mother was her constant companion, and read from the books to her.

THE little Princess Elizabeth of Austria, the daughter of the late Crown Prince, can't take outings with her mother, Princess Stephanie, because, by the will of her father, she must always remain in the immediate neighborhood and under the eye of her grandfather, the Emperor.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

BARTENDER.—A dime of 1821 is valued at 15 cents.

RAIN-IN-THE-FACE.—Alton is on the Mississippi, north of St. Louis.

IGNORAMUS.—In the name "Beirne" the letters ei are pronounced very much like u.

AMBITION.—There is no free college for girls in this State. Many of the Western colleges are managed on the co-educational principle; among others may be mentioned McKendree College and Oberlin. All charge tuition, but most have many scholarships.

SCHOOLBOY.—The population of the United States at the beginning of the Revolutionary war was estimated at 3,000,000. The colonial armies never reached 100,000 men in active service. At the beginning of the civil war the population was over 40,000,000 and the number of combatants, Northern and Southern, exceeded 2,300,000.

Protective Tariff.

From the Boston Herald.

Father: "Clara, what game was that you were playing when I looked in the parlor last night?"

Clara: "Hide and seek."

Father: "What was the kissing for?"

Clara: "Oh, that was the duty on the hides."

In Chicago.

From Puck.

"No, I don't like long engagements."

"Well, —— er, —— I hope you have no objections to long marriages!"

GEN. JOHN C. FREMONT.

SOME RECOLLECTIONS OF HIS CAREER BEFORE AND DURING THE WAR.

His Romantic Marriage With the Daughter of Thomas H. Benton—Expeditions to the West—Discovering the South Pass—Fremont and La Rue—Peculiar Proceedings in St. Louis.

NO man was better known to the older citizens of St. Louis than the late John C. Fremont, who died in New York yesterday. Much of his life was passed in this city, and during the war of the rebellion he was placed in command of the Union forces in Missouri. Long before the war he was a conspicuous figure in this city, as he and his talented wife, Jessie Benton Fremont, spent much of their time with her relatives, and through the influence of the then all-powerful Bentons occupied a very prominent social position. Fremont was a native of Virginia, his father being a Frenchman, who made his living by giving instructions in his native language. Those who knew Fremont best always said that he was more of a Frenchman than an American in his disposition and character.

A RUNAWAY MATCH.

At an early age he obtained an appointment to the topographical engineers, and when in Washington made the acquaintance of Jessie Benton, the daughter of Senator Thomas H. Benton. Miss Benton was a school girl and was greatly attracted by the handsome young lieutenant. They became engaged, but Senator Benton refused to give his consent to the marriage, and the young couple decided upon an elopement. This was successfully carried out, and in 1841 Fremont and Miss Benton were married. Senator Benton forgave his daughter and used all his great influence to push his son-in-law to the front. An exploring expedition was organized in 1842, at the head of which Fremont was placed. He was provided with the ablest assistants, notably a Swiss scientist named Nicollet, and made an exploration of the Wind River and Bitter Root Mountains. Subsequently he went on an expedition to New Mexico, where he made extensive explorations, and pushed on to the Pacific slope.

THE CALIFORNIA EXPEDITION.

The result of this expedition gave rise to much controversy. The famous Kit Carson was at the head of the scouts, succeeding a Frenchman named La Rue, who Carson frankly admitted to have been his superior. A portion of Fremont's command became isolated in the mountains during the winter, and as they had no provisions he was urged to make efforts to save them. He declared that nothing could be done, whereupon La Rue volunteered to go alone and guide them through the passes. He failed to reach the troops, as the winter was one of unusual severity, and the heroic mountaineer perished among the mountains of cold and hunger, and few of those whom he went to rescue escaped. In some quarters Fremont was severely blamed for what was termed an abandonment of his men. Pushing on to California, he discovered the South Pass, for which he was given the cognomen of the "Pathfinder." The importance of this discovery was sharply disputed. One of the first delegates from Oregon to Congress made a speech, famous in its day, opposing those who declared that Fremont had not discovered the South Pass. He had discovered it, the delegate said, because he had seen him do it. A cartoon was shown exhibiting Fremont in the act of discovering the pass. He was seated in an ambulance with a negro servant behind him holding a large umbrella over his head to protect him from the rays of the sun, and the ambulance was on a well-beaten road that had been traveled by emigrants for forty years. During the Mexican war Fremont was in California, and aided in putting down the resistance to the American authorities in that State. He became involved in a hot controversy with his commanding officer, Gen. Stephen W. Kearny, who put him under arrest for disobedience of orders, but by Senator Benton's influence the matter was patched up, and Fremont afterwards conducted several exhibitions in the Northwest. In 1849 he was elected Senator from California, and in 1856 was the first Republican candidate for the presidency.

FREMONT IN ST. LOUIS.

On the outbreak of the rebellion Fremont received a commission as Major-General of Volunteers, and in August, 1861, was placed in command of Missouri, with headquarters at St. Louis. President Lincoln made this appointment at the request of Frank P. Blair, who believed that Fremont would heartily co-operate with him and follow his lead. Old citizens will remember the state that Fremont maintained during his service in St. Louis. He at once set up a body guard, clad in gay uniforms, and composed principally of foreigners, preferably Poles and Hungarians. Col. Zagoni, supposed to be an exiled nobleman, but who subsequently turned out to have been a tailor, was placed in command, and a clattering troop of cavalry accompanied the General every time he went. He occupied the house of Mrs. Brunt on Chouteau avenue, then considered the finest residence in this city. Two gigantic Poles were always stationed at the door with drawn sabers and it was with great difficulty that any could secure an audience with the Commanding General.

On one occasion U. S. Grant, then Colonel of an Illinois regiment, was obliged to wait three days before he was admitted.

HIGH-HANDED MEASURES.

Zagoni managed by his ignorance of the rules and regulations of the army to involve Fremont in not a few serious difficulties. On one occasion he arrested Col. Andrews, a paymaster, for refusing to give him money to pay for quartermaster stores and seized the money in his hands. Fremont was not at all disinclined to taking the same course, as he forced Banks to make forced loans, and the incident disorders required the attention of Judge Advocate-General Holt for many months to straighten out matters. Fremont soon quarreled with Blair, who believed that his course was calculated to alienate loyal sentiment, and finally placed him under arrest in his own house.

BLAIR AND FREMONT.

Those who knew Blair's character expected a tremendous outburst, but he was inclined to treat the matter as a joke, saying that it was amusing that he could be put under arrest by such a man as Fremont. Fremont's career in Missouri was cut short by his issuance of an emancipation proclamation in direct disobedience of the orders of the President. Mr. Lincoln countermanded the order and relieved Fremont from his command. This ended his active participation in the war, in 1862 he was appointed Governor of Arizona, and held this position until 1881. He has since taken no part in public affairs. He leaves a widow and two children.

The Funeral Arrangements.

NEW YORK, July 14.—Arrangements for the funeral of Maj.-Gen. John C. Fremont were made to-day. It will take place at 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning next from the Protestant Episcopal Church of St. Ignatius, Fortieth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues. It is to be as quiet and unostentatious as possible, and there will be no military display. Mrs. Fremont and the General's daughter, Miss Elizabeth Fremont, are in Los Angeles, Cal., and will, of course, be unable to get here in time to attend the funeral. The interment will be in Trinity Cemetery, this city.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Tragic Sequel to a Domestic Scandal at Henderson, Mich.

HENDERSON, Mich., July 14.—Two years ago Perry Comstock, 60 years old, wooed and won a young woman of the neighborhood, 17 years of age. Notwithstanding the disparity of their ages the couple lived happily, and a daughter was born to them. Before his marriage Comstock adopted a son, now grown to a young man. A short time ago, it is said, the old man suspected that the relations between the wife and son were growing improper. There were frequent quarrels. Yesterday, without preliminary warning, Comstock grasped a loaded revolver, shot his wife dead, fired an ineffective bullet at his son and then blew out his own brains.

MISSOURI FAIRS.

The Dates and Places for the County Exhibitions of Products and Cattle.

To the agriculturist and stock raiser much interest attaches to the time of holding the county fair. All the year around he makes preparations for it, for the prizes there won add to the value of his products or his cattle. The dates of all the Missouri County fairs are now arranged, and are here given with the names of the places where they are to be held and the secretary of each association:

MISSOURI FAIRS, 1890.

Adair County, Kirksville; Secretary, J. M. Ivie; September 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.

Audrain County, Mexico; Secretary, J. A. Glandon; August 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.

Atchison County, Rockport; Secretary, W. J. Bunting; September 16, 17, 18, 19.

Barton County, Lamar; Secretary, Walter J. Miller; September 29, 30, October 1, 2, 3.

Caldwell County, Hamilton; Secretary, A. C. Menifee; August 26, 27, 28, 29, 30.

Callaway County, Fulton; Secretary, Edward Tuttle; August 16, 17, 18, 19, 20.

Cape Girardeau County, Cape Girardeau; Secretary, E. G. Engleman; October 14, 15, 16, 17, 18.

Cass County, Belton; Secretary, R. J. McNutt; August 19, 20, 21, 22, 23.

Carroll County; Secretary, B. Hudson; September 9, 10, 11, 12, 13.

Charlton County, Keytesville; Secretary, W. E. Hill; October 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.

Clarke County, Kanoka; Secretary, Charles Hillier; August 26, 27, 28, 29.

Clinton County, Cameron; Secretary, R. de Steiguer; September 3, 4, 5, 6.

Dade County, Lockwood; Secretary, W. R. Eaton; October 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.

Dallas County, Buffalo; Secretary, N. J. Wollard.

Daviess County, Jamesport; Secretary, A. P. Shour; September 2, 3, 4, 5.

Franklin County, Washington; Secretary, Albert C. Krug; September 4, 5, 6.

Gasconade County, Hermann; Secretary, Wm. C. Boing; August 29, 30.

Gentry County, Albany; Secretary, R. M. McCammon; August 26, 27, 28, 29.

Green County, Springfield; Secretary, H. R. Simmons; September 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13.

Grundy County, Trenton; Secretary, Peter H. Yarkey; September 9, 10, 11, 12.

Harrison County, Ridgeway; Secretary, Geo. T. Kirk; September 9, 10, 11, 12.

Henry County, Clinton; Secretary, Thos. I. Day; September 3, 4, 5, 6.

Jasper County, Sarcoxie; Secretary, J. M. Rice; October 7, 8, 9, 10.

Johnson County, Holden; Secretary, J. V. Murray; August 26, 27, 28, 29.

Knox County, Edina; secretary, J. W. Ennis; August 19, 20, 21, 22.

LaFayette County, Higginsville; Secretary, C. Vivian.

Lincoln County, Troy; Secretary, T. C. Wilson; September 2, 3, 4, 5.

Livingston County, Avalon; Secretary, R. T. Miller; September 2, 3, 4, 5.

Macon County, LaPlata; Secretary, J. W. Voorhees; September 9, 10, 11, 12.

Marion County, Palmyra; Secretary, G. B. Thomas; September 30, October 1, 2, 3, 4.

Marion County, Hannibal; Secretary, D. H. Shields; September 23, 24, 25, 26.

Mercer County, Princeton; Secretary, Wm. Hirons; September 16, 17, 18, 19, 20.

Moniteau County, Tipton; Secretary, John A. Kelly; August 12, 13, 14, 15, 16.

Monitean County, California; Secretary, Robert T. Short; September 16, 17, 18, 19.

Monroe County, Paris; Secretary, T. T. Rodes; August 19, 20, 21, 22, 23.

Monroe County, Monroe City; Secretary, George W. Tompkins; September 16, 17, 18, 19, 20.

Montgomery County, Montgomery City; Secretary, J. R. Hance; September 16, 17, 18, 19, 20.

Pettis County, Sedalia; Secretary, A. L. Burr; August 19, 20, 21, 22, 23.

Polk County, Bolivar; Secretary, S. R. Johnson, September 16, 17, 18, 19, 20.

Pike County, Louisiana; Secretary, E. A. Glenn; July 28, 29, 30, 31, August 1.

Platt County, Platte City; Secretary, Wm. Forman; August 26, 27, 28, 29, 30.

Putnam County, Unionville; Secretary, John A. Helferstein; August 27, 28, 29, 30.

Randolph County, Moberly; Secretary, Ben Levy; August 12, 13, 14, 15, 16.

Randolph County, Jacksonville; Secretary, W. S. Coulter, August 26, 27, 28.

Ray County, Lawson; Secretary, D. W. Gibbins; August 19, 20, 21, 22.

St. Charles County, St. Charles; Secretary, J. T. Ranche; September 10, 11, 12.

Saline County, Marshall; Secretary, T. R. Spencer; September 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.

Schuyler County, Lancaster; Secretary, N. T. Roberts; September 10, 11, 12, 13.

Scotland County, Memphis; Secretary, J. P. Nesbit; September 3, 4, 5, 6.

Shelby County, Shelbina; Secretary, R. C. Dickinson; September 9, 10, 11, 12, 13.

Sullivan County, Milan; Secretary, Wm. McClanahan; September 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.

St. Louis, St. Louis City; Secretary, W. C. Bellairs; October 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.

PRANCING ON THE PREACHERS.

Dr. Matthews Pays His Respects to the Pastors Who Desert Their Pulpits.

Dr. Matthews of Centenary Church, Sixteenth and Pine streets, astonished his oldest and most constant hearers last night. He was exceedingly critical and paid his respects to the ministers who closed up their churches during the summer and gave the city over to the devil. The preacher said that on his way to church he had seen little boys and girls going with their tin pails and pitchers for beer. This was evidence to him that the devil is active notwithstanding the high thermometer, and while his satanic majesty continues his activity in the city full of souls it is a bad time for the minister to desert his post for some shady retreat in the country.

His prayer was longer than usual and of an unusual strain. He said that the weather was hot and it was probable that many of the congregation, tired out after the visits to the parks and the diversions of the day, were not in a humor to pray. It was natural, he said, for all to weary in the hot weather, but the preacher was one who should not weary of doing good but should remain at his post in all weathers. The prayer embraced several of the sentiments of which the preacher had delivered himself in the talk to his congregation. Dr. Matthews had evidently arrived at positive conclusions on the subject of church closing during the summer season and he further decided to make public his opinions on this subject.

A BURGLAR'S ESCAPE.

The Revolver Was Locked Up and the Midnight Intruder Got Away.

Early yesterday morning a burglar broke into the residence of Mr. George W. Curry, 4709 Hammett place. The task was not a difficult one, as several of the windows on the second floor were open. The burglar stole a ladder from some one, and putting it against the bath-room window climbed up and jumped in. In the course of his tour of investigation he entered the sleeping apartment of Mr. and Mrs. Curry and his flash lantern awoke the latter. On seeing the intruder Mrs. Curry lost no time in waking her husband, who sprang out of bed and reached for his revolver. The weapon, fortunately for the burglar, was in a tin box, the key of which was not forthcoming, and during the delay of finding it, the man got out of the room. Mr. Curry finally got hold of his six-shooter and started in pursuit. When he arrived at the bath-room window the thief was at the foot of the ladder, and although Mr. Curry fired, the bullet went wide of the mark and the burglar escaped. Neither the burglar nor the owner of the ladder has yet been found.

ILLINOIS ITEMS.

Killed While Drunk—Cut to Pieces by a Passenger Train.

GALESBURG, July 14.—Perry Wilson of Bushnell was seen to board the St. Louis train while in an intoxicated condition. An hour or two later his body was found beside the track.

DUQUOIN, July 14.—John Upchurch was literally cut to pieces by a train in the Cairo Short Line Yards here last night. The cars were going at a fair rate of speed when he tried to jump on and missed his hold.

Mr. F. L. Marshall,

Representing the POST-DISPATCH on 'Change, will be on the floor during business hours and will call on merchants who desire to make use of the POST-DISPATCH market reports. Telephone 284.

THE MULLANPHY BOARD.

A MEETING TO ELECT OFFICERS FOR THE ENSUING YEAR.

Probability That John McFall Will Be Elected President—The Fight Over the Secretaryship Will Not Be Settled Until the Monthly Meeting—No Scarcity of Candidates for Justice of the Peace and Constable.

The Mullanphy Board will meet late this afternoon to effect a reorganization. The new members recently elected by the Council will take their seats and participate in the election of officers. They are Matt Kohring, Peter Bauchein, J. Will Barron and W. Carmichael. All are Republican politicians. With the new members the board has ten Republicans and three Democrats. The election this afternoon is for President and Vice-President only, the salaried officers holding over until the regular meeting next month. The officers who receive compensation for their work are the Secretary, Assistant Secretary and Clerk, now held by John D. Finney, P. J. Wegman and James L. Halloran respectively. They have made good records in their respective positions, and for that reason a strong effort will be made for their retention, though their places are being sought by working politicians. There is a decidedly strong sentiment against introducing politics in the management of the fund bequeathed to the city for the relief of emigrants seeking Western homes, by the late Bryan Mullanphy, and for this reason some of the Republican members and the three Democratic members are averse to making a clean sweep to create vacancies for Republican workers demanding recognition from their party.

There are three candidates for the Presidency of the board, which becomes vacant today by the expiration of President McNamara's term. They are John McFall, Chairman of the Republican City Committee; P. J. Harris and John C. Lullman, all Republicans. McFall has been Vice-President during the past year, and his chances of election are considered first-class. In the event of his election the Vice-Presidency will go either to Harris or Lullman. The new President will have four committees to appoint, and these will be announced at the next meeting. They are the Auditing, Lands and Leasing, Ways and Means Committees, and each have four members.

The race for Secretary is becoming animated. There are three Republicans fighting for the position on the theory that Judge Finney will not be retained. W. H. Osmer, the Assistant Secretary of the Council, was the first to enter the race. Julius Gerlich and W. C. L. Bray are the other candidates. Judge Finney's friends, however, say that there is a good prospect of his retention.

No Scarcity of Candidates.

Candidates for Justice of the Peace are doing more canvassing in the hot weather than the aspirants for any other office. At the next election there will be seventeen Justices to be elected, and there are about four times that number of candidates now in the field. There are fourteen districts, all of which are entitled to a Justice, excepting the Fifth, which is allowed 3. In this district the present incumbents, Justices Sheehan, Ryan and Kane, will be candidates for re-election. Their most formidable opponents in the Democratic camp will be James Carroll, P. J. Knaffe, and Patrick McGrath. The district has been reliably Democratic for years and for that reason it is hardly expected that there will be a great rush for the Republican nominations.

In the Sixth District Justice James J. McCaffrey will have ex-Justice John Walton, now Chief Janitor at the Four Courts, opposing him for the Democratic nomination.

In the Seventh District ex-Justice Patrick O'Connell, now a building inspector, will try to defeat Justice Spaulding for the nomination, and Justice Byron of the Tenth District will be opposed by Roger M. Harty and Matt Sheehan.

In the Ninth Justice Manning and Pat Dacey, the master of Round Top Market, will fight for the nomination. As the district is strongly Democratic there will be many others in the race for the place on the ticket. In the Fourteenth District Justice Hark and Will Hanley will seek the Democratic nomination, and A. J. Ryland expects to be the choice of the Republicans. The districts named all pay well, while some of the others scarcely pay expenses. The candidates for Constableship in the various districts are legion.

Waiting to Hear From Mills.

No answer has yet been received at the State Democratic headquarters from Congressman Mills, but Chairman Maffitt and Secretary Walker are sanguine that the great tariff orator will consent to address meetings in Farmer Wade's district and visit this city later to speak to an immense gathering of workingmen. A reply from Mr. Mills is expected to-morrow.

Political Notes.

Congressman Niedringhaus is on his way to the city to give his attention to business and allow his son Tom, who has been managing his interests, to take a vacation. The elder Mr. Niedringhaus will not lose track of matters political while attending to the business that brings him home.

Chairman Tom Barrett of the Eighth District Democratic Congressional Committee has declared in favor of a short campaign and for that reason favors a late nomination. The Campaign Committee will meet early in August and arrange for a house-to-house canvass to secure the thorough registration of all the Democratic voters in the district. The General Committee will several weeks later arrange the preliminaries for the campaign.

TO SUE FOR SUPPORT.

Freida Huke to Bring Action Against Her Father.

Amanda and Freida Huke called upon Attorney F. M. Estes Saturday to have him bring an action against their father, William Huke, to compel him to support Freida, who is not yet of age. Amanda is 18 years of age, and is employed in the millinery department at Nugent's. Freida is a year younger. Their mother died two years ago and she younger of the girls has been acting as housekeeper for her father, who carries on basket-making at No. 1818 North Ninth street and resides over his store. He married a second time last fall and his daughters say he only lived five weeks with his second wife, when he turned her out of the house. They allege that recently he has been complaining that Freida did not keep house to suit him, and they assert further that he quit furnishing her money with which to procure food. They ran a bill of $1.50 at the baker's, and this they allege he complained about, finally winding up, according to their story, by severely beating Freida, and then putting her and her sister out of the house. This was two weeks ago. Freida had joined the company at Schaider's Garden which played a brief and ignominious engagement in "Undine, the Water Queen," a few weeks ago, but the girls assert that the father approved of her doing so, but that since he put them out they hear he has given that fact as one reason why he forced them to leave home. Both girls are now boarding on Olive street. They are very small and quite modest looking.

Kate Shelley, the Heroine.

DES MOINES, Io., July 14.—Kate Shelley, the heroine, has been swindled by a carpenter. She will be remembered as the woman who some years ago saved a passenger train from wreck at Moingona. A Chicago paper raised $900 for her, with which she paid off a small mortgage on her mother's farm. She then contracted with A. Lambertson, a carpenter, for two small houses, which were to cost $500 each. Lambertson bought the lumber, which he charged to Miss Shelly, collected $130 from her on account, and was just about to skip out when Miss Shelly found out what he was doing and had him arrested.

A Missing Drummer.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 14.—M. S. Marks, traveling salesman for Moore & Co. of Rochester, N. Y., has disappeared from the Bates House in this city in a manner to cause the keenest anxiety as to his whereabouts. He came here last Monday, and opening and arranging for display a large lot of samples in his rooms at the hotel, went down into the rotunda. He told one of the clerks that he was going out into the city to see a few customers, and since there has been no trace of his whereabouts. Saturday the detectives were notified, but so far they have not obtained evidence enough upon which to construct a theory. He is 40 years of age and is not known to be a drinking man.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

Mrs. M. A. Scott left this morning to make a visit to friends in Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. John Winn, Jr., are at the White Sulphur Springs, Va.

Mrs. E. J. Wilkinson is now convalescent after quite a severe illness.

Mrs. Eugene Jones is with a party of friends making a tour of the Colorado resorts.

Miss Angelica Robinson has gone to St. Paul to make a visit to her sister, Mrs. Edgar.

Miss Isidor Bienenstok has removed to Hotel Beers, Olive and Twenty-ninth streets.

Spanish Cocoa Cream cures prickly heat.

Miss Madeline Gregg of Finney avenue is visiting relatives and friends in Peoria, Ill.

Misses Blanche and Rosa Ostertag have gone to Illinois to visit friends at different points.

Rev. Carroll Davis goes soon to Sacramento, Cal., to join his sister, who is visiting there.

Mrs. J. E. Clark has gone to her usual resort, Pryor Lake, to be absent until September.

Mrs. C. R. Springer left Saturday night to make a visit to her mother, who resides in Illinois.

Mr. Breck Jones returned last week to his family, who are spending the summer in Alabama.

Miss Belle Matthews has returned home after a pleasant visit to her friend, Miss Grace Sargent.

Miss Kittie Rupenthal and cousin, Miss Laura Rupenthal, are making a short visit to St. Clair, Ill.

Mr. R. C. Kerens and family are located at Waukesha Springs, at the Fountain House, for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Morisse have returned home after a long visit to their sister in Rochester, N. Y.

Mrs. M. A. E. McClure, accompanied by her grandson, Mr. Charlie Clark, is at White Sulphur Springs, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Forbes and children of 3625 Delmar avenue will spend the summer on the coast of Maine.

Miss Mary Nixon left last week to spend the remainder of the season in Philadelphia and at the Eastern resorts.

Miss Bessie Brooks of 2017 Chestnut street is in Lebanon, Ill., this week visiting her friend, Miss Bertha Brownlee.

Rev. Dr. Crutcher of Dalton, Mo., is in the city for a few days visiting his sons, who are located here in business.

Mrs. W. H. Webster and family are located at the Cliff House, Manitou Springs, and will remain until September.

Mrs. Dr. Laidly of Grand avenue, corner of Washington, has gone to the Catskill Mountains for the hot weather.

Mr. and Mrs. M. X. Sweeny returned the latter part of the week from an extended tour of the principal Colorado resorts.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Barnard and family will leave the latter part of July to spend the month of August in the lake regions of Minnesota.

Mr. Frank West, formerly of Richmond, Va., now a resident of St. Louis, returned yesterday from a trip through Central Missouri.

Mr. Robert D. Patterson, Sr., left last night for Northeast Pennsylvania. From there he goes to the seashore for the remainder of the season.

Mrs. A. A. Browning and family after making a tour of the Colorado resorts have located at Manitou Springs for the remainder of the season.

Mrs. Harry Hodgen and children have gone to Nantasket Beach. Mrs. Hodgen, senior, has been detained in the city, but will leave next week to join them.

Mrs. Mary D. Patchen and her daughter, Miss Lily Gordon, have closed their home on Lucas place and gone to the Massachusetts coast for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Townsend and family left on Thursday for a month at Waukesha. Mrs. Charlotte Hoffman has charge of their house during their absence.

Mrs. L. D. Lawnin leaves this evening for Chicago, where she will be joined by a party of friends and go on to New York. Next Saturday they will sail for Europe.

Capt. and Mrs. C. T. Biser of the Richelieu have gone out to Webster Groves to spend the heated term. Their son, Mr. West Biser, has returned from college in Virginia.

Miss Sarah Pickett of Bacon street will leave for the East the 1st of August to be gone about three weeks

THE ISLAND OF CUBA.

PROBABLE ANNEXATION OF SPAIN'S POSSESSION TO THE UNITED STATES.

A Commission From the Spanish Government in This Country to Ascertain the Feeling on the Question—The Big Price Spain Will Probably Ask for the Island—One of the Commissioners Talks.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—Senors Hipolito Murua and Policarpo Munoza, constituting a special commission from the Spanish Government, have visited Washington within the past few days. Their movements have been very mysterious. Last night your correspondent discovered the mission of the strangers. It is a quasi-diplomatic one to ascertain the feeling, both on the part of the United States and of the Cuban residents here, as to the possible annexation of the Island of Cuba to the United States. During their stay in New York, where they arrived last Monday, they thoroughly canvassed the views of the Spanish-American element in that city and found them almost unanimous in favor of annexation. Senor Munoza in conversation said:

"Prior to our departure from Spain we were fully aware of the change in the Spanish Cabinet, and now now that Senor Canovas De Castilla has assumed the office of Prime Minister we may fully expect an almost complete and formal recognition of the Republican element in Spain. The Republicans there, or those who favor an overthrow of the monarchical rule, are almost universally in favor of disposing of the Island of Cuba to the United States."

"What price is set upon the Island?"

"That I am not prepared to say, as our negotiations have not reached that climax," was the reply.

"And do you think that $100,000,000 would reach the limit?"

"Oh, no; not by any means."

"How about $200,000,000.

"I am almost positive that Spain would give this offer a very serious consideration. You see, the feeling which pervades the present Spanish Government is a conciliatory one. It tends toward establishing perpetual peace with all nations. The object Spain has in ascertaining the disposition on the part of the United States to acquire Cuba is that it sees a way to relieve its overburdened finances, settle its international disputes and place it more on a par with other European nations."

EFFECT OF THE CESSION OF CUBA.

"What immediate effect on Spain would the cession of Cuba produce?"

"None in the very immediate future. But, with the money that can be immediately obtained from the sale, Spain would be placed in a position to secure a long projected alliance with France and the eventual absorption of Portugal and her manifold colonial interests. The project, no doubt, may seem to many a hare-brained one, but among the Republicans of Portugal and Spain it has long been cherished. You may take my word for it that the present Cabinet of Spain is only the initiative of a thoroughly decisive republican movement in that country, which is to take place in September or October. You must not think that I am disloyal to my country in disclosing these matters, which must be made sooner or later, but the truth of the matter is that when the republican movement does come there will be little, very little, if any opposition to it on the part of the monarchs. The Queen Regent of Spain is fully aware of the proposed movement and from her, as well as from the royal household, only a passive resistance may be expected."

"Why this change in Spain's demeanor? For many years has she not absolutely refused to listen to propositions as to the cession of her principal possession on the American continent?"

"The policy of Spain to-day is much more liberal than it has been for many years. She has come to the conclusion that sooner or later, in some way or other, she will lose possession of

HER AMERICAN ISLAND.

She sees that she is losing prestige there day by day, and perhaps within a very few years a blow may come which will deprive her of its control. Spain intends to make hay while the sun shines, and you may depend upon it that, seeing the inevitable must come, she will make the most of a bad bargain.

"A new Captain-General of Cuba has been appointed. One of his special instructions from the home government has been to sound the feeling of annexation on that island and to report to Madrid with all convenient dispatch. It will be impossible for me to disclose just now how Spain intends to proceed in the matter. I can safely say, however, that before the year 1890 shall have drawn to a close, negotiations will have been entered into between Spain and the United States for the transfer of the Island of Cuba to the latter. We can give no further particulars but here are our credentials from the Government at Madrid."

And Senor Murua exhibited papers purporting to authorize their mission.

"But how is it that the Spanish Minister in the United States knows nothing of this matter?"

"Oh," replied Senor Murua, "there are many affairs of State with which the Ministers accredited to foreign countries are not made acquainted, and this concerning the sale of the Island of Cuba is one of them."

It will be remembered that Senator Call at the beginning of the present session of Congress introduced a resolution having for its object the annexation of Cuba. He has talked so long and persistently upon it that the Senate appears to have become lukewarm. While here Senors Murua and Munoza have been working very cautiously in official circles. They appear to be sanguine that their negotiations will succeed.

At the Fair Grounds.

There are nine horses in the first race at the Fair Grounds to-morrow afternoon, eight in the second, seven 2-year-olds in the third, fourteen crackajacks in the fourth, seven in the fifth and five in the sixth—all for 50 cents.

STOLE HIS OWN PORTRAIT.

Charley McCormack's Scheme to Recover His Likeness From an Improper Place.

A warrant for petit larceny was sworn out this morning which brought to light a new and peculiar case of alleged blackmail. The information charges Charles McCormack with stealing a picture and frame of the value of $15. A colored woman named Annie Brown is the prosecuting witness.

The Brown woman lives on South Eighth street. To young McCormack's discredit be it said that in company with others of his ilk he several times called at her place. About two weeks ago he was astonished to find that the woman had in some way obtained a life-size picture of himself, placed it in a gaudy frame and hung it in a decidedly conspicuous place in her parlor. McCormack wroth at this indignity and ordered the woman to remove the decoration. She refused and a row was narrowly averted.

Last night McCormack called on the woman and invited her to go out with him to get something to drink. While the two were gone some person, to the police unknown, raised a rear window at the house, entered the parlor and carried away the picture, frame and all. The theft was discovered as soon as McCormack and the woman returned.

The latter at once accused McCormack of having had it stolen. McCormack at first denied his guilt, but when Sergt Lyons advised him to at least return the frame, he brought the property to light. The whole picture was then taken in charge by the police and McCormack lodged in the hoidover. This morning a warrant was sworn out charging him with petit larceny.

McCormack insists that the whole scheme is one of blackmail. He says the woman, Annie Brown, promised many times to remove the picture on condition that he pay her quite a sum of money. He had not the necessary amount and resorted to force to gain his end.

This morning Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes withdrew the warrant against McCormack and the picture was returned to the woman.

IF YOU want an ice-cold melon, go to Peters', at French Market.

A $500 Fire.

A few minutes before 12 o'clock last night fire broke out in the building at Fair and Kosciusko avenues, occupied as a saloon and grocery by James Sweeney. An alarm was sent in from box 566. Sweeney's loss of $2,000 on stock and fixtures is only slightly covered by insurance to the amount of $800. The building, owned by Mrs. Faunce, Market street and Jefferson avenue, was damaged to the amount of $500. The origin of the blaze is not known.

To-Morrow's Races.

To-morrow's race card at the Fair Grounds is the best in the United States, and a rare treat is offered those attending. Among the starters in one race—at a mile—are Rhody Pringle, Red Leaf, Spectator, Leiderkrans and Mary K. While among the sprinters who will try conclusions with each other at six furlongs are Rosa Pearl, Henry Hardy, Zeke Hardy, Mike Whiting, Weeks, Contest, Patricia, Destruction and Jessie McFarland. All for 50 cents, and ladies with escorts admitted free.

SEVERAL SERIOUS SCRAPES.

Frank Vallie Shot by John Smith—Trouble at a Colored Dance.

There were several cutting and shooting scrapes yesterday, and the colored race took a prominent and indeed an almost exclusive part in them. Several colored men were shooting craps in the saloon at 308 South Eighth street yesterday afternoon. During the game John Smith, alias Jackson, lost his temper in consequence of a claim which he regarded as unjust. A general row ensued in the course of which Smith drew his revolver and commenced firing recklessly: one of the bullets struck Frank Vallie in the abdomen, inflicting a dangerous wound and another entered the shoulder of a colored man named Wilson. The latter's wound is not serious, but Vallie's condition was declared to be serious and he was taken to the City Hospital in a dying condition. Smith made his escape, but was overtaken by Detectives Dotzman and Fagan, on whom he attempted to fire. He was, however, arrested as was also a white boy named John Murray, who is said to have handed Smith the revolver.

"DRESSED TO KILL."

Early on Sunday morning there was trouble at a negro dance at 4100 Lexington avenue. William Freeman, one of the dancers, announced more than once that he was "dressed to kill," and at about 2 a. m. he made good his word. He had been paying a considerable amount of attention to a dusky belle, who, however, was attracted by the gallantry of William Williams, alias "Possum." Freeman was immensely annoyed when he found himself shut out in the cold, and drawing a revolver he shot his successful rival in the abdomen. Freeman ran away after firing the shot, and Williams was taken to the City Dispensary. His injury is a very serious one, the bullet having entered the left side of the abdomen. He was taken to the City Hospital.

A FIGHT AND ITS RESULTS.

John Green, a colored man living in the rear of 1009 North Sixth street, fought George Lawton, another colored man, yesterday afternoon. The two men live in houses which face each other on the alley between Sixth and Seventh streets. Lawton threw some water onto Green's porch, and the two men quarreled and finally fought. Lawton struck Green on the head with a club, and Green retaliated by striking Lawton twice on the head with a hatchet, fracturing the skull badly in two places. The injured man was taken to the City Dispensary, where it was found that the skull was badly crushed and the temple artery severed. The injured man was sent on to the City Hospital, where he can hardly recover. Green's head was damaged by Lawton's club, but not seriously.

STABBED IN THE NECK.

Dennis Flynn and Oscar Walthers, who board at 913 Locust street, were involved in a quarrel and fight at their boarding-house last night. Flynn stabbed Walthers in the right side of the neck and wounded him badly, though not dangerously. Flynn was arrested and charged with assault with intent to kill.

COLORED BURGLARS.

Early yesterday morning Mrs. Mary Schmarr of 112 Gratiot street was aroused by two colored men who had effected an entrance into her room. The men were standing over her and one of them thrust a revolver in her face and warned her not to cry out. When she disobeyed one of the men gagged her, while the other searched until he found a little hoard of $53, saved from Mrs. Schmarr's earnings. This the men took and made their escape.

Second Week Globe Shovel-'Em-Out Sale.

Men's 50c coats, Shovel 'Em Out at 19c; men's $2.50 seersucker coats and vests, 99c; men's 50c and $1 vests, 15 and 50c; boy's flannel coats and vests, 49c; $4 and $5 coats and vests, $2.25 and $2.85; $6 and $8 coats and vests, $3.45 and $4.95; $1.25 coats and vests, 39c.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

AFTER THE CIGARMAKERS.

Revenue Agents Investigating Violations of the Law.

The local revenue agents are busy looking into the violations of the revenue law with regard to the cancellation of stamps on cigar boxes. They have found a variety of violations, but none of them of any importance. One manufacturer had failed to keep the record properly and others had been guilty of minor violations. Mr. F. W. H. Weisehahn, the chief clerk in the Collector's office, said to-day: "The more prominent men who are found to have violated the revenue laws in technical matters seem to think very hard of us for reporting them to the District Attorney. They ignore the fact that we have no discretion in the matter, and that the best we can do is to recommend a light punishment. The truth of the matter is that there is no excuse for a violation of the revenue laws by a tobacco manufacturer, dealer or brewer. They are furnished with manuels, and the requirements are few and simple. It is different with distillers and rectifiers. That business is very complicated and the laws may be violated in ignorance. In the other cases, however, the violations are inexcusable, and we are compelled by the rules to report them to the District Attorney."

Second Week Globe Shovel-'Em-Out Sale.

Men's $6 and $7.50 suits, Shovel 'Em Out at $3.85; $8 and $10 suits, $5.65; $12 and $15 suits, $7.45; $18 and $20 suits, $9.65; $22, $25 and $30 suits, $12.75.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

THE FRENCH FETE.

Everything Ready for a Big Time To-Night at Koerner's Garden.

The French national fete will be celebrated to-night by the French citizens of St. Louis at Koerner's Garden, which is located on Second Carondelet avenue just south of Lafayette avenue. The garden is in every way fitted for the purpose, being high and open with plenty of breathing room. A large pavillion occupies the lower part of the garden and is especially adapted for dancing purposes. The whole place will be profusely decorated with flags, bunting and colored lanterns. Refreshments of all kinds will be plentifully provided.

A special display of fireworks has been arranged for, which includes over two hundred different displays, some of them being very large and very costly set pieces.

An elaborate programme of speeches, music and songs has been arranged.

The Fete began at 3 o'clock this afternoon, but the real fun does not commence until about 8 o'clock, when the Fete will be formally opened by the President. After that the speeches, songs, dancing and fireworks will follow in rapid succession until early in the morning.

Afraid It Would "Bus'."

There are evidences that the whole American people have not been educated up to the modern conveniences which are in common use to-day.

A hayseed darky stood at the foot of the elevator shaft in the Federal building this morning and when a POST-DISPATCH man approached the gentleman of color asked?

"Mistah, do the' chahge anything to go up in that box?"

"No" was the reply "Uncle Sam has put that there for the free use of the American people."

"Is zat so! But the thing might bus' and fall down. I reckon I'll walk up."

And up the stairs he plodded.

Be sure and use Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while teething. 25c.

WILL ICE BE DEARER?

THE ICE COMBINE CONTEMPLATES PUTTING UP PRICES.

An Attempt to Break Up the Ring—Ice Coming In From the North Which Will Be Retailed at Half-Price as Far as It Will Go—How the Trade Regards the Movement.

The ice combine continues to present a solid front, and with the return of high temperatures its prospects would appear bright. Ice is scarce throughout the city. The middle classes find it difficult to raise sufficient funds to buy a full day's supply, while the poor have to go without altogether. There is a good deal of complaining and a very great deal of suffering, but the icemen as a rule seem to be holding well together. It has been denied that the wholesale men are in any way responsible for the cent a pound price-list of the retailers, but as a matter of fact the price has been maintained by threats to cut off the supply in the event of any concessions being made to the consumers. One man, Michael C. Breen of 1639 O'Fallon street, had the temerity to sell at less than the price ordered. He was selling at $7 a ton and making a good profit at that, when his supply was cut off. He was told he could have no more ice unless he paid before delivery and put up $1,000 as security. He had been in the coal and ice business for three years, and he understood exactly what the intimation meant.

His account of what followed is of interest as showing how grossly unjust and uncalled-for is the reign of high ice prices and also as indicating a possibility that the very greediness of the combine may lead to its destruction. Mr. Breen is well acquainted with the ice men in the North, and had it on pretty good authority that there was plenty of ice to be had at a fair price. He accordingly wrote to several ice men, and their replies more than confirmed his information.

WHAT ICE REALLY COSTS.

A large dealer at St. Paul, Minn., wrote on Thursday:

"Answering yours of the 3d inst., will say I have no ice to sell. If you will take enough to pay for the trouble I will go into the country and buy you some and arrange freight rates. It will cost you well on $5 a ton in St. Louis, not counting waste."

A Storm Lake (Io.) merchant writes:

"Yours of the 3d instant received. I have plenty of ice, and the price is $3 per ton on cars at Storm Lake, cash before delivery; freight from here to St. Louis, $2.50 a ton. It is good, square ice."

An Albert Lea (Minn.) firm expressed willingness to supply ice at $3 a ton on the cars.

Mr. Breen followed the matter up promptly and finally sent a remittance to cover forty tons which had been sent from La Crosse. The latter announcing the shipment states that the cars will arrive late to-night or early to-morrow morning. They will be on the track at the foot of North Market street where Mr. Breen states he will sell to all comers and whence he will deliver to all parts of the city. He does not relish being shut out by any combine and proposes to make matters very live for the ice people. He says the waste is very slight, not more than 5 per cent, and as the ice will cost him only $5.50, plus waste, he can sell at $8.75 a ton and make a good profit. This is not a very terrific cut on $9, the present wholesale price, but if Mr. Breen's plans materialize he will cause a complete panic in the retail trade, for he proposes to sell retail in any part of the city at $10 a ton, which is exactly half the current price. For a nickel the thrifty housewife will be able to get a ten-pound lump, and for a dime quite a respectable looking lump will be forthcoming.

Mr. Breen says he has an abundance of ice ordered and that he will be able to supply orders as fast as they come in. He has also carts of his own and will get ice on sale at retail as rapidly as possible so as to avoid unnecessary waste during the intense heat. If, as he confidently believes, he can get all the ice he wants, he will have sweet revenge on the combine and soon force prices to a reasonable figure.

ANOTHER ADVANCE CONTEMPLATED.

It is reported that the price of ice is to be raised by the trust on August 1. The wholesale men meet twice a week and a to-morrow's meeting the August schedule is to be agreed upon. Some of the retail dealers have already received hints as to what the new price will be, but if the market can be supplied with a cheaper article the combine may become more moderate in its demands.

A POST-DISPATCH reporter called on President Huse of the Huse & Loomis Ice Co. this morning and asked if there was any truth in the report that the price of ice is about to be again raised. Huse smiled and said:

"I don't know. I can't say anything about it, for nothing is settled."

"But do you expect there will be another advance?"

"It is very likely."

"Why?"

"Because the papers have scared the men up North who have the ice, and they, having come to the conclusion that they can get any price they like for their ice, are acting accordingly. It is the newspapers that are making ice dear, not the ice men."

Mr. Huse smiled when he delivered this weighty opinion and waited for a reply, evidently expecting an attempt would be made to prove that he was stating a fallacy. But such attempt being forthcoming he resumed:

"Ice isn't really dear, though, in St. Louis and it is being supplied so low that the margin of profit is small."

"Is there an actual scarcity of ice or any danger of an ice famine?"

"Oh, no. There is not a very abundant supply, but there is plenty of ice on hand yet."

"You can't say when the advance in price will take place?"

"No, I haven't said there is going to be one, although it is very probable that one will be necessary."

THE CUT RIDICULED.

The wholesale ice dealers ridicule the idea of the combination being broken up by the introduction of cheap ice. They appear to be well posted in Mr. Breen's movements, and are holding off ready to laugh heartily at what they regard as his inevitable failure. When questioned on this matter, Mr. Huse said that the price of ice was now so high in the North that it could not be bought there and sold in St. Louis, even at the current rates. He said:

"You can figure this out for yourself. The price of ice in the North is now about $3 a ton. The freight is $2.50 and the yardage on a car is $5. So on a car load the figure is:

Twenty tons at $3	$ 60
Freight, 20 tons at $2.50	50
Yardage	5
Total	$115

You can't put the cost at less than $115 a car, and how many tons do you suppose there are left out of twenty after the car has traveled 700 miles and been exposed to the broiling sun for three or four days? Our experience is that about thirteen tons are left, though sometimes there are fourteen tons when the packing has received more than usual attention. Supposing there are fourteen tons, that means about $8.20 a ton, and if there are only thirteen tons, $9. We are selling at $8.50 and the wharf simply because we were able to get in the great bulk of our ice before prices went up."

FORTY PER CENT WASTE.

"Is the waste as great as you have estimated?"

"Yes, it is well nigh 40 per cent. Ice is being sold very low considering the cost and we do not entertain any fear as to cutting. I hear a teamster is getting in some Northern ice which he threatens to sell at half our prices. If he has to pay cash he will lose so much on his first shipment even if he charges the same as we are doing that he will never have a second. Of course if he can get unlimited credit he may sell very low for a time. If he tries to sell direct from the cars and keeps the ice in them while he beats up orders, he will not be able to get ten tons out of a car and often not nearly as much. There is no chance of ice being sold any cheaper than our rates."

Black Sashes for Gentlemen.

T. B. Boyd & Co. have just received a large shipment of black silk sashes for gentlemen, from $1.50 to $4. These sashes are becoming very popular with the old as well as the young men.

Had Not Time to Prosecute.

John Lamb was sent to the Workhouse this afternoon to serve out a fine of $100 and cost imposed on him this morning in the First District Police Court. Lamb was charged with vagrancy. On last Saturday evening a countryman was standing on the levee at the foot of Olive street as Lamb passed. The stranger had a $20 bill in his hand. Lamb grabbed the money and was making away when a police officer interfered and took him into custody. The countryman secured his money and then refused to prosecute, insisting that he was forced to leave the city. The charge of vagrancy was then set down against the prisoner.

The Matinees.

So many horses were entered this morning for to-morrow's matinee at the Fair Grounds, that one of the races has to be split and there will be six in all. The grand stand is the coolest place in the city, and a great crowd should be out to see the splendid sport offered.

A GOOD SHOWING.

The Ore Output for the Galena and Empire City (Kan.) District.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

GALENA, Kan., July 14.—Statement of output of ore from the mining district of Galena and Empire City for the week ending Saturday, July 12:

COMPANIES.	Rough Ore, lbs. mined.	Zinc Ore, lbs. sold.	Lead Ore, lbs. sold.
Stone's Concentrating Mill, No. 1	80,000	.....	.....
Perry's Concentrating Mill	621,120	261,770	3,550
Murphy's Concentrating Mill, No. 1	265,800	16,190	2,030
Murphy's Concentrating Mill, No. 2	228,480	17,490	1,840
Galena Lead & Zinc Co.	449,730	230,000	.....
Murphy & Murphy's Mill	76,220	.....	.....
Boice & Emmons' Mill	356,890	43,510	.....
Midland Mill	180,000	38,360	.....
Vest & Co.'s Mill	.....	44,650	.....
Total	2,258,240		
	Rough Ore Sold.		
Galena Lead & Zinc Co.	150,000	.....	.....
Windsor Lead & Zinc Co.	34,100	30,000	13,000
Cornwall Mining & Smelting Co.	60,000	.....	.....
Empire Mining Co	.....	11,570	.....
Ohio Lead & Zinc Co.	.....	6,000	1,000
Illinois Lead & Zinc Co.	28,000	50,810	6,800
State Line Mining Co.	.....	42,100	.....
Maggie Taylor Mining Co	35,000	8,500	.....
Bonanza Mining & Co.	.....	23,000	1,500
Patrick Mining Co	.....	.....	9,490
Norton & Maitland	.....	.....	2,330
Ol. Sparks	.....	.....	3,050
Other sales	1,951,140	76,150	206,000
Total	2,258,240	900,000	250,670

Sales aggregated, total value $16,517 75
Total value of output 21,063 00

MELONS, ice-cold, red to the rind, at Peters', French Market.

FIGHT OVER FURNITURE.

Peculiar Family Row Underlying Warrants Sworn Out at the Four Courts To-Day.

A peculiarly complicated family difficulty was at the bottom of a warrant for robbery in the first degree which Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes issued at the Four Courts this morning. The information is against Patrick O'Gorman, James Halpin, Con O'Brien, Mike Cunningham and Tim Kleshan.

Andrew Murphy is the prosecuting witness in the action. Murphy owns a grocery at Twenty-third and Biddle streets and a saloon at 6417 Delmar avenue. Recently he had his wife had a falling out which resulted in counter-charges and two suits for divorce. These proceedings are now pending in the civil courts. About a week ago Murphy, during his wife's absence, secured several furniture vans and had all of his household effects moved from his rooms over the grocery to rooms over the saloon on Florissant avenue.

Mrs. Murphy took rather determined action. She told her brother, Patrick O'Gorman, of the removal. O'Gorman on Saturday morning secured the services of Con O'Brien, James Halpin, Mike Cunningham and Tim Kleshan. Then he went to Murphy's rooms and in spite of that gentleman's protests loaded the best of the furniture in a couple of wagons and took it away. Murphy was taken completely by surprise, and could make no forcible resistance. He will now prosecute all of the participants in the act for robbery. Deputy Sheriff Hardwig arrested all of the defendants yesterday afternoon. The furniture has not yet been recovered.

SICK headache, billiousness, nausea, costiveness are promptly and agreeably banished by Dr. J. H. McLean's Liver and Kidney Pillets (little pills).

A SAD CAREER.

The Daughter of a Physician Believed to Have Taken Poison.

Anna Wachtel, a young married woman, and the daughter of an Illinois physician, disappeared yesterday from a house of bad repute, of which she has been an inmate about two weeks. On a recent occasion she tried to commit suicide, and from a letter found in her room it is surmised she has taken poison, though the letter is somewhat incoherent. The unfortunate woman is, or was, well connected, and she married well. She had a good home, but left it to go on the stage, her ambition being to excel on the trapeze. She failed in this and came to St. Louis, where for a time she stopped at the House of the Good Shepherd. She left about two weeks ago and became an inmate of a notorious house on Chestnut street, but during her stay there she seemed unhappy and full of remorse. Her present whereabouts are unknown.

DR. ENNO SANDER'S Garrod Spa, the remedy for gout and urinary concretions, contains more Lithia in one pint than other Lithia waters in one gallon. For sale by druggists.

NATURALIZATION CASES.

Serving Defendants in the Big Batch of Suits Filed by the District Attorney.

Marshal Buchanan is rapidly serving the defendants in the 102 naturalization cases which District Attorney Reynolds filed on Saturday. The following defendants were served to-day and the names made public:

Ernst John, the witness in the Julius Lehman case, Clement Hermes, Charles Gliderhaus, Henry Teuser, Andrew Hueppner, Ellert Jergens, Henry Hermler, William Herstmanhoff, Bernard Echoff, Gustav A. Clouse, Daniel Tescher, John Hueisman, Henry Beeck, Frederich Fredericks, John Evertroushi, Frederick Kueckmeier, John Malonski, Emanuel Meyers, Theodore Kytka. The suits are for the purpose of annulling the records of the naturalization, the allegation being that the defendants obtained their papers on fraudulent representations. Mr. Reynolds claims that the defendants are not entitled to the privileges of citizenship under those papers, and his object in filing the suits is to deprive the defendants of the citizenship unlawfully obtained.

TAKEN TO THE PEN.

Three Prisoners Who Will Serve Terms in the Missouri Prison.

Deputy Sheriff John Pohlman went up to Jefferson City this morning, having in charge three prisoners bound for the penitentiary.

Henry Miller will serve four years for burglary in the second degree and larceny in breaking into the store of the Daly Printing Co. Herman Goldberg will serve two years for grand larceny. Goldberg is the clerk who was caught pilfering from the stock of Rice, Stix & Co. William Lee will serve three years for assault to kill. This is the third time Lee has been up the road. In each instance Detective Flynn has been the prosecuting officer. On this account Lee bears no good will toward the officer. Three years ago, when sentence was pronounced on him in the Criminal Court, he attempted to throttle Flynn. To-day his last words before leaving the Four Courts for the depot were a message which he sent to Flynn, warning him that he would kill him on sight as soon as he was again at liberty. Lee is a desperate negro.

GO TO Peters', at French Market, for an ice-cold melon.

FLANNEL SHIRTS.

THE

Brokaw Stock

Goes this time. Last week we closed out the entire stock of the Brokaw Mfg. Co., divided into two lots, and, commencing TO-MORROW MORNING, will offer the following:

IN MEN'S BARGAINS

All their

$1.50 and $2 Shirts

Go for

98 Cents

ALL

$2.50, $3 and $3.50 Shirts

Go for

$1.69.

STYLES THE LATEST.
GARMENTS PERFECT-FITTING.

The goods go at less than cost of making. See window.

THIRTEEN DOLLARS and THIRTY-NINE CENTS

—FOR—

Your Choice of Our Suit Stock

TO-DAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY we give you your choice of SUITS in our immense stock—Sacks, Cutaways, Fancy Prince Alberts—all the fine Silk and Serge-Lined Suits for $13.39. Think of it!

$13.39

FOR THE BEST $30.00 CUTAWAY SUIT IN THE CITY.

$13.39

FOR THE BEST $28 OR $30 SACK SUIT.

$13.39

FOR YOUR PICK FROM OVER 3,000 FINE $20, $25, $28 and $30 TAILOR-MADE SUITS.

It's an unequaled offer, that positively ends Wednesday Night.

THIN COATS AND VESTS.

Mohairs, Pongees, Drap d'Etes, Flannels, Alpacas, all go at Reduced Prices.

J. L. HUDSON, CLOTHIER,

406 AND 408 NORTH BROADWAY.

ST. LOUIS JOCKEY CLUB

Matinee at Fair Grounds To-Morrow and Each Afternoon This Week.

COMMENCING AT 3 P. M.

Admission.....50 Cents

Including Seat in Grand Stand.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

THE CURIOUS CONTROVERSY STARTED BY THE CHESTNUT STREET SIGNS.

The Name of the Street Is Spelled "Chesnut" on the Signs and the Authorities Are Now Being Looked Up to Show This Is a Blunder—The Queer Names Some of the Streets Would Have If the Old Ordinances Were Followed Literally.

The new street signs are being put up all the way out Chestnut street from the Levee westward with the name spelled "Chesnut." The spelling was authorized by the Street Department on a somewhat shaky authority, Mr. Rauschenbach taking an ordinance of 1840 as a precedent. In that ordinance it was spelled Chesnut street and ever since an attempt has been made to continue the blunder and spell the name wrong because it was spelled wrong the first time it was officially recorded. Mr. Boedecker, one of the oldest engineers in the city employ, and Mr. Rauschenbach both assert that they have always spelled it without the t. Maj. Emory Foster, Secretary of the Board of Public Improvements, says that he was warned ten years ago to leave out the t and has been doing so ever since in all official documents. He had no authority that he could lay his hands on but just did it because everyone else in the City Hall did the same thing. The Street Department had only two authorities and a POST-DISPATCH reporter took the task of investigating the whole matter.

THE AUTHORITIES CONSULTED.

Beginning at the Street Department office, the oldest record there was a certified copy of city ordinance No. 587, which provided for the "grading of Chesnut street from Fourth street to Fifth street." It was dated 1840. The next authority that the Street Department could produce was an old city map adopted in 1824. On this map Chestnut street was spelled Chesnut but Lombard street was spelled Lumbard, so that the map could scarcely be a good authority on spelling. The streets at that time were named in succession from Convent street northward—Sycamore, Lumbard, Mulberry, Cedar, Plum, Poplar, Almond, Spruce, Myrtle, Elm, Walnut, Market, Chesnut, Pine, Olive, Locust, Vine, Laurel, Prune, Oak, Cherry, Hickory, Pear and Willow. These names only held good as far west as Broad Way, as it was then spelled, and from there out took different names.

In the field book of Jas. C. Brown, City Surveyor, made in 1838-39, the name is invariably spelled Chesnut street. Several of the city officials who were asked about the manner of spelling the name of the street spelled it differently, each giving different reasons for so doing. Supply Commissioner Rowland holding that the street was named after a Mr. Chesnut. Why he thought so he could not say. In the office of the Recorders of Voters the name appears on the books as Chestnut, but on the official map fixing the ward and precinct boundaries as Chesnut.

All of the special tax bills are made out with the spelling, Chestnut, while in official notices from the Board of Public Improvements on special tax matters the name is spelled without the t.

In the Register's office there is the original ordinance of July, 1826, which reads as follows:

"An ordinance naming the streets of the city of St. Louis.

"Whereas, It is a desideratum with the citizens of this city to remove the difficulties and inconveniences which are daily experienced from the present names by which the streets of the city of St. Louis are known,

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the city of St. Louis that all the streets running westwardly from the river Mississippi shall be called and known by the following names, to-wit:

The street known by the name of Market street shall retain the present name. The first parallel or cross street north of said street shall be called Chesnut street, and the second parallel or cross street north, etc.

This is the first known record of an official naming of the streets, and in it the word is spelled Chesnut, but it is very possible that a mistake was made, as in the same manuscript the parallel streets are also called "cross streets," which is somewhat peculiar.

The city officials, and especially those in the Street Department, assert positively that they never spell the name with the t in their ordinances or official documents, and that statement that any other spelling would invalidate the measures shows to be groundless by looking over several ordinances on file in the Register's office.

Ordinance No. 12,224, approved March 7, 1883, spells it Chestnut.

Ordinances 12,770 and 12,771, approved March 28, 1884, spell the names Chesnut, and ordinance No. 12,772 of the same date and exactly similar to the other two, except in the portion of the street mentioned, spells it Chestnut.

Ordinance 13,332 of July 1, 1885, is for improving Chestnut street from Twelfth to Eighteenth, and ordinance No. 14,327 of February 24, 1888, calls for work on Chestnut street.

OTHER BLUNDERS AUTHORIZED.

It would seem from the evidence of the official documents that it does no real harm to spell the word right, and there is no legal enactment compelling the Street Commissioner to spell the name wrong just because in the early days of semi-phonetic spelling a clerk made the mistake.

The dictionaries spell it chestnut, and in the revised ordinances of 1887 it is spelled two ways, some places the t being put in and in other places omitted. Why the various city departments differ in their manner of spelling the name they do not know, but just do it. Some spell it right and some wrong. In connection with the street signs, if the Street Department is sticking to a fixed rule it might provide a good deal of entertainment for the citizens. For example, on Fourth street the name or number of the street is abbreviated and painted "4th," while the word street is spelled out in full. Perhaps it would be well to follow the abbreviation system on the names whenever it is possible, for example, Mississippi avenue might be put up on the posts as Miss avenue, or Benjamin street Ben street, or Carolina street Carrie street, Edward avenue Ed avenue, or Arkansas avenue Ark avenue. It seems to be the rule to make the name of the street the smallest part of the sign while the word street or avenue is given all the prominence the space on the tin will permit. This curtailing of names might be carried out to an indefinite extent so as to have ample room for the full word street or avenue.

Second Week Globe Shovel-'Em-Out Sale.

Children's $1 suits, shovel 'em out, 49c; children's $1.75 and $2 suits, 99c; children's $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $4 suits at $1.49 and $1.95; children's $4.50, $4.75, $5 and $6 suits at $2.65 and $3.15; children's $6.50, $7, $7.50 and $8.50 suits $3.85 and $4.95.

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

SORRY HE DIDN'T KILL HIM.

A Warrant Against the Murderous Swede Who Shot Gustave Carlson.

A warrant was sworn out this morning charging Moritz Hall with assault with intent to kill. Hall is the Swede who, on last Friday morning, put a ball from a 44-caliber revolver into Gustave Carlson's breast. Carlson, it will be remembered, kept a saloon and boarding-house at 305 North Levee. Hall worked as a laborer on various railroad jobs. Carlson called Hall a liar because of some remarks which had been made. Hall went at once to a neighboring saloon, where he had his valise, and obtained a revolver. This he loaded and returning to Carlson's, shot the proprietor as he stepped from behind the bar. The ball entered Carlson's breast on the left side and ranging upward passed through the lung and lodged in the [illegible] below the shoulder-blade.

It was not thought that the man could live through the night. He seems possessed of a wonderful amount of vitality, however, and is, according to the attending physician, in a fair way to ultimate recovery.

The swearing out of a warrant against Hall was delayed as long as possible in order to await the result of Carlson's injury.

Hall persists that he is sorry that he failed to kill his man.

A Revenue Transfer.

Revenue Agent McCoy has been transferred from the St. Louis District to Chicago. Mr. McCoy has not been in the city long, having been assigned here only when the districts were changed for the summer season.

SICK HEADACHE—Carter's Little Liver Pills
SICK HEADACHE—Carter's Little Liver Pills
SICK HEADACHE—Carter's Little Liver Pills
SICK HEADACHE—Carter's Little Liver Pills

AMUSEMENTS.

SCHNAIDER'S GARDEN

AND NEW THEATER.

Grand Opening, Monday, July 14.

SPENCER OPERA CO.

50 Artists. IN THE 50 Artists.

GONDOLIERS.

Special Children's Matinee Saturday at Popular Prices.

TICKETS FOR SALE AT

Bollman Bros. Co., 1100 Olive st., telephone 1,420; Southern Hotel; Lindell Hotel, telephone 1,578; Geo. Fehl & Co., 1302 S. Broadway, and Schnaider's Garden, telephone 2,376.

UHRIG'S ★ CAVE.

To-night and during the week,

DIXON & BELL'S ENGLISH OPERA CO.,

In the great success,

ERMINIE!

Introducing Miss Nina Bertini, prima donna, late of the Carl Rosa Opera Co., London. Performance at 8:30 p. m. Seats at Sherer's Book & News Co., 8th and Olive streets.

SPORTSMAN'S PARK.

ATHLETICS vs. BROWNS.

The second game of the great series to-morrow.

Admission 25c. Play called at 4 p. m.

Tickets at Exposition Cigar Store, No. 206 N. Broadway.

BRACE UP

Weak men, with brain, nerves and sexual organs impaired, can find an absolute cure in NERVE BEANS. Make old men young, give fire and vigor to exhausted youth, double joy of living. $1 per box, postpaid; 6 boxes $5. Pamphlet (sealed) free. Address Nerve Bean Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold at Frost & Bnf's, 5th and Olive; Fernow's, cor. Broadway and Market, and all leading druggists.

HOFFMAN'S HARMLESS HEADACHE POWDERS.

Positively the Best.

CURE ALL HEADACHES.

They are not a Cathartic

ESTABLISHED 100 YEARS.
15 INTERNATIONAL AWARDS.

PEARS' SOAP

The Purest, Most Economical and best of ALL SOAPS.

OF ALL DRUGGISTS, BUT BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY,

BEECHAM'S PILLS

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders.

"Worth a Guinea a Box" but sold for 25 Cents.

BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

HIGH TEMPERATURES.

THE WHOLE COUNTRY SUFFERING FROM ANOTHER HOT WAVE.

How St. Louis Is Being Affected in This Time of Universal Heat—Comparative Mercury Records—A Long Drouth and the Market Gardeners' Lament—Yesterday's Sizzlings as Reported by the Signal Service.

THE ice men's stock diminished rapidly to-day. The cuff-buttons brilliants which have passed for ten-pound lumps were reduced to glass-cutter fragments on the way from the wagon to the icebox. Sol drew lines of solitude along one side of every thoroughfare and that portion of the populace that was compelled to be abroad skulked in the narrow shadow along the other side of the way. This is one of the days when the mercury humps itself, when the column in glass tubes pushes itself up higher and higher until the recording scale at the tube's side grows nervous fearing it will be overtopped.

Last night there was hint of rain. To be sure the sunset was full of red and yellow promise of fair weather, but later clouds gathered in the West (from which the windstorms come) and in the south (from whence rain may be expected.) There were abundant flashes of heat lightning, and that was all the storm promise amounted to.

THE NIGHT WAS HOT,

and but little air movement served to mitigate the heat. To-day opened warm. Before the sun rose the mercury was preparing itself for rapid climbing. The tornado in the vicinity of St. Paul was indicative of no change in the temperature here. Such disturbances have their effect in reducing the temperature in the locality in which they occur; but a storm of more general character is needed to affect the temperature of the country. There were heavy rains to the south and southeast of St. Louis yesterday—heavier rains than have fallen in some of the dampened localities for years. The belt was unfortunately for this city about 300 miles away. As a result of that error on the part of the cloud director market gardeners and the consumers of their produce will continue to use great quantities of impure English. Tomatoes will remain at two for 5c, and potatoes will continue to overshoot the 25-cent mark, while dealers' stalls will not cease being repositories of dessicated likenesses of well known vegetables.

The present drouth is of almost unprecedented length. There have been showers on several days within what may be called the drouth period, but in no case were these falls heavy enough to lay the dust upon the macadamized roads into the county, or general enough to benefit the dried up inhabitants of city tenements and

FARM PRODUCTS.

There were showers in the city on July 8 and 12. The first extended over only a small portion of the city and was of short duration, though the fall was heavy. On the 12th (Saturday) also, but a portion of the city was visited and the fall was lighther. Neither rain visited the country to the north, west or south of the city. It is nearly a month since the vegetable raisers saw rain, and such of them as had not provided means for irrigating their gardens, now look over wastes of burned and wilted stalks.

This has kept the prices of vegetables up to early spring heights, and many things that are usually at this time exceedingly cheap and plentiful are being brought from long distances and sold at high prices.

So it is in the prospects for rain, instead of change of temperature that St. Louisans are most deeply interested. To-day there seems to be little sign of approaching rain, though it may be that the signal service reports will later in the day give basis for a rain prediction.

To-day's temperature will rival yesterday's. The ninety mark was passed between 9 and 10 o'clock, and the signal service reading at noon was 95.

THE HEAT YESTERDAY.

Yesterday was not so hot as July 7, but the Signal Service Department reports 97.6 as the temperature at 4 p. m. This was hot enough to be unpleasant and oppressive, but it was cool compared with the weather in other cities, notably in Iowa and Nebraska. At North Platte the maximum was 100; at Sioux City, Omaha and Burlington, 104, and at Kansas City, Lincoln and Des Moines, 102. In St. Louis the thermometer registered as high or higher than 90 for seven hours, between noon and 7 p. m., and the coolest place was indoors. The streets were comparatively deserted, but the parks and the steamboats were well patronized.

There were three cases of prostration during the day. John W. Fay, a salesman residing at Eighteenth street and Franklin avenue, became overheated at the corner of Jefferson avenue and Morgan street. He was treated at the Dispensary and sent home.

George Sullmeyer walked several miles and into the city. He crossed the bridge from the Illinois side and then broke down. He was sent to the City Hospital in a very bad condition.

Frank Slowey of 1014 Collins street was overcome by the heat at his home and treated at the Dispensary. His condition was not serious.

THE READINGS.

The readings to-day were as follows:

6	78	11	91
7	80	12	92
8	83	1	93
9	86	2	96
10	89	3	95

Burlington's Hot Blast.

BURLINGTON, Io., July 14.—Yesterday was the hottest day of the season. The thermometer indicated 106 in the shade.

Hottest of the Season.

HAMBURG, Io., July 14.—Yesterday was the hottest day of the season—105 in the shade.

Hugged the Century Mark.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., July 14.—Yesterday was one of the hottest of the summer, the mercury hugging the century mark.

A Young Wife's Suicide.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MEXICO, Mo., July 14.—Yesterday morning at Callao, in this county, Mrs. Fred Fox, the wife of the C., B. & Q. Ry. telegraph operator, committed suicide by jumping in the schoolhouse well, twenty feet deep, and drowning herself. Mrs. Fox had an attack of typhoid fever. Two or three of the neighboring women had sat up with her during the night before and early in the morning Mrs. Fox told the ladies she was feeling all right and that they might return home. By this time Mr. Fox had come home from the telegraph office and lay down by the side of his wife and went to sleep. At this time Mrs. Fox was stricken with a suicidal mania from the effects of the fever. She slipped out of the house and ran to the well before her folks missed her. Mr. and Mrs. Fox had been married about five years and had two small children.

Backed Into the River and Drowned.

About 10 o'clock yesterday morning while John Gray, a teamster, was engaged in dumping a cart load of cinders into the river at the foot of Blow street, in Carondelet, his mule backed over the embankment into the water and was drowned. Gray managed to clear himself of the lines and escaped injury.

A Supposed Runaway.

J. A. Schultz, a farmer living at Stratman, St. Louis County, reported at the Four Courts this morning that about two weeks ago a 12-year old boy, giving his name as George Wettler, came to his place and has remained ever since. Schultz thinks the lad has run away from home, and wishes to return him to his relatives.

A Bold Express Robbery.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 14.—The Northern Pacific Express Co.'s office, 81 Dearborn street, was robbed of $1,400 Saturday night. Two of the clerks were in the office at the time, working on the books. There are conflicting stories as to how the robbery was done. One of the clerks tells the following: A masked thief gained an entrance through the door that leads off the alley, and after chloroforming one of the clerks, knocked the other to the floor with a blow from a "jimmy." He then broke open the money drawer and took every dollar that it contained. Stuffing the currency into a bag he hastily left the building by the rear door and made his escape down the dark alley. No arrests have been made, and the clerk's story is generally discredited.

George Partridge's Estate.

The late George Partridge left a large estate concerning which a variety of estimates are made. He was not actively engaged in business for many years before his death. It is the general opinion that the estate will largely exceed half a million dollars in value. The will has not yet been filed. The supposition is that considerable amounts will be left to various charities, another that the bulk of the estate will go to Mr. Parsridge's daughter.

Fell From His Buggy.

Frederick Kriseck, living at 2828 Palm street, met with an accident this morning. While he was getting into his buggy the horse started and threw him backwards. He was dragged a block over the granite and when rescued it was found that his leg was broken and that he had sustained other injuries.

A Queen's Old Clothes.

From the Chicago Herald.

It is not generally supposed that any society woman in New York arrays herself in anybody's old clothes, but a few of them have done so, and been proud enough of the fact to tell about it, though it does not seem to have reached the ears of those gifted and imaginative writers for some of the papers whose vivid descriptions of the petticoats and nightgowns of society leaders whom they do not hesitate to specify would seem to indicate a remarkable intimacy in the boudoirs of ladies. But there are women of abundant wealth and refined taste who wear second-hand clothes, though they do not go down to Bleecker street to buy the gorgeous satins and cottony velvets which hang at the doors of the old clothes shops in such tempting magnificence.

No, the possession of the castoffs implies a voyage across the sea and stamps the owner at once as a woman of means and opportunities. For they are the once or twice worn tenets of royalty, and are only to be obtained by the fortunate few who can get in to the annual sale of costumes of Queen Margherita of Italy. And it by no means follows that because they are second hand they are cheap. The modern kings and queens appear to have degenerated from the lavishness of splendor attributed to the old-time sovereigns and to have a thrifty satisfaction in turning an honest penny.

Queen Margherita is a beautiful woman, and is said to be one of the best dressed in Europe. The exigencies of court life, with its brilliant pageants and ceremonials, require a great many splendid toilets in the course of a year, as the same one can only figure at two or three of these grand functions. Nor can it be supposed that any pretty woman neglects to live up to her opportunities and to fulfill these requirements. So at the end of the year the accumulation of scarcely worn fine gowns is sold to the highest bidders by a court chamberlain or some other royal functionary with much pomp and circumstance.

Happy is the American woman with money in her purse who gets into one of these most exclusive auctions, but oh! thrice and four times happy, as Mr. Virgil remarks, the woman who brings home with her, as did the wife of a rich New Yorker lately, a sumptuous gown of green velvet, with a train of royal length and strange, unique metallic embroideries, calculated to make every woman who saw her in it mentally inquire: "Where is the world did she get that gown?"

HYPNOTIZING A HEN.

And Thus Obtaining a Brood of Healthy, Happy Little Chickens.

Within the last month I have made an interesting experiment with a fowl, writes a correspondent of the *Spectator*. Some choice eggs being sent me for hatching purposes (having no hen at that time broody and no incubator) I determined to set one of my hens on these eggs and keep her there by the force of mesmeric power. The eggs were not fresh when I received them, and to keep them with the uncertain hope of a hen coming broody might have been fatal to their hatching. I therefore went against nature and get my hen upon these eggs; she was in full lay at the time and remained so throughout the three weeks of incubation, the setting according to wont, two out of three days. Those who understand poultry will appreciate that no hen will do this, having become naturally broody, although for the first day or two after being set on eggs. I have had hens lay once or even twice.

Marking the eggs I set her upon, I was able to know and withdraw the eggs she kept laying. The first day I placed her on the eggs it took me half an hour to get her into a hypnotic condition; but each successive day, after having roused her to drink and eat, I was able to soothe her to drowsy lucidity in much less time; also there were days, for which I can give no reason, when I used to go to her more than once in the day, she being in a restless, excited state, trying to get off the nest. The result has been, much to my own astonishment, that four out of seven of these eggs have hatched and are lusty, happy little chickens. At night I can still influence their mother to her maternal duties, but in the daytime she takes no notice of them.

RUDYARD KIPLING.

A Word Portrait of the Literary Lion of the Hour.

From the Boston Herald.

Talking of portraits, I have just had one of Rudyard Kipling painted for me in words by a London friend who knows very intimately this conquering hero in the world of letters. My friend writes: "Personally I like him much and he interests me. He is a small man, short-sighted, but with good eyes, only 24. His talk is quick and pleasant, full of fun and vivacity and shrewd touches of observation, almost wit. He is a delightful companion to men. Women do not always like him, for he has caught the prevailing tone—the pessimistic cynicism of the day—and he has caught, too, the slang of Indian messrooms, which is a few shades worse than that of messrooms at home. People who only know him superficially think he has an immense deal of 'side,' but that is all superficial. At heart he is the nicest and most modest fellow I know. I think he has a great future, and I honestly believe him to be the nearest to a genius of any man that we have had in England for the last ten years."

No man in London has a keener perception of character than the writer of the letter from which I have quoted the foregoing; but I shall soon have an opportunity to form my own impressions of Kipling, since already I am asked to meet him at a London dinner. This morning one of his books comes to me—"The Story of the Gadsbys." It has a delightful suggestion of the Orient, for it is published in the "Indian Railway Library," and the price is 1 rupee. "Other books by the same author" (advertised on the cover) are: "Soldiers Three," "In Black and White" and "Under the Deodars," and to these will presently be added "Wee Willie Winkie, and Other Children's Stories," and "The Phantom Rickshaw, and Other Eerie Tales." Each of these books is priced at a rupee. I don't quite know what a rupee represents. There is a delightful mystery about it; but it seems much more interesting to buy a book for a rupee than for a shilling. When Rudyard Kipling writes of the people he knows and has lived among, his work is epoch making in literature. Such a story as "Without Benefit of Clergy," in *Macmillan's Magazine* for June, is unrivaled among the magazine stories of the year; but on the other hand "The Lamentable Comedy of Willow Wood" in the May *Fortnightly* seems to me a dead failure, though I must add that, so far as I have seen Kipling's work, it is his only failure. He is sui generis. His wonderful freshness of thought, his vivid presentations of a life unknown to us, his passion, his pathos, his very cynicisms—are they not all delightful?

A Great German University.

From the Chicago Times.

The University of Berlin, with its 6,000 students and scores of famous professors, has a capital of but $750,000. Its largest endowment, that of the Countess Bose, is only $159,000. Nevertheless, it it is the seat of the highest German language, and claims to have the ablest corps of instructors of all the world's schools.

LITERARY ASPIRANTS.

A PROFESSIONAL READER GIVES THEM A SHORT TALK.

The Needs of the Literary Weeklies and the Manuscript of Well-Known Writers—Robert L. Stevenson's House in Samoa—The Supply of Serial Stories Already on Hand.

[Written for the POST-DISPATCH.]

THAT there is some skepticism that may be pardoned regarding the truth of the sensational story which has been flashed under the oceans, and is now surprising the literary world to the effect that Robert Louis Stevenson has picked out a Samoan mountain slope as a permanent home and will at once begin to build a house. To whatever extent the gifted author of "Jekyll and Hyde" may indulge his passion for studying wild and unfamiliar life in the remote nooks of the globe to which his yacht carries him, it seems improbable that his numerous literary engagements can admit of his choosing as a home a place far removed from the centers of thought and study—hundreds of leagues, indeed, from the nearest literary conveniences and secluded from the world's activity and progress. The writing, serials, sketches, etc., for which he is under contract, are sufficient to occupy at least a twelvemonth, and the total remuneration for the work is estimated at $80,000, of which sum a New York literary weekly is to pay $10,000 for a serial story.

Curiosity is allowable concerning the autograph of a writer whose pen-marks bring him such remuneration. Mr. Stevenson's signature is a disappointment to those who believe that an author's personality shows itself in his handwriting. It is small, fluent, delicate and almost graceful, indicating none of his weird originality in writing and none of the forceful disregard for conventionality which the author shows in his speech and his dress. Observers who believe that a man mirrors himself to some extent in his handwriting could find many instances to support their theory in the MSS which come before the eye of a professional "reader," and not a few instances which would puzzle their faith. In any event they would learn much of what the curious public is ever eager to learn.

HAROLD FREDERICK

has a bold, simple and easy handwriting which is a joy to the heart of the professional "reader," and the writing of James Parton is like unto it. Elizabeth Stewart Phelps has a quick and nervous hand and her manuscript is filled with interlineations. Julian Hawthorne's "copy" averages eighteen words to a line (his copy paper being seven inches wide) and is written with a peculiar violet ink which flashes into old gold or deadens to purple in certain lights. Edgar Fawcett's handwriting is plain and full. Frank Dempster Sherman prints his poems with a fine pen, forming beautifully delicate letters, his manuscript being almost as delicate and lucid as his verses. The same could be said of Clinton Scollard's poems. Amelia E. Barr's writing is large and firm and angular, yet delicate. Judge Tourgee uses ink which is like Julian Hawthorne's, only more so. Mrs. Madeline Vinton Dahlgreen's chirography is sapring to Goethe with lofty arches and sky aspiring l's. Anna Katharine Green's handwriting is delicate, graceful, imaginative and semi-fashionable.

Writers who send in several MSS. in the same instrument make a big mistake, if the information recently vouchsafed to me by a reader for one of the weeklies. It is much better for a writer to take a little additional trouble and mail the articles at intervals of a day or two. Few readers can recommend more than one out of four or five short stories sent at one time by the same author, and it is frequently the case that two or three of those same stories might be recommended if a week elapsed between the receipt of each story. When an assortment of

SHORT STORIES,

poems, sketches and comics is received, the impression given is distinctly unfavorable. The idea of the sender is too boldly evident. "Perhaps one of these will strike a job lot" is easily read between the lines. Many publishers require their "readers" to keep an elaborate record and index of all articles submitted and the work of such "readers" is increased appropriately when a job lot of stories, poems, etc., is received.

As for serials, it is in most cases comparatively simple to judge of them. Just now the magazines and the higher grade weeklies have fewer serials than was the case fifteen or four years ago, at which time some of the weeklies used to print as many as six serials in each issue. To-day, however, most of the superior periodicals use only two serials, some of them only one serial. Consequently only a serial of the brilliancy to insure show of being accepted. Accordingly, the niche being so small, most serials proffered are rejected off hand. As a novel published serially must be in a series of parts (that is, be divided into instalments nearly equal in length, and have a rat tling, old-school suspenseful climax) and a many new writers do not write in pursuance of this requisite, many novels which would be salable and bright are shown the door out by "readers" for magazines and weeklies. Above all, a serial must have a hair-lifting first instalment. It must lose no time in description and analysis, but must get down at once to action; the description and analysis may come along about the third or fourth instalment.

But the fact is that a serial by an unknown author has not one chance in thirty of acceptance. Most publishers have stored in their safes anywhere from ten to twenty-five or thirty serials by standard and popular authors, and these may have been awaiting insertion anywhere from six months to three or four years or more. With such a wealth of serial fiction on hand and with a lessening demand for fiction on the part of readers, it is not strange that magazine publishers should be reluctant to accept a serial, no matter how excellent, from

AN UNKNOWN GENIUS.

Just now magazines and weeklies are on the lookout for short sketches of travel, adventure, exploration, etc., which are capable of illustration. Strange life and scenery in remote nooks of the earth, picturesque features of metropolitan life, his her phases of sports, religious practices, etc., etc., etc., in fact, anything of interest which can be illustrated from photographs or by the fancy of a creative and poetical artist, have a better show for acceptance to-day than fiction. By the way, amateur photography is classified to-day as a dictatorial part in the weeklies. A series of good photographs will float an inferior article, the editors touching up the manuscript, and, if necessary, giving it to a literary hack to rewrite.

Regarding poetry: As might be expected, most of the verses which come in are evolved from feminine cerebral cells. There is a craze for metrical confections such as rondeaux, roundels, villavelles, trolets, quatrains, huitrains and other fanciful products in the line of vers des oclete. Such things generally begin the round by being mailed to *Life* and the weekly society papers, and on being returned with thanks, are sent to any and every periodical with which they are supposed to have a show. They refer learnedly to Arcady, Eros, Heloise, Juliet, Amaryilis, and otherwise show erudition respecting matters erotic.

The most matter is submitted in the winter months, the winter crop being about double that of the summer. Ordinarily an article which is intended for publication in a certain issue of a weekly should, if it is to be illustrated, be in six or seven weeks before that issue; if it does not need illustration it should be in a month beforehand.

D. D. BIDWELL.

New York's State Flower.

From the New York Tribune.

The Superintendent of Public Instruction of New York State has announced the vote of the State flower as follows: Goldenrod, 81,808; rose, 79,666; daisy, 33,603; violet, 31,176; pansy, 21,226; lily, 16,438; lily of the valley, 11,626; trailing arbutus, 7,888; buttercup, 6,127; scattering, 29,045; total, 318,079. The scattering votes were distributed through 121 different varieties.

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CARL DUNDER.

He Was Away to Get His Eye Teeth Cut—How He Succeeded.

From the Detroit Free Press.

"Well, well, well!" exclaimed Serxt. Bendall yesterday, as a corpulent form darkened the doorway of the Woodbridge street Station, and he looked up to see Carl Dunder walk in.

"It vhas me, Sergeant."

"Yes, I see. Where on earth have you been for the last three months?"

"Sergeant, you know me for a long time."

"Yes."

"I vhas some hayseeds."

"You were."

"I vhas so shildlike dot eaferybody shwindles me."

"That's true."

"Nothings und nobody vhas twice alike in dis country."

"No."

"You advise me to soak my head, sandpaper my neck, shump in der rifer or hang myself."

"Yes, I did."

"Vhell, I like to oblige you, because you vhas my friendt, but I goes to Puffalo instead. My brudder vhas in Puffalo! Ah! Sergeant, dot Puffalo vhas a great place—a great place. Sooch sharp people you nefer saw. I goes by my bruder und takes some lessons. Dot vhas der place to get some eye teeth cut out. Sergeant, look at me!"

"I'm looking. You look like a different man from what you did. You've got a foxy look about the eyes and nobody would take you for a greenhorn now."

"Sergeant, I vhas more ash one fox—I vhas four foxes. If anybody can beat me now I like to see him try it on. I dosn't take ten tousand dollar for what I learned in Puffalo."

"Well, I'm glad of it. What ails your finger?"

"She vhas broke—ha! ha! ha!"

"A joke then!"

"Der biggest kind of a shoke. While I vhas in Cleveland der odder day a stranger comes oop to me und says vhill I buy some photographs of Garfield's tomb. I hit him so queek ash lightning, and dot finger vhas broken."

"What did you hit him for?"

"Because he takes me for some hayseed. Nobody has a tomb until he vhas dead."

"But Garfield is dead."

"Not mooch. Doan' I see aboudt him in der papers all der time? Doan' it say dot he vete dot silver bill?"

"That's Harrison. Don't you get the two mixed up."

"You doan' say me! Vhas dot possible? Vhas it Ben Harrison who vhas President, instead of Ben Garfield?"

"Of course."

"Great scouts! Und dot feller vhas all right, und I almost killed him! If Garfield vhas dead I doan' remember it. Vhell! Vhell! I make oop for it, however."

"How?"

"Vhy, after I meet a man who vhas hard oop. He takes me for a sucker. He beliefs he can swindle me like seexty. He has a watch und wants to sell him und get money to go by his mudder's dying bedstead. He ask me fifty dollar."

"And you paid it?"

"Not mooch! Dot isn't der Puffalo vhay. I offer him twenty, und he sheds some tears und says he shall haf to do it."

"Got it with you?"

"Yes. Here she vhas."

"Got tired, I see, and stopped. Wheels loose, too. Silver plate on a nickel case. Worth $5 a bushel when the market isn't glutted. Mr. Dunder, it was a swindle."

"Non!"

"He took you in and made a fool of you. What's in that package?"

"Some agency for Michigan. I buy him in Puffalo."

"Flip screens, eh? Where does the agency come in? Isn't it like any other fly screen?"

"She was rewersable, you see. I bur der whole state agency for $35."

"Reversible? How?"

"You, if you haf dis side oudt der flies can't come in. If you haf dis side out der bugs und mosquitoes can't come in."

"And he made you believe that?"

"Belief that! Can't I see mit my two eyes?"

"Yes, but look at that screen in the window. Doesn't one side keep everything out. You have been victimized all around."

"Sergeant!" said Mr. Dunder, as he rose up, "was I a wictim?"

"Yes."

"Doan' I know more ash a haystack?"

"Not much."

"Vhas I shust as green ash before I goes to Puffalo?"

"Greener."

"Dot vhas all. Good-by. Vhen my body vhas pulled oudt of dot rifer shust speak mit dem reporters und say dot I couldn't help it. I vhas a good man, but so shild-like dot dis cold und weaked world vhas no place for me!"

BISMARCK AS A PATIENT.

He Once Had Little Faith in Doctors, but Has Changed His Mind.

Prince Bismarck used to have the reputation of thinking anything but nobly of the medical profession, and his differences of opinion with the late Prof. Frerichs as to the pathology and therapeutics of that important political organ, the liver, were expressed in language more familiar perhaps to scientific controversialists than to diplomatists. It is probable that the great statesman was a refractory patient, says the *British Medical Journal*, but bitter experience seems to have taught him that throwing physic to the dogs is not the most satisfactory treatment for the growing infirmities of age. He is now, according to a statement which he recently made to a representative of the *Daily Telegraph*, a model patient, paying the most exemplary obedience to the counsels of his medical adviser, Prof. Schweninger. The Prince some years ago was in danger of becoming the largest, as well as the greatest, man in Germany, but Dr. Schweninger relieved him of the growing load of "too too solid flesh" by the judicious application of Oertel's method, which has been made known to English readers by Dr. Mitchell Bruce and others. The details of the Prince's present dietetic regimen may be interesting to those interested in the treatment of obesity. He says: "I am only allowed to drink thrice a day—a quarter of an hour after each meal, and each time not more than half a bottle of red sparkling Moselle of a very light and dry character. Burgundy and beer, both of which I am extremely fond of, are strictly forbidden to me; so are all the strong Rhenish and Spanish wines and even claret. For some years past I have been a total abstainer from all these general liquors, much to the advantage of my health and my 'condition,' in the sporting sense of the word. Formerly I used to weigh over seventeen stone. By observing this regimen I brought myself down to under fourteen, and without any loss of strength—indeed, with gain. My normal weight now is 185 pounds. I am weighed once a day by my doctor's orders, and any excess of that figure I at once set to work to get rid of, by exercise and special regimen. I ride a good deal as well as walk. Cigar smoking I have given up altogether; it is debilitating and bad for the nerves. I am restricted to a long pipe, happily with a deep bowl, one after each meal, and I smoke nothing in it but Dutch Knaster tobacco, which is light, mild and soothing. Water makes me fat, so I must not drink it. However, the present arrangement suits me very well." Had Prince Bismarck shown himself as amenable to medical control in his robust prime as he finds himself compelled to be now he would not perhaps have to submit to so strict a rule of life in his declining years.

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Union Stock Yards.

DON N. PALMER, Manager. Closing hour, 3 p. m.

Cattle—The cattle market to-day was steady in prices, with a fairly good business. There was a light run of cattle, but nearly all them were of the common kinds. Again the market was almost bare of good butcher material, which is in demand. Stockers and feeders are light in demand, with a light trade. This class of stock is not wanted much. Receipts of good heifers, in weights anywhere from 800 pounds to 1,100 pounds, are in good demand and wanted. Good cows and calves are likewise in fairly good demand and sell from $25 to $30, last week's prices. On the other hand common grass cows are selling low as well as slow. Good fat butchers cows are in good request and bring from $2 25 to $2.50 per 100 lbs. Good heifers of from 600 to 1,000 lbs bring from $2.75 to $3 or higher according to weights and condition. Sausage bulls are still in good demand, and are selling at from $1.50 to $2 per 100 lbs. Butcher bulls will sell from $2 to $2 50 per 100 lbs. The representative sales to-day were:

No.	Description.	Av.	Price
22	Indian mixed	798	$2 25
19	Indian mixed	773	2 20
19	Indian mixed	861	2 37½
15	Southwest steers	1,080	3 00
20	Southwest steers	961	1 90
14	native cows	833	1 70
12	native cows	1,080	1 80
13	Southwest steers	962	3 60

220 Retail from $1.25 to $8.50.

Hogs—The hog market continued steady to order at the Exchange yesterday morning, and the trade of the day was active to the extent of arrivals. Everything from common to choice was sold and the market closed early by 10 a. m. Prices in extreme ranges were all the way from $3.25@3.80, the latter being the top of the market, while the bulk business was closed at $3.75@3.80. The market quotations to-day: Bulk of Butchers, $3.75@3.80; packers, $3.65@3.75; common mixed, $3.40@3.60; skipps and culls, $3@3.25.

Representative sales to-day:

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
75	201	$3 80	70	214	$3 80
71	204	3 80	70	200	3 80
58	199	3 80	47	207	3 75
58	198	3 75	62	210	3 75
72	187	3 70	49	201	3 70
63	168	3 70	83	203	3 80
63	186	3 80	69	190	3 80
55	196	3 75	61	197	3 75
68	171	3 70	77	189	3 75
43	147	3 65			

Sheep—The market was steady to-day; no change in prices. The trade was active to the extent of receipts, which were light. Stock ewes are still selling well; likewise good lambs and all good grades of stock. Common is a little lower.

The Union Yards quotations to-day are:

Choice mutton sheep	$4.25@4.50
Fair to good	3.75@4.00
Stock ewes	3.25@3.50
Stock wethers	3.25@3.50
Good to choice lambs	5.00@5.50

Stock lambs, 75c to $1.50 each.

Addenda.

Sheep market steady.
Hogs steady; $3.25@3.80.
Cattle market steady; more butcher cattle wanted. All of the packing houses are in operation.
It is said that W. D. Grant, the extensive packer of Butchertown, is in the city in the interest of the firm.
W. E. Kellogg from McFall, Mo., the prominent shipper, had cattle and hogs on to-day's market.
Bryer & Co. from Jonesburg, Mo., had hogs on today's market.
Henry Kaimann, the prominent shipper from Richfield, Mo., had cattle and hogs on to-day's market.
Lowrey & Bro. from Missouri had cattle on today's market.
E. Dalton from Missouri had hogs on to-day's market.
Thanish & Brant, from San Antonio, Tex., had sheep on to-day's market.
W. W. Clapper, from Venita, I. T., the prominent cattle shipper to the Union Yards, had cattle on today's market and sold at top prices.
Nat Skinner from Venita, I. T., had hogs on today's market.
J. W. Bogess from Viola, Mo., had cattle on today's market.
Farley & Persinger from Exeter, Mo., had cattle on to-day's market.

Horses and Mules.

Reported by Martin Bros., horse and mule market, Nos. 1438, 1442, 1444, 1446 North Broadway, St. Louis.

HORSES.

Heavy draft, extra	$150@175
Heavy draft, good	110@130
Drivers, extra	150@175
Drivers, good	115@135
Saddlers	100@200
Streeters	100@110
Southern mares, extra	90@110
Southern mares, good	70@ 90
Southern horses	65@ 80
Plugs	20@ 40

MULES.

15 hands extra	$110@115
15½ hands, extra	125@150
16 hands	140@165
16 hands, extra	160@185

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 14.—Hogs—Receipts, 20,000. Market active; firm and higher; light, $3.75@3.95; heavy packing and shipping, $3.70@3.85. Cattle—Receipts, 31,000. Market active; lower; beeves, $3.50@4.80; stockers, $2.20@3.50. Sheep—Receipts, 7,000. Market steady; muttons, $3.75@5.15; stockers, $3.50@4.25.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 14.—Cattle 15c lower; steers, $3.25@4.20; cows, $1.25@2.90; stockers and feeders, $2.65@3.50; ranse steers, $2@2.90; range cows, $1.25@2. Receipts, 1,200. Hogs—Receipts, 5,500; shipments, 3,600; 5@10c higher; bulk $3.52½@3.55; all grades, $3.47½@3.50. Sheep—Receipts, 2,200; shipments, 1,700; steady; lambs, $5@5.50; good to choice muttons, $4.25@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3@3.25.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 14.—Cattle active, strong on good butchers' grades; receipts, 160 loads through, 225 sale. Export steers, good to extra, $4.20@4.50; choice heavy butchers, $4@4.35. Sheep and lambs—Fairly active; not quotably higher; receipts, 34 loads through, 27 sale. Choice to extra sheep, $4.40@5.65; good to choice, $5.10@5.25. Lambs—Choice to extra, $6.80@7.15; good to choice, $6.50@6.75. Hogs—5@10c higher; receipts, 75 loads through, 30 sale; mediums, heavy and mixed and Yorkers, $4.

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Dealers in Investment Bonds, Local Stocks, Mining Stocks, etc. Commission orders in Stocks and Bonds at New York and Grain and Provisions at Chicago, either for cash or on margin, promptly executed. Direct private wires from our office to those markets.

TREASURES OF THE SEA.

Fabulous Wealth Sunk to the Bottom of the Ocean in Shipwrecks.

From the Baltimore News.

There were heaps of gold carried in galleons and like packets years ago. In 1769 a ship of war from Rio to Lisbon had on board 9,000,000 of crusades in diamonds, and about 100,000 "crown tournois" in plasters, making in the whole 29,050,000 livres tournois. So much for a single ship.

In 1774 Spanish ships from Vera Cruz and Havana arrived with 22,000,000 crowns, exclusive of merchandise, valued roundly at 27,000,000 crowns. Such examples could be multiplied. Of the cargo of an English merchantman in 1771 one item alone—a diamond in the rough—was valued at £100,000.

As a costly shipwre

COMMERCIAL.

THE MARKETS IN BRIEF.

WHEAT—Cash easier at 89¾c@89¼c for No. 2 red and 85¼c for No. 3 red; Futures higher, closing at 88⅝@⅞c bid August, 91⅛c December.

CORN—Higher. Cash No. 2 sold at 36 1-2 @36 3-4c; August closed at 36 3-4c and September at 37 5-8@3-4c bid.

OATS—Higher. Cash No. 2 had 33c bid, and August and September closed at 29 1-2c.

FLOUR—Steady and firm, but quiet.

Closing Prices—1:15 P. M.

ST. LOUIS:

	Closing Saturday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
July.	89¼ b	90⅛	89¼	89⅜ n
Aug.	87⅝	88¼	88	88⅜@⅝ b
Sept	84½ n	89½@⅝	89¼	89¼ n
Dec.	91⅛ n	92¼	91⅛	91⅛@
CORN.				
July.	35¾ n	37	36¾	36¾ b
Aug.	35⅝@¾ b	36⅞	36¾	36¾
Sept	36⅜	37⅜	37⅜	37⅝@¾ b
Oct..	36¾	38⅜	38⅛	38¼ n
Dec.		39¾	39¼	
May	39¼	40⅝	40¼	40⅛ b
OATS.				
July.	31 b	....	....	31¼ b
Aug.	29	29½	29½	29½ n
Sept.	28¼@⅜	29⅛	29½	29½ b
Year				
May.	32¾ n	33½	33½	33⅛ n

CHICAGO.—Reported by Frank J. Brown, rooms 150 and 152, Chamber of Commerce.

WHEAT.				
Sept	89¾	90⅜	89½	89⅝
Dec.	91¼	91⅝	90⅜	91¼
CORN.				
Sept.	37⅜	38¼	38⅛	38⅜
OATS.				
Sept	27⅞	28⅜	28¼	28¼@⅜
PORK.				
Sept	11.00	11.00	10.80	10.80
LARD.				
Sept	6.00	6.02½	6.02½	6.02½

CHICAGO—Wheat—August, 88½c. Corn—August, 37⅜c. Oats—August, 28¼@⅜c.

Short ribs closed at August, 5.17½c. September, 5.30c. October, 5.35c.

NEW YORK—Wheat—July, —; August, 94¼c a; September, 94¾c a; December, 90¼@90⅝c. Corn—July, 44c n; August, 44½c; September, 43⅝c. Oats—July, 34⅜c; August, 34⅝c b; September, 33¼c b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—July, 89½c a; August, 90c a; September, 90½c a; December, 93c a.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles at St. Louis

For the twenty-four hours ending Monday, July 14, 1890, and corresponding day in 1889, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange:

ARTICLES.	Receipts by River and Rail. 1890.	1889.	Shipments by River and Rail. 1890.	1889.
Flour, bbls	4,808	4,264	9,732	6,918
Wheat, bu.	177,486	143,067	100,000	8,700
Corn, bu....	161,193	53,000	171,004	2,190
Oats, bu	35,345	43,985	11,362	3,950
Rye, bu	1,100	550	20	855
Barley, bu.				
Bran, shipstuff, sks.	872	280	4,093	1,221
Do. in bulk, cars.	6	5		
Cornmeal, bbls.	125	250	2,796	834
Cotton, bls, local	1	2	30	98
Cotton, bls, through				55
Hay, tons	326	460	52	35
Pork, bbls.			88	5
Hams, lbs..	136,712	20,800	47,415	38,115
Meats, lbs.	1,842,265	557,200	856,896	727,217
Lard, lbs..	208,340	28,300	382,624	295,206
Cattle, head	3,726	5,166	460	961
Hogs, head	3,608	1,574	2,572	1,001
Sheep, head	1,668	3,072	518	
Horses and mules	233	161	182	50

Visible Supply of Grain.

Following is a detailed statement (given in 1,000 bu) of stocks wheat and corn in store at principal markets:

	Wheat. July 12.	Wheat. July 5.	Corn. July 12.	Corn. July 5.
St. Louis	690	537	1,556	1,881
S. Louis harbor	190	....	135	202
Peoria	5	5	18	19
Chicago	3,887	4,162	5,158	5,565
Milwaukee	541	612	9	2
Minneapolis	6,858	7,166	....	....
St. Paul	145	180	....	....
Duluth	1,547	1,518	103	21
Detroit	181	169	2	8
Toledo	353	386	491	567
Indianapolis	42	47	17	40
Cincinnati	3	6	4	16
Buffalo	736	528	599	329
Oswego	40	60	15	35
Toronto	115	114	....	....
Montreal	90	80	117	159
Albany	....	....	35	63
Boston	22	2	306	316
New York	1,001	1,214	752	910
New York, afloat	176	159	168	68
Philadelphia	20	27	204	103
Baltimore	285	299	....	139
Mississippi River	....	....	224	149
On lakes	883	1,245	2,612	2,174
On canal	1,077	928	2,042	1,677
	July 12, '90.		July 5, '90.	July 13, '89
Wheat	18,588,921		19,636,728	12,872,139
Corn	14,721,292		14,463,175	8,963,207
Oats	4,029,840		4,060,674	5,068,835
Rye	550,157		629,152	807,041
Barley	442,558		462,873	377,705

Grain Inspections.

INSPECTED IN:

	Cars		Cars.
Wheat.		Corn.	
No. 2 red	163	No. 2	79
No. 3 red	67	No. 3	—
No. 4	15	No. 4	—
Rejected	—	No. 2 white	9
No. 2 hard winter	—	No. 3 white	—
No. 3 hard winter	—	No. 2 yellow	1
No. 2 Mediterranean	—	No. 2 St. Charles	—
No. 3 Mediterranean	—	No-grade	1
Rejected white	—		
Weevily	2	Total	89
Total	225		

Also 7,960 sks wheat, 7,160 sks No. 2 red, 800 No. 3 red, — No. 4, — rejected, — no grade. Oats—No. 2, 10 cars; No. 3, 6; No. 2 white, 6; No. 3 do, 9; no grade,—; total, 31.

Rye—No. 2, 1 car; No. 3, —; no grade, —.

Barley—No. 3, spring, — car; rejected, —.

Inspection out; Wheat—No. 2 red, 5 cars; No. 3 red, 8 cars; No. 4, 1; rejected, 1; no grade, —; No. 2 Mediterranean, 1.

Corn—No. 2, 106,000 bu and 22 cars; No. 3, 6,372 bu and 8 cars; No. 4, 728 bu; No. 2 yellow, — cars; No. 3 white, 18 cars; No. 2 do, —; no-grade, —; No. 2 St. Charles, —.

Oats—No. 2, 5 cars; No. 3, 6 cars; No. 2 white, 6; No. 3 do, 2; no-grade, —.

Rye—No. 2, — car; No. 3, —; no-grade, —.

Barley—No. 3 spring, —; rejected, —.

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
7'd	689,556	1,586,287	25,668	10,339	....
Sat	708,934	1,725,600	23,327	10,339	....
'89	347,038	828,177	61,023	8,221	....
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	
7'd	627,744	1,455,765	8,741	1,013	....
Sat	623,009	1,585,421	5,983	1,607	....
'89	111,489	653,796	15,488	6,906	....

No. 2 white corn, 116,647 bu.

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	RECEIPTS. Wheat.	Corn.	SHIPMENTS. Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	177,486	161,193	100,000	171,004
Milwaukee	6,050	11,160	550	1,740
Baltimore	79,968	60,268	....	....
Toledo	13,702	14,797	1,200	118,100
New York	119,700	144,950	139,088	49,366
Chicago	168,99	316,597	14,480	574,377
Kansas City	....	....	....	....
Detroit	10,853	500	5,707	500
Duluth	41,014	14,216	42,129	....
Minneapolis	67,600	....	62,200	5,900
Philadelphia	2,238	4,269	2,205	5,900

Future Sales To-Day.

Wheat—July—10 at 89¼c, 10 at 89⅜c, 15 at 90¼c, 10 at 89⅝c, 5 at 90c. August—25 at 88c, 15 at 88¼c, 10 at 88⅛@⅜c, 100 at 88¼c, 90 at 88⅛@⅜c, 65 at 88⅜c, 30 at 88⅝@⅞c, 60 at 88⅞c, 20 at 89c, 85 at 88⅝c, 90 at 88¾@⅞c, 10 at 89c. September—3 at 89¼c, 10 at 89⅝c, 20 at 89¾c, 10 at 89⅝@89¾c. December—25 at 91½c, 10 at 91⅝@⅞c, 40 at 91⅝c, 50 at 91¾c, 70 at 92c, 80 at 92⅛c, 10 at 92⅜@¼c, 10 at 92⅝@¾c, 25 at 92¼c.

Corn—July—20 at 36¾c, 65 at 36⅞c, 15 at 37c, August—3 at 36¾c, 30 at 36⅞c, 250 at 36⅝c, 20 at 36¾@⅞c, 10c at 36¼c, 25 at 36⅜c, September—100 at 37⅜c, 300 at 37½c, 80 at 37½@⅝c, 350 at 37¾c, 100 at 37¼c. October, 5 at 38⅛c, 10 at 38¾c. December, 5 at 39¾c. May—35 at 40⅜c, 10 at 40¾c, 20 at 40⅝c, 25 at 40⅜c, 15 at 40¾c.

Oats—August—25 at 28½c; September—75 at 29½c, 30 at 29⅝c; May—10 at 33½c.

ST. LOUIS MARKETS.

Grain and Flour.

Wheat—The market this morning was strong and advanced, with a bullish feeling and not much for sale. Foreign advices were not so strong as they have been, as the weather abroad was improving, and markets quieter. A Berlin cable reporting an excited and declining market, but Northwestern news were not so "colour" de rose" as they have been, and the winter wheat harvesting returns were generally very discouraging. Our receipts were larger and 34,000 bu in excess of one year ago to-day, but this did not exert any depressing effect. Export clearances from three ports were only 14,000 pkgs flour and 19,000 bu wheat. After selling 3c higher a weaker feeling developed, and with declines elsewhere a 2 second cables ½d lower there was a downward dip of 4c. The decrease of 1,050,000 bu in the visible was beyond expectations, though 135,000 bu less than last year's decrease, and stiffened the market some, closing ⅝@¾c above saturday. July sold at 90c to 90¼c down to 89¾c, and closed at 89¾c. August opened at 88¼c, rapidly advanced to 88¾c, sold off to 88½c, to 88⅝@⅞c, to 88c, to 88⅜@⅝c, to 88¼c and closed at 88⅝@⅞c bid. September sold at 89⅞@90c to 89¼c. December opened at 92c, sold up to 92¼c, to 92c, to 92¼c, off to 91½c and closed at 91⅜c. Spot GRADES—Most of the offerings consisted of No. 2 red which started in easier and ⅛c lower, but was in demand and improved, closing at 89¾c. Sales: 40 cars regular at 89¾c, 37 do at 89½c. No. 3 red declined ¼c, but was in milling demand, 3 cars E side and 4 in st. L, selling at 85c. No. 4 offered in st. L. and C. at 81c, with 75c bid for St. L. and 80¼c for E. side. Rejected offered regular at 68c, bid 66c, for E. side, 70c bid. SAMPLES—Strong and higher, but offerings large and rather exceeded the milling demand, so that considerable was put upon grade. Sales in special bin—2 cars at 81c, 3 No. 4 at 84c, 3 No. 3 at 85¼c, 2 do at 86¼c, 4 do at 86½c, 1 do at 86¾c, 5 do at 87c, 5 do at 87½c. West track—3 cars No. 3 at 87½c, 3 No. 2 at 89¾c, 7 do at 90c. East track, 1 car No. 4 at 82½c, 1 No. 3 at 85¼c, 2 No. 2 at 89¾c. Sacks—35 at 83c, 61 at 86c, 165 at 87c, 985 at 88c, 495 at 88½c, 316 at 89c, 250 at 89½c, 1,400 at 90c, 200 at 90¼c, 481 on p. t.

Corn—It was an excited opening, as many buying orders were here from the country, local talent was eager to lay in some corn, there wasn't much for sale and the news from the crop extremely discouraging. The rains had not been general or beneficial enough, only local showers having fallen, and the weather was once more hot and dry throughout the West, with the plant suffering intensely and damage already reported. Receipts here were much larger than for many days past, but shipments heavy also. Clearances from the seaboard were 87,000 bu. After the early demand was filled the market sagged back ½@¾c, but rallied late and at close was 1¼@1⅜c above Saturday. July sold at 36¾c to 37c, August opened at 37⅝c, sold up to 38¼c, off to 36¾c back to 36⅞c to 36⅝c and closed at 36¾c. September opened at 37⅜c, sold off to 37¼c to 37¼c, up 37⅝c, down to 37⅜c to 37⅝c and at close 37¾@¾c bid. October sold at 38¾c to 38¼c and December at 39¾c. May sold at 40¼c up to 40¾c and down to 40¼c, closing at 40¾c bid. No. 2 white for July and August salable at 38c. SPOT GRADES were in very small offering; in fact, a perfect scarcity existed and the little on sale was generally held above what buyers would pay. Demand moderate and entirely from the order trade. Sales: No. 2—4 cars in U. at 36½c, 1 in St. L. at 36¾c, for C. 36¼c bid. No. 3—2 cars this side at 35½c, 1 E. side at 36c; bids 35¼c for St. L. and Cdit, 36c for E. side. No other grades offered. Bids were as follows: No. 2 white, 38¾c for regular, 39c for E. side, 39¼c for St. L. No. 4c for E. side. White, 38½c for A. and U., 39c for C. and St. L. SAMPLES—528 sks white at 80c. No. 4, 34c for E. side. Sacked on orders, 44@46c.

Oats—Future trade was strong and higher in sympathy with corn, but trading light. August sold at 29¾c, September at 29¾c to 29⅝c and May at 33¼c. SPOT GRADES—Though bids were high, there were no sales, as there was a perfect famine of offerings. The only description offered was No. 3 at 34c, and the bids were 32c for this or E. side and 33c for St. L. No. 2 was salable at 33c in U. and A., 32½c this side, and 34c in St. L. SAMPLES—Offerings were again very light and market strong. Higher prices were paid, especially for Northern mixed, which advanced 1½@2c. Other grades very steady and sold on arrival at full quotation. The demand was altogether local. Sales—2 cars No. 3 at 33½c, do at 34c, 3 No. 2 Northern mixed at 36c, 2 do at 36½c, 1 do at 37c, 1 No. 3 white at 36½c, 1 do at 37c, 4 No. 2 white at 38c. Sacked lots on orders 40@42c.

Rye—Grade No. 2 was offered regular at 55c, with 56c bid, and No. 3 at 53c, bid 54c.

Flour—Firm, and some sellers asking 5c advance, which tended to check business, though buying orders were rather small. Sales—177 bbls at $2.70; 149 at $3.50; 125 bbls. and 1 car in export sks (delivered) at $4.30.

Quotations range: XXX, $2.40@2.80; family, $2.60@2.75; choice, $2.80@3; fancy, $3.00@3.75; extra fancy, $4.20@4.40; patents, $4.70@4.85. Prices for lots on levee and on this side.

Corn Meal—Strong and in demand at $2.10@2.20, and pearl meal, grits and hominy at $2.50@2.60.

Rye Flour—Slow sale at $2.90@3.00. Sales: 1 car in sks at $2.15.

Hay and Millfeed.

Bran—Strong and higher, but bids of 64c for sacked on East track failed to purchase. Sales—1 car bulk this side at 48c, 4 cars sacked delivered to E. side at 62½c.

Hay—The receipts were more liberal to-day than for some time, and all offerings were quickly taken at full values. Prices were: Timothy, choice and the local trade was paying higher figures for all grades. There was no shipping demand whatever. Sales—1 car old, choice, $9.50; 1 do at $9.25; 2 do at $9.50, 1 prime mixed timothy at $10.50, 1 do at $11, 1 do at $11.50, 1 do at $12. 2 choice new timothy at $11, 2 do at $15, 1 fancy at $15.50, 1 choice old at $15, 2 fancy do at $16, 2 fancy new at $16.

Straw—Sale—1 car wheat straw this side at $6.

Provisions.

The market was firm, especially for bacon, which was strong and higher, owing to its scarcity, 100 bxs c'ribs selling at 6c. Pork was quiet. Dry salt meats in fair order demand One packer bought 1,200,000 lbs choice winter dry salt c'ribs to arrive, but terms kept private. Other sales to arrive c. and f. here were, 1 car green New York shoulders at 4½c and 2 cars 16-lb green hams at 8c.

Pork—Standard mess pork in a small way on orders f. o. b. at $11.50; irregular (summer packed) at $11@11.25; orders at $12.50.

Lard—Prime steam nominal at 5½c; fancy leaf on cash orders, 6¼c; kettle rendered, 6¾c on orders.

Dry salt Meats—Loose of shipping age in a small way f. o. b. on cash orders—Shoulders at 5.10c; longs and c'ribs, 5.15c; shorts at 5.30c; boxed shoulders, 5½c; longs at 5¼@5.30c; c'ribs at 5.30@5.35c; shorts at 5.40@5.45c. In orders—Boxed shoulders, 5¾c; longs, 5¼c; c'ribs, 5¾c; shorts, 5¾c.

Bacon—Packed shoulders sold at 5¾c; longs, 5¾@5.85c; c'ribs at 5.85@5.90c; shorts at 5.90@5.95c. In orders—Shoulders, 6c; longs, 6¼c; c'ribs, 6¼c; shorts, 6¼c.

Hams—Range from 10@12½c, as in size or brand.

Country Bacon—Mostly skippery. Free from skippers, 5c, and skippery, 3@3½c.

Country Lard—Very dull at 4@4½c.

Breakfast Bacon—Sells at 8½c in p'k. Beef—Family, $8.50@10 per bbl; $5@6 per ½-bbl; on orders higher. Dried, 9@10c, and selected, 11c per lb. Smoked beef tongues, $4@5 per doz.

Highwines—Steady at $1.09 in St. Louis, Chicago, and Cincinnati; $1.10 in Peoria.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Steady and in demand, but not much for sale. The only transaction was 50 tons at $4.40.

Spelter—Strong at $5.25.

Afternoon Curb.

August wheat, 88¼c; December, 91⅜c; August corn, 36½c; September corn, 37¼c b. Chicago—September wheat, 89½c; September corn 38¾c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Fruits.

Apples—Arrivals are increasing, but quality of the fruit not very good. Offerings consist mainly of small and inferior stock. Sales 250 bbls per ½-bu box according to quality and condition. Early Harvest and Red Astrachan at $2@3 per bbl.

Peaches—Arrivals very light. The southern crop was a bad failure this year, and few arrivals from Arkansas. Prices range 75c@$1.50 per ½-bu box.

Currants—Receipts were only moderate and prices steady for dry. Sales were made at 40c per gallon for red and white and 30c for yellow.

Pears—Receipts were light, but largely inferior fruit. Bell pears sold at 75c@$1 per ½-bu box; $5@7 per bbl.

California Fruit—Pears—Sales at $3@3.50 per 40-lb box; plums and peaches, $2@2.25 and apricots at $2 per 20-lb box. Sales of damaged—25 boxes apricots at $1 per box and 75 boxes peaches at $1.25 per box.

Blackberries—Offerings were large, principally of the local crop. Sales were made at 30@35c per gallon; consignments were mainly wild and found ready sale at 70c@$1 per 6 gallon case.

Plums—Receipts mainly of the local crop and demand steady. Prices range $2.50@2.75 per bu. Consignments sold at 50@90c per ½-bu box. Chickasaw and wild goose embrace all the offerings.

Cocoanuts—$4 per 100, $35 per 1,000.

Oranges—Light stock in hand of dealers, and there was a good demand. Prices range: California riversides, $5.50@6; paper rinds, $6@5.50; Messina, $6; Rodi, $6.50@7 per box.

Lemons—Weaker and slower sale on the cooler weather. Sales: Choice repacked at $7@7.50 per box.

Bananas—Choice bunches on orders at $1.75@2.25 per bunch.

Cantaloupes—Consignments dull and nominal. Local crop selling at $1 per crate.

Watermelons—Receipts fair and in good demand for large and choice. Prices range at $15@20 per 100.

Vegetables.

Potatoes—Receipts, 815 bu. The market was again higher, the demand being in excess of offerings. All stock found ready sale. Prices range: loose wagon load receipts $1.03@1.15 per bu.; on orders $1.25 per bu.

Tomatoes—Lower and dull. Consignments were large and there was only a local demand. Prices range: Illinois and Arkansas, 30@35c per ½-bu box; Tennessee, 25@30c per peck box; home-grown on orders, at $2 per bu.

Cabbage—Deliveries remain very light and the demand was firm and prices higher, owing to the scant offerings. Prices range on orders, $4@4.25 per crate.

Onions—Receipts, 10 bu. The market was steady and offerings fair, though desirable stock was in good demand. Prices range 75@85c for yellow and 1@2c for red; on orders, $2.75@3 per bbl.

Cucumbers—Home grown selling at 45c per doz on orders. Consignments 15@25c per doz.

Sweet Potatoes—We quote Southern Bermuda at $4@4.50 ♀ bbl.

Eggplant—Dull; Southern at 25@50c per doz.

Gumbo—Louisiana sold at 75c@$1 per ½-bu box and Arkansas at 50@60c per ½-bu box.

Beets—Home grown sell on orders at 25c per doz.

Carrots—Home grown on orders at 25c per doz. bunches.

Celery—Selling slowly at 10@20c per bunch.

Poultry and Game.

Live Poultry—The moderate arrivals sell readily, and the market rules firm. Old hens continue very scarce. We quote: Hens, 80c; roosters, 40c; spring chickens, 13@14c (according to size); young ducks dull at 7@8c per lb.

Veals—Receipt large and market very dull. We quote choice and fat at 4c; medium at 3@3½c; rough and thin, 2@3c; heretics, 1@2c per lb.

Lambs—Receipts rather light, with a fair demand at 4@5c per lb, according to size.

Game—Woodcock scarce and wanted at $5 per doz; frogs' legs, 50@60c; old pigeons, $1.50; squabs, $1.50 per doz.

Butter and Eggs.

Butter—Receipts, 55,508 lbs. The market remains steady for the better grades of creamery and dairy; medium grades improving somewhat owing to light receipts, and poor stock had to be sold for whatever it'd worth.

CREAMERY.	
Elgin	17 @18
Fancy separator and set milk	14 @15
Choice separator and set milk	13 @14
Fancy gathered cream	11 @12
Choice gathered cream	10 @11
Faulty creamery, such as streaked, slushy and off flavor	6 @ 8
DAIRY.	
Fancy selected	12 @13
Good to choice	10 @11
Streaked and off flavor	5 @ 7
Ladles	5 @ 6
Prime near-by country packed	4 @ 5
Poor and grease	3 @ 3½

Cheese—The condition of Wisconsin stock is good, but Missouri, Kansas and Iowa running poor, owing to the extreme hot weather. Prices range: Fancy new twins, 8½c; choice new twins, 6½@7c; fancy Young America, 8¾@9c; choice Young America, 6½@7½c; fancy 1-lb skims, 8c; regular skims, 5@6c; choice old twins, 15c; choice new brick, 10c; choice new limburger, 7@8c.

Eggs—Receipts, 1,073 cases. Hot weather has again set in and the stock arriving was more or less heated and badly damaged, and some cases almost unsalable. Sales at 8c for fresh guaranteed stock.

Grass Seeds, Castor Beans, Etc.

Grass Seed—Clover in demand at $3.75@2.80 for low grades; $3@3.15 prime to choice; timothy, $1@1.05 for medium; $1.20 for prime; redtop, 25@30c; German millet, 25@30c; white millet, 25c; Hungarian, 35c.

Hemp Seed—Quotable at 3c for foreign and 4½c for domestic.

Flaxseed—Steady at $1.29 bid for cash, July and August, and $1.28 for September, but offerings small. Sales 1 car spot and 1 five days shipment at $1.29.

Wool.

Receipts, 70,280 lbs. Offerings of bright wools are rather light, though orders slow; large lots held back in the country. Transactions mainly in Texas and Territory at private terms. The tone of the market is steady and unchanged. Sales reported (original country lots): Unwashed—Missouri, Illinois, etc.—3 sacks hard burry at 15½c, 4 burry and coarse at 18c, 6 burry at 19c, 5 braid and coarse at 20½c, 10 medium, part coarse, at 22½c, 5 medium at 23@23½c. Southern—25 bales at p. t. Tub—15@35@35½c.

UNWASHED—STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Bright medium.	Braid, coarse.	Low, sandy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc	23 @23½	19@22	16@18
Kansas and Nebraska	22 @23	14@17	11@13
Texas and Indian T & 12 mo	22 @23	18@21	15@17
Ind. Ty., 14 to 6 mo	19 @20	14@17	11@13
Colo., Utah, New Mex, etc	20 @21	16@19	13@15
Mont., Wyo., etc	21 @21	18@20	15@17

UNWASHED—STATES AND TERRITORIES.	FINE. Light.	Heavy
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc	20 @21	16@ 19
Kansas and Nebraska	17 @19	13@ 16
Texas and Indian T & to 12 mo	20 @21	15@ 18
Territory, 14 to 6 mo	16 @18	13@ 14
Colo., Utah, New Mexico, etc	18 @20	13@ 16
Montana, Wyoming, etc	19 @21	15@ 18

Tub—Choice, 35c; inferior, 30@33c. Black, 3@5c off. Sacks—Texas, 3 lbs tare, 10c; regular long sks, 2½ lbs tare. Burry, cotted, etc., slightly, 3@ 4c off; moderately, 5@6c off. Bad burry, etc., 12@12½c for Southern to 15c for Missouri and similar.

Hides, Feathers, Etc.

Hides—Demand active and buoyant and offerings light. Quick sales at following prices: Green salted—Buffs, 6½c; No. 2 do, 5½c; bull at 4½c; pepper boxes or badly grubby at 2c. Dry flint—No. 1, 10c; No. 2, skins weighing less than 10 lbs, bulls and stags, all at 7c; dry salted 7¾c for No. 1 and 6½c for No. 2; glue at 2c for green and 4c for dry. Dry flint selling round at 8@8½c for Southern, 6½@7c for extreme Southern; 9@9½c for heavy Western, and dry salted at 6@7c; green salted at 5@6c, latter for Missouri, etc.

Tallow—Quiet and steady. Prime and strictly prime in oil bbls, 4c, and cake, 4¼c; in regular pkgs ¼c less. No. 2 at 3½c.

Deer Skins—Nominal. Light sales at following quotations: Native elks, 28@24c for prime; mountain and Southern Texas, 20@21c; green, salted, damaged, meaty, etc., half price; antelope at 15c; goat, 10@25c.

Sheep Skins—Quiet in sympathy with wool. Green—Large, full-wooled, $1@1.10; medium size and fairly wooled, 60@75c; lambs, 3%@55c. Dry, 10@15c for Texas. Green, 10@25c; dry, 15@ 20c: Texas pelts, 9@12½c ♀ lb.

Feathers—Active. Prime live geese at 47@42c; top rate for small sack; prime gray, quiet; mixed, 35c; prime extra—No. 1 26@27c; No. 2 27@30c; XXX, 38@42c; mixed, old, etc., 15@35c; chicken—dry, picked, at 4c; duck at 20c for dark to 30c for white; turkey—body, 24c; wing and tail, 5c; tare 3@10 per cent.

Beeswax—Steady at 27c; burnt, half price.

Miscellaneous Markets.

White Beans—Common, 50@75c; fair, $1.15; choice navy, $1.50@1.75.

Peas—Green, $1; and Scotch, $1.10.

Roots—Genuine ginseng, $2.50@2.75; garlic worth more; seneca at 27@28c—toppy less; snake, 20c; blood, 2; May apple, 2½c; golden seal, 20c; aurelica, 4½c; pink, 15c; black, 5c; wahoo root bark, 4c, and bark of trees 7c; bitter sweet bark, 6c; bitter sweet bark, 6c.

Moss—Rough—Gray, 2c; brown, 2½@3c; brown mixed with black, 2¾@3¼c; black, 3@3½c.

Nuts—Peanuts—Fancy, 2½@3c; white, 4@5c; pecans, Western and Territory, 5@5½c; Texas, 7@9c; hickory nuts, shellbark, 50c; large, 30c; walnuts, 30c; hazelnuts, 10c.

Honey—Comb at 9@10c for inferior to 13@14c for choice; strained and extracted, in can, 8@9c; in bbls, 5@6c.

Scrap Iron, Etc.—Wrought, 75c; heavy cast, 50c; plow, 45; stove plate, 35c; malleable and burnt, 30c. Brass—Heavy, 8c; light, 6c; copper, 11½c; lead, 3½c; zinc, 2½@3c; pewter, 22c.

Bones—Green, $12@14; junk and mixed, $15@17; bleached, $18; buffalo, $20 per ton.

Rags, Etc.—Country mixed rags, $1.00; Southern rags, 90c; paper, 55c; old rubber, $2.50; old rope, $1.25@2.25.

Bailing Stuffs—Bagging strong and in demand. Prices range 1½-lb bagging at 6c, 1¾-lb at 6½c, 2-lb at 7¼c, 2½-lb at 8c; hemp twine, in job lots, 9c; iron cotton ties scarce and wanted at $1.30@1.45.

Cooperstuffs—Shaved hoops—Stave—Work flour bbls, country shaved, $3.50@4.50; cooper shaved in demand at $5.50@6; half bbls, $2@3; patent, $6.50@7; light stuff—hoop bbls, oak, $8; hickory, $9. Barrel stock—Oak, $10; hickory, $12. Staves—Flour bbl, No. 1, $5.75@6; culls, $2@3.50; beer kegs, $16 @20; sawed and listed pork bbls, $18@19; lard tierces, $23@24. Flour bbl heading, 4¼@4½c per set.

Cooperage—Flour bbls, hickory hoops, 28@29c; patent hoops, 25@26c, half bbls, 21@21½c; produce bbls, 21c; meat bbls, 24c; pork bbls, 90c, best bid; half bbls, 70c; lard tierces at $1.15 del.; half tierces, 65c; kegs, 25c.

Commercial Notes.

Drouth not yet broken.

The situation in corn appears to have grown critical once more.

Deliveries of home-grown wheat in England last week were 21,852 quarters at 33s 2d, an advance of 4d over the week before.

A late Paris cable says: A meeting of the Cabinet was held at the Palace of Elysee to-day. M. Develle, Minister of Agriculture, stated that storms had seriously damaged the crops around Paris. In other parts of France the crop prospects, he said, were favorable.

Mitchell, Ill., reports that wheat threshing reveals a yield that is "fearfully below" the low estimates that had been made. Farmers return half what they had taken, not having enough wheat to fill them.

Advices received by the Northern Pacific Elevator Co. report that farmers had begun cutting winter wheat in the Walla Walla district, which is looking uniformly well and promises a most satisfactory yield. It is the judgment of the grain dealers that fully 30 per cent more winter wheat will be marketed this fall than a year ago. The elevator company expects to begin handling new wheat by July 20. In the Palouse country all the crops are backward, though looking well. Spring wheat, however, shows an exception to this rule, in that it has apparently suffered from the dry weather. Farmers are in the midst of having, and will secure a good crop.

Ottawa, Kan., wired: "Our worst reports about corn crop tells the story of nothing but very thin, light showers, wide apart and doing no good. Crop lost."

Theo. Bartholow, the banker of Jewell City, Kan., telegraphed his sont "No rain yet; intensely hot; crop badly damaged."

New Orleans cleared Saturday 32,078 bu corn for Liverpool.

No rain has fallen in the region where it was most needed, but rain has fallen at Bismarck, N. D., and St. Paul, also in Wisconsin, Michigan and the Southeastern States. The temperature in Kansas, Missouri and Iowa is the hottest yet, with no sign of rain.

A Berlin cable read: "Weather favorable and settled. Wheat declining and very excited. Declined 4 marks and a further decline anticipated."

Chicago Market Letters.

Special to John P. Grier.

CHICAGO, July 14.—The wheat market has only been steady since the opening on reports of damage from the Northwest. The inquiry on the curb was good and considerable September changed hands at about 90¼c. On the board offerings were only moderate, but the price gradually declined to 89½c. From this a reaction to 90¼c occurred, probably supplying fancy decreased beyond expectations the position of wheat is strong from a foreign as well as a home standpoint, and we believe purchases on all soft spots around the price will be profitable. Corn decidedly strong. Crop reports unfavorable.

Oats are fairly steady; the trading is light. Ribs and lard opened strong on light receipts of hogs and higher corn market. Prices were well maintained and the close was steady at opening prices. Pork heavy; very light demand. P. G. LOGAN & CO.

Special to J. G. Ewald.

CHICAGO, July 14.—Wheat—The news was decidedly bullish and occasioned a sharp bulge on the curb. The news from the Northwest is growing less favorable, and cables continue strong. The one thing that prevented an advance was the selling by Hutchinson, which, in the absence of outside business was sufficient to depress prices to a moderate extent. The feeling among the scalping trade is rather bearish in spite of the bullish situation and if any advance takes place it must be from good outside buying. We believe that this will come within a very short time, if present hot winds continue in the Northwest.

Corn—The very hot weather throughout the entire corn belt and the fact that very little rain had fallen was sufficient to make very active buying on the curb and cause an advance of a full 1c a bushel. This was fully maintained on the regular board, and there were large purchases for St. Louis account. Hutchinson was an early seller, backed up by some New York selling orders, but on the little break that ensued Hutch became a good buyer and continued his purchases to the close. We consider the corn situation as critical and unless we get good rains within the next twenty-four hours we must have a further advance, and it is questionable whether it is not too late to repair the damage already done. Oats firm, but not active. Hutch a heavy seller. Provisions dull and featureless. W. G. MCCORMICK & CO.

Cotton.

There was a stiff advance in the speculative markets of New York and Liverpool, but spots showed no advance, though both were firm. The demand in the foreign market, however, was light. Locally there was no change, except that the market was quoted steady.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, nominal; ordinary, nominal; good ordinary, 10¾c; low middling, 11¼c; middling, 11¾c; good middling, 11¾c; fair middling, 12¼c; fair, nominal. Stained ½@¾c less than white.

ST. LOUIS MOVEMENT.

	This season.	Last season.
Gross receipts to-day	7	5
Gross receipts since September	535,195	577,980
Net receipts to-day	....	....
Net receipts since September 1	230,900	270,446
Shipments to-day	20	53
Shipments since September 1	530,518	580,026
Stock on hand	5,194	1,969

GALVESTON—Receipts, 5 bales; market nominal at 11¼c.

SAVANNAH—Receipts, 1 bale; market steady at 11¾c.

NORFOLK—Receipts, — bales; market steady at 11¾c.

MOBILE—Receipts, 5 bales; market nominal at 11 5-16c.

CHARLESTON—Receipts, 24 bales; market fir

THE ELEGANT DINING ROOM FOR
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,
—SECOND FLOOR.—
Delicatessen Building, 718 Olive St.
Is Now Open.

Old Rock Bakery.
417-419 Lucas Av. - - F. W. Henge, Prop.
A light meal is just what you want now, and the Old Landmark is the place to get it in first-class quality and at the lowest price.

CITY NEWS.

DON'T stand upon the order of your going, but go at once this beautiful morning and secure for yourself some of the great, great bargains at D. Crawford & Co's. If you cannot get waited upon at once, have a little patience; it will pay you.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
Corner of 9th and Olive streets. Set of teeth, $2.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer. 814 Pine street.

A FOREIGN BOND RACKET.

An Alleged Agent of a New York Banker in Trouble.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

COLUMBUS, O., July 14.—A man of fine appearance and excellent address, whom the police have been watching for for several days, was placed under arrest at the Neil House Saturday evening on suspicion of dealing in fraudulent bonds. The prisoner, who gave his name as Emil Kuhner, hails from New York and purports to be the agent of E. H. Horner, a banker doing business at 65 Wall street. He has with him a finely lithographed two-page circular. The first page is bright with illuminated borders and fine pictures such as are common on bonds. The body is printed in German and English and stripped of verbiage states that for $8 in cash and $3 per month, when fully paid, the banking house of E. H. Horner will deliver to the purchaser of the certificate eight gold bearing bonds of as many foreign countries. The second page is devoted to a catalogue of foreign bonds, occupying the whole of the large page. Several small dealers on Fourth street had been victimized by the man.

Second Week Globe Shovel-Em-Out Sale.

$1.25 P. K. bosom men's full dress Shirts, 59c; men's and boys' domet flannel Overshirts, 25c; men's $1.50 French flannel outing Shirts, 75c; $3.50 silk striped Overshirts, $2; $4 all silk Shirts, $2.45; 35c Jersey ribbed Undershirts, 15c; $1 French balbriggan Underwear, 50c; $1.50 lisle thread Underwear, 75c; boys' 50c flannel Waists, 25c; 25c calico Waists, 14c; $1 Star percale Waists, 59c; best Star Waists, 75c; 4-ply linen collars, 8½c; Cuffs, 8½c; 50c and 75c teck Scarfs, 25c; 25c China silk four-in-hand Scarfs, 12½c; 25c French web suspenders, 13c; 25c black fancy Half Hose, 12½c; 25c balbriggan Half Hose, 15c; $1.25 gold-headed Umbrellas, 65c; $2.50 oxidized silver handle Helvetia silk Umbrellas, $1.25; 25c linen fancy bordered Handkerchiefs, 10c; 10c fancy bordered hemstitched handkerchiefs 4c.
GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

The Snake Got Left.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, July 14.—George Stevens of 581 Broad street, Newark, who two years ago lost his legs as the result of an accident on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, met with an adventure yesterday that might have turned many a man's hair gray. A year ago Mr. Stevens' stumps had healed enough to allow him to wear artificial legs. Yesterday while wandering through the woods surrounding Silver Lake he was suddenly startled by the hissing of a snake, and turning sharply discovered a spotted adder just behind him. The serpent was on the point of springing on Mr. Stevens when he kicked it with his foot and stood upon its neck until it was rendered lifeless. Last night this snake, which was found to measure five feet and four inches, was placed on exhibition in a Broad street store.

Lowest Priced House in America for Fine
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

Gold watches for ladies	$20.00 to $100.00
Gold watches for gents	35.00 to 250.00
Silver watches for gents	10.00 to 45.00
Silver watches for ladies	10.00 to 25.00
Nickel watches	6.00 to 10.00

Warranted good timepieces. See them at
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Corner Broadway and Locust.
Catalogue, 2,000 engravings, mailed free.

An Attack Upon Mrs. Mackay.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—Charlotte Smith, formerly of St. Louis and at present editor of the *Working Woman*, has created quite a stir by making an attack upon Mrs. John W. Mackay and making odious comparisons between a brilliant dinner recently given and the dinners at "Poverty Flats" out in the far West. Mrs. Mackay's attorney has taken hold of the case and given Mrs. Smith a pretty severe scoring. Charlotte Smith was a Miss Odlam, whose brother lost his life trying to make the leap from the Brooklyn Bridge. She was at one time engaged in a legal fight with L. U. Reavis over some property.

Cool Places to Spend the Summer.

The Burlington Route runs through Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars direct from St. Louis to St. Paul and Minneapolis, leaving as follows:

Daily ..... at 8:45 a. m.
Daily, except Sunday..... at 9:20 a. m.
Daily, except Saturday.... at 8:45 p. m.

Making connection for Spirit Lake, Battle Lake, Lake Minnetonka, Devil's Lake and all the Summer Resorts of the North and West.

Ticket offices, 112 North Fourth street and Union Depot.

American Association of Science.

The local committee of the American Association for the Advancement of Science has sent out notices of the coming meeting of the society at Indianapolis. There will be an effort made to have a large attendance from the West and South, so that the association may see, by the interest taken, the benefit to be derived from holding their meetings in the Western and Southern States.

In connection with the general association, there will meet at the same time at Indianapolis the American Society for the Promotion of Agricultural Science, also the American Geological Society, also a large number of the leading chemists of America, who meet to form a National Chemical Society. The largest gathering of botanists ever known in this country is expected at the same time. During the same week the Entomological Club will hold its meetings. A large number of ornithologists will be in attendance at the general meetings to contribute valuable papers and discussion in that branch of science.

LITHIA-POTASH WATER neutralizes acidity of the stomach and the blood. Teleph. 779.

Reunion of the Blue and the Gray.

The Western National Reunion of the Blue and Gray will be held at Elk Horn Tavern, Pea Ridge, Ark., from September 10 to 18 inclusive. The Western National Association of the Blue and Gray has been organized and chartered under the statutes of Arkansas. The object of the association is to hold an annual reunion of the Blue and Gray on the battlefield of Elk Horn Tavern or Pea Ridge, and Congress has been petitioned to purchase the ground for a national park to be used for the reunions. The officers of the association are: Capt. E. A. Ellis, Commander; Capt. Louis Prichett, Corresponding Secretary; Capt. John F. Sheppard, Treasurer.

Entitled to the Best.

All are entitled to the best that their money will buy, so every family should have, at once, a bottle of the best family remedy, Syrup of Figs, to cleanse the system when costive or bilious. For sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists.

IN THE ARENA OF SPORT.

STRANGE HAPPENINGS AT THE CONTESTS IN THE NEW MONMOUTH PARK TRACK.

The Public Unable to See All That Occurs in a Race—St. Louis Defeated by the Athletics in an Exciting Eleven-Inning Contest—Base Ball, Horse Racing and Sporting Matter of All Kinds.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH

NEW YORK, July 14. THE *Tribune's* racing reporter says the racing at Monmouth Park has not been entirely satisfactory. Too many bridles have slipped. W. L. Scott's Turmoil was regarded as a certainty on Saturday. Bergen rode her. As she carried 110 pounds much surprise was felt that Garrison did not have the mount at a few pounds overweight. In his present form, the "Snapper," even at 112 or 113 pounds, might have won with her. The truth is that Garrison's contract with Mr. Scott does not require him to ride at less than 115 pounds, and Trainer Leighton made the mistake of believing that Bergen at 110 pounds was better than Garrison at 115. Trainers make many mistakes these days.

On the long, straight course at Monmouth many things happen that the spectators do not see or suspect. Many expressed wonder on Saturday that Blue Rock should have won so easily, when on July 5 he was so badly beaten by Volunteer and Worth as to cause considerable talk. The general and sporting public expected Eon to win on Saturday, but the clever men of the turf made no such mistake. On July 5 Blue Rock was ridden by Bergen, and when the latter dismounted he said to Michael Dwyer and a few others that the colt would certainly have won the race if he had not stumbled and lost much ground. Not one in one hundred spectators had the remotest suspicion that Blue Rock stumbled. Nobody in the press stand noticed it, and the reporters have good glasses and sharp eyes. Yet Bergen must have been right. Before the first race on Saturday he said to Mr. Dwyer that Blue Rock would win. He had ridden Eon on Thursday and won with him, and knew to an ounce what could be expected of that lumbering hulk. He had also ridden Blue Rock and was thoroughly aware of Blue Rock's capabilities. So while the fools rushed in where angels fear to tread and made Eon favorite, the Dwyers quietly invested their money on Blue Rock at comfortable odds. Well, just as Bergen predicted, Blue Rock won, while Eon was nowhere. That's the difference between knowing and not knowing all about a race as it is run. If Bergen had not told the Dwyers what he did about Blue Rock stumbling, it is highly probable that they would have lost on Eon. One thing is certain: The shrewdest trainers on the turf lost all their small pocket change on Blue Rock when he was beaten by Volunteer. They backed him down to 3 to 5, having seen his work and knowing that he was by many pounds the best horse in the race. When Volunteer beat him they gasped. They could not believe it. Perhaps many of them have not heard how he lost or why he lost.

Jersey Confidence in Withers.

From the New York WORLD.

One of the most astonishing features of Monmouth Park racing is the enthusiasm of the crowd. The "regulars" stare when they hear people cheering over finishes that do not look at all exciting to them. They cannot understand it. The cause of the overflowing enthusiasm is the country people roundabout who don't see races every day like the regulars, and who appreciate the noble sport all the more keenly for that reason. These people bet on everything that Mr. Withers starts, regardless of age, sex or color. The other day Mr. Withers started a filly that was never at the post before. The bookmakers laid 40 and 50 to 1 against her, and she won in a gallop. There was hardly a bookmaker who did not have a line of countrymen behind his box after the race, waiting to get paid off, extending back to the Shrewsbury River. The rural Jerseyman never presents so many interesting phases of character to the psychologist as when he is on a race track.

Racine.

Racine, the Californian 3-year-old, who ran a mile in 1:39½ at Chicago, July 5, with 107 pounds up, breaking Ten Broeck's record of 1:39¾ which has stood since 1877 is a black bay colt by Bishop. As Ten Broeck made his record as a 5-year-old with only 110 pounds up and in a special trial against time, Racine's record made in a race is a far more creditable performance. The fact that the record was made at the Washington Park track, however, will always cast suspicion on it, as people will not accept as correct performances done on a track where the worst of skates are daily breaking records. Bishop, the sire of Racine, is a son of the Palo Alto sire, Shannon, and was at his best a fair racehorse, although knocked about and ill-used in the East. He raced with the sellingplaters and ran at Clifton and Guttenburg. He was sold to Capt. Franklin of Tennessee and Racine's glory makes him marked in the stud. Racine is out of imp. Fairy Rose, the dam also of L. Rose's good filly Fairy. Fairy Rose was bred by Leopold de Rothschild, and was purchased and imported in 1885 by Senator Stanford. She is a mare of queenly form and one of the favorite thoroughbreds at Palo Alto. Racine was bred at Palo Alto and started as a 2-year-old in California twelve times, being beaten but once, that being in his maiden race, at half a mile. He and his stable companion, Flambeau, were the sensations of last year on the Pacific slope, and this spring they swept all before them in California. It was at one time proposed to send both colts East in the Hearst stable, but Flambeau went wrong and the idea was abandoned. However, Racine's racing qualities were let to the Undine stable, in whose colors he now runs. After he ran his first race at Washington Park, a mile in 1:41, he was pronounced a record-breaker, and those who knew him best were least surprised when he broke the record at Chicago. A meeting between Racine, Burlington and Tournament would probably settle the question as to the 3-year-old championship. Racine will, no doubt, when his racing days are over, be installed at the head of the thoroughbred department at Palo Alto.

The Straight Track Nuisance.

From the New York WORLD.

It is astonishing how little attention is paid by the managers of race-tracks to the wishes of the public. If there are any two things that lovers of running horses most desire it is a circular track and long-distance racing, and yet in the face of a constantly growing popular clamor the big tracks increase sprint racing and lengthen their straight-away tracks. There was a time when one could comfortably view a long race and see every foot of it. Now all you can see at most of the tracks is a moving mass of black objects so far away from you that they are as much like beetles as they are like horses, and all you can see is a quarter of a mile of a two-mile race. The gamblers shortened races, but it would require the wisdom of omniscience to discover what produced that abomination of the turf, straight racing. Another bad feature of the new system is the facilities it offers for pulling. Will any sane man pretend that the judges, sitting in their little box at Monmouth, for instance, can see whether a boy is riding honestly or dishonestly a mile and a quarter away from him when the horses and jockeys are a mere blur? The sooner we get back to the old system the better. It was good enough for our fathers, and the famous horses of the past were ignorant of these wretched inventions for annoying honest turfmen. The straight track, beginning no man knows where, ought to go. It is neither ornamental nor useful. It was while straining his eyes up the one and three-eighth miles straight at Monmouth that John Kelly, the base ball umpire, whose place is on Sixth avenue in this city, was moved to remark, "Why in —— don't they start 'em at Kelly's."

A Valuable Broodmare Sold.

PEKIN, Ill., July 14.—Daniel Sapp, a well-known stock breeder of this city, has just sold Miss Bemis, by Mambrino Patchen, with a Billy Wilkes breeding colt by her side, to W. R. Brasfield of Lexington, Ky., for $8,000. Miss Bemis is the dam of Judge Rider, 2:28¼, and of Lizzie E. R., who can trot inside of 2:30, and will be given a record this season.

A Turfman's Death.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 14.—Saturday night John M. Kimbrough, the well-known turfman, died here, aged 39. He owned Avondale, Sportsman, Eberlee and others. He was a son-in-law of the late T. J. Megibben, was President of the Lexington City Council and held many other high positions.

A Pacing Mare Sold.

BOSTON, July 14.—The fast pacing mare Allen Maid has been sold to Western parties for $4,000. She is said to have won more money and races this year than any trotter on the turf.

Slavin and McAuliffe.

A cablegram from London under date of July 10 to the *Police Gazette*, reads as follows:

The backers of Frank P. Slavin and Joe McAuliffe met at *Sporting Life* office to-day to ratify a match. Among the party were Lord Lonsdale, Earnest C. Welles, Chas. F. Temple of Ormonde Club, Richard K. Fox, Wm. Madden, Joe McAuleffe, Jonn O'Neill, George Baird, Jack Burk, Charley Mitchell and Lord De Clifford. Slavin and McAuliffe agreed to fight in Ormonde Club first week in October.

American party gave Australian all his own way in arranging match.

George Vize, who was referee in the Dixon and Wallace fight, was agreed upon for referee.

J. B. Angle, referee in the Sullivan and Mitchell fight, was appointed timekeeper.

Billy Ennis, the well-known bookmaker, was chosen final stakeholder.

Lord Lonsdale also holds £500 which is to be forfeited if the American does not receive fair play. The stakes are £500 a side and a purse of £1,000. Articles to be signed on the 12th or 14th.

A well-known bookmaker of Australia backs Slavin. Richard K. Fox agreed to find £1,000 for McAuliffe.

English Pugilistic Notes.

George Dixon, the colored bantam champion, has refused to fight Cal. McCarthy for the purse the Pelican Club offered. Dixon will not fight until November. He will shortly return to America.

Alf Mitchell agrees to fight Jack Dempsey in Pelican Club for a purse.

Jack Burke is awaiting a reply to his challenge to Jack Dempsey.

The Second Athletic Game.

To-morrow afternoon the Athletics and Browns will meet in the second game of the series at Sportsman's Park. The Athletics are now in the lead, and it may be expected to-morrow's game will be a close and exciting contest. The Browns will have Ramsey and Wells in the points and the Athletics will try Seward and Robinson. The game will begin at 4 p. m. with Bob Emslie umpiring.

The Championship Race.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	P. C.
Athletics	67	41	26	.612
Louisville	65	39	26	.600
St. Louis	68	36	31	.537
Rochester	67	36	31	.537
Columbus	68	34	34	.500
Syracuse	66	30	36	.455
Toledo	62	28	34	.452
Brooklyn	64	19	45	.297

PLAYERS.	P.	W.	L.	P. C.	NATIONAL.	P.	W.	L.	P. C.
Boston	67	44	23	.672	Brooklyn	68	44	24	.647
Chicago	66	38	28	.576	Cincinnati	67	42	25	.632
Brooklyn	71	38	33	.535	Philadelp'a	69	43	26	.623
New York	67	35	31	.530	Boston	69	41	28	.594
Philadelp'a	69	35	34	.507	Chicago	65	35	30	.538
Pittsburg	65	32	33	.492	New York	69	29	40	.420
Cleveland	62	27	35	.435	Cleveland	64	19	45	.297
Buffalo	60	17	43	.285	Pittsburg	67	16	51	.237

Yesterday's Games.

The Browns and Athletics played an eleven inning game at Sportsman's Park yesterday afternoon, the visitors finally winning by a score of 8 to 7. At the close of the fifth inning the score was 6 to 1 in favor of the Athletics. In the next two innings the Browns tied the score and, at the end of the ninth inning, it was still a tie, each side being credited with six runs. Neither scored in the tenth, but in the eleventh inning the Browns made one tally and the Athletics secured two which gave them the contest. O'Brien won the game by knocking the ball over the right-field fence for a home-run when there was one man on base. It was an exciting contest throughout and, despite the extremely hot weather, was witnessed by the largest crowd of the season. Hart, the new pitcher secured by Mr. Von der Ahe from the International League, was batted out of the box in the third inning, Stivetts finishing the game. Wells retired with Hart, and Munyan caught Stivetts. The Athletics' battery was McMahon and Robinson. Three home-runs, three doubles and seven singles were made by the visitors. The Browns secured fifteen hits, but all were singles except one two-bagger by Campau. Errors—St. Louis, 2; Athletics, 5.

OTHER ASSOCIATION GAMES.

At Louisville—Syracuse, 10; Louisville, 4.
At Columbus—Brooklyn, 3; Columbus, 2. (Ten innings.)
At Toledo—Toledo, 18; Rochester, 6.

Base Ball Notes.

Tom Ramsey and Eddie Seward will make the battle hot to-morrow.

An old-time Sunday crowd took in yesterday's game at Sportsman's Park.

The Athletics play a corking good game of ball, but the Browns are right up with them.

Bob Emslie did not give the Browns much of anything yesterday. But the best of umpires often have an off day.

Stivetts pitched against circumstances yesterday. Had he gone in from the start the result might have been different.

The Athletics took the lead yesterday. The Browns lost little ground because Syracuse has a picnic at Louisville. Syracuse is due for a few more victories over Louisville.

The triple play by Higgins, Cartwright and Munyan in the ninth inning, when the bases were filled and nobody out, was the quickest play ever made on a ball field. It put Jack O'Brien in a trance.

IT'S HOT. KEEP COOL.

Buy one of the celebrated $5 ICE PITCHERS of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co.,
BROADWAY AND LOCUST.
Send for catalogue.

Cut in Two.

TROY, N. Y., July 14.—Thomas Kilroy, a brakeman on the Hudson River road, while coupling cars here this morning fell, the train passing over his body, cutting it in two. He was 30 years of age.

ICE-COLD melons at Peters', French Market.

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. *U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1889.*

Tremendous Cut
In the Price of Clothing.
FAMOUS
CLEARING SALE!
YOU CAN DOUBLE YOUR MONEY.

Men's and Youths' $6.50 Suits reduced to	$2.95
Men's and Youths' $10 Suits reduced to	$5.45
Men's and Youths' $12.50 Suits reduced to	$6.45
Men's and Youths' $20 Suits reduced to	$9.95
Men's and Youths' $25 Suits reduced to	$13.45
Men's and Youths' $1.50 Thin Coats and Vests cut to	69c
Men's and Youths' $2.00 Thin Coats and Vests cut to	99c
Men's and Youths' $3.50 Thin Coats and Vests cut to	$1.75
Men's and Youths' $8.50 Thin Coats and Vests cut to	$4.45
Men's and Youths' $2.00 Cassimere Pants cut to	$1.19
Men's and Youths' $3.50 All-Wool Pants cut to	$1.95
Men's and Youths' $4.50 All-Wool Pants cut to	$2.45
Men's and Youths' $6.00 All-Wool Pants cut to	$3.95
Boys' $5.00 Long Pant Suits cut to	$2.95
Boys' $10 Long Pant Suits cut to	$5.45
Boys' $15 Long Pant Suits cut to	$7.45
Boys' $12.50 Knee Pant Suits cut to	$6.45
Boys' $1.50 Knee Pant Suits cut to	73c
Boys' $6.50 Knee Pant Suits cut to	$3.45
Boys' $3.50 Knee Pant Suits cut to	$1.95
Boys' $2.00 Knee Pant Suits cut to	95c
Boys' $1.50 Long Pants reduced to	49c
Boys' $2.50 Long Pants reduced to	$1.19
Boys' 65c Knee Pants reduced to	29c
Boys' 85c Knee Pants reduced to	45c
Boys' $1.50 Knee Pants reduced to	85c

Children's Kilt Suits and Kilt Skirts,
Sailor and Jersey Suits all reduced.

JULY BARGAINS IN SHOE DEPARTMENT

LADIES' SHOES.

Will close one line of Ladies' French Kid, Button, pump soles, HAND-MADE, all shapes of lasts, at.....$2.50; regular price, $4.00
Will close one line of Ladies' Best French Kid, Button, silk tops, HAND-MADE, all shapes of toes, with or without tips, at.....$3.50; regular price, $5.00
Will close one line of Ladies' Curacoa Kid, Button, city made, all shapes, at $1.50; our regular price, $2.50
Will close one line of Ladies' Best Curacoa Kid, Button, with patent tips, all shapes, at.....$2.00; regular price, $3.00
Will close one line Ladies' Green Ooze Tennis Shoes, very fancy, at $2.00; regular price, $3.50
Will close one line of Ladies' Canvas Tennis Shoes, all shades, at $1.50; regular price, $2.25

MISSES' SHOES.

MISSES' French Kid, Low Oxfords, HAND-TURNED, all shapes, in cloth or ooze tops, at.....$1.50; reduced from $2.25
MISSES' Fancy Canvas Shoes in Lace and Button, sizes 11 to 2, go at $1.00; reduced from $2.00
MISSES' Best Goat Button, city made, tan colored, spring heels, sizes 11 to 2, go at.....$1.00; reduced from $2.00

CHILDREN'S SHOES.

CHILDREN'S Canvas Shoes, in all colors, in lace or button, heels or spring heels, sizes 5 to 11, go at.....65c; reduced from $1.25
CHILDREN'S Goat, Button, city made, with chocolate vamps and ooze tops, sizes 8 to 11, go at.....$1.35; reduced from $2.00
CHILDREN'S Best Tan, Button, spring heels, city made, sizes 5 to 11; go at $1.00; reduced from $1.50
BOYS' Fancy Tan and Chocolate Shoes, in low and high cut, sizes 1 to 5, go at $1.25; reduced from $2.00
YOUTHS' Fancy Tan and Chocolate Shoes, in low and high cut, sizes 11 to 2, go at.....$1.00; reduced from $1.75

Twenty-five per cent off on all MEN'S Low Shoes in the house. See old price on shoes, then make your reductions.

BURT & MEARS' Shoes at $5; regular price, $7.50.

SPECIAL CARD TO THE LADIES.—A deduction of 25 per cent off from the regular price, as marked on the bottoms of shoes, on all Ladies' Low Shoes in tan and chocolate colors. TWENTY-FIVE Combinations in these shades to select from.

FAMOUS
BROADWAY AND MORGAN.

If you want it, ask for it—Powderly's "Thirty Years of Labor," FREE with purchases of Men's or Boys' Clothing of $10 and over.
Open till 10 p. m. Saturdays.

HIS FIDDLE SAVED HIS LIFE.

A Musician's Thrilling Adventure With a Nest of Rattlesnakes.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

EVERTON, Cal., July 14.—Paul Keister, a local musician, reports an exciting and novel experience with a pair of rattlesnakes in the Sonoma Mountains. Keister's services as a violinist sometimes take him to the country, where old-fashioned parties are given. On Saturday evening he played at a farm-house back of Yalupa Mountain. He slept at the farm-house. The trail to his home leads through a deep canyon. At one point the path winds around a sharp and narrow spur of the mountain. Keister had reached this point when his attention was attracted by the warning clatter of a rattlesnake. When he saw a formidable rattler in his path he took to his heels. A few feet further along still another rattler rose before him. There was not sufficient room to pass the snakes without running the risk of being bitten and the frightened musician backed against the edge and eyed the advancing reptiles. It suddenly occurred to him that in India magicians charm such things with music, and pulling out his violin he began desperately to play. The music had the desired effect. The snakes gradually uncoiled, and stretching themselves out in the path, glided slowly towards the player. This movement of the snakes was anything but pleasant to Keister, who kept sawing away at his fiddle, trying to devise, meanwhile, a scheme for escaping. Closer and closer came the snakes and faster and faster flew the bow over the strings as Keister's nerves quivered and shook. At last the snakes reached a point within two feet of the terrified fiddler, and winding themselves up, they lifted their heads closely together and fixed their shining eyes on the musician. Keister's nerves were now utterly uncontrollable. With a yell he grabbed his fiddle by the neck and brought it down with crushing force on the heads of the snakes, the blows stunned the reptiles and Keister kept hammering away until they were dead. He broke his beloved violin into splinters, but he saved his life. The snakes measured six and seven feet respectively. One carried ten rattles and the other seven.

SILK UMBRELLAS, $2.50 TO $15.
The finest stock ever shown, for both ladies and gentlemen. Call and see them at
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Cor. Broadway and Locust.

Violating Neutrality Laws.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., July 14.—The twelve Mexican revolutionists who were captured on this side of the Rio Grande several days ago were brothers. The prisoners were placed in jail here to await their trial at the October term of the Federal Court on the charge of violation of the neutrality laws of the United States.

MELONS by the crate or hundred for country trade; reasonable prices. Address J. W. Peters & Co.

B. SHEPHERD WHITE.

The Exploits of a Small Salaried Society Leader at Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—B. Shepherd White, a young society leader, has fled to parts unknown under circumstances of a decidedly painful character to his friends. White moved in the most fashionable circles and was regarded as a swell. He dressed in the very latest styles and seemed to have a very extensive income. Only recently he gave a dinner party to a number of his swell friends, which cost considerable money. None of his friends were made aware of the fact that he was working for a salary of $750 a year. He was employed by J. H. Corning & Co., dealer in fire escapes and marble mantels. It is claimed that before he left he obtained $1,000 belonging to his employers on a forged order.

It is also claimed that he left many unpaid bills and an extensive wardrobe behind in his hurry to evade the authorities. His friends are shocked and say that they never suspected for a minute that his income was so limited.

He bought a ticket to Lexington, Ky., where it is supposed he has relatives.

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES
Accurately fitted by the best opticians.
Prices, steel, $1 and up; gold, $5 and up.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Broadway and Locust.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A party of thirteen persons were overturned in the middle of Alachua Lake yesterday, near Gainesville, Fla. Three of the party were drowned.

At a little place called Baden, about a dozen miles from San Francisco, a wagon containing fifteen people was run into by a train, and six of the party instantly killed.

The body of Thomas H. Ferris in full Knight of Pythias uniform was found on the water at Milwaukee, Wis. He came from Geneva, Neb., and had evidently fallen off the dock, as his money and watch were undisturbed.

Supt. John Corlish of the Boston office of the Pinkerton Detective Agency, and High Constable Moe of Sherbrook, Quebec, yesterday morning arrested Leda La Montagne, wife of the late Napoleon Michel of Wolfstown, Quebec. Mrs. Michel is charged with criminal knowledge of and being an abettor in the murder of her husband and the burning of his house during the night of July 18, 1888.

Second Week Globe Shovel-'Em-Out Sale.

Men's $1.25 and $1.50 light-colored derbys, shovel 'em out, 50c; men's $2.50 and $3 light-colored derbys, latest shades, $1.25; men's 50c and 75c straw hats, 20c and 45c; men's $1.25, $1.50 black straw hats, 95c; boys' 50c, 75c and $1 straw hats 24c and 45c; boys' and children's 75c straw hats and caps, 14c; boys' and children's $1 sailors, 39c; boys' 75c light-colored crush hats, 19c; 50c steamer caps, 19c.
GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

SCHOLTEN'S
Best Finished
CABINET PHOTOS,
Reduced to
$3 PER DOZ.
1312 and 1314 Olive Street.

DR. OWEN'S
ELECTRIC BELT
AND SUSPENSORY.
PATENTED AUG. 16, 1887, IMPROVED JULY 30, 1889.

DR. OWEN'S ELECTRO-GALVANIC BODY BELT AND SUSPENSORY will cure All Rheumatic Complaints, Lumbago, General and Nervous Debility, Costiveness, Kidney Diseases, Nervousness, Trembling, Sexual Exhaustion, Wasting of Body, Diseases caused by Indiscretions in Youth, Age, Married or Single Life.
TRY IT 90 DAYS. IF NOT SATISFACTORY TO RESPONSIBLE PARTIES OR NO PAIN TRIAL, RETURN TO OFFICE OR AGENT WHERE YOU GOT IT AND GET YOUR MONEY BACK. NO PAY REQUIRED IN ADVANCE. NO RISK TO WEARER. NO PAY IF NOT CURED. NO PAY IF NOT BENEFITED. NO PAY IF NOT SATISFIED. NO PAY IF NOT AS REPRESENTED. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY $10 BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY $5 BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY $3 BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY $2 BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY $1 BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 50c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 25c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 10c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 5c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY ½c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY ¼c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY ⅛c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/16c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/32c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/64c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/128c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/256c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/512c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/1024c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/2048c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/4096c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/8192c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/16384c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/32768c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/65536c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/131072c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/262144c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/524288c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/1048576c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/2097152c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/4194304c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/8388608c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/16777216c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/33554432c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/67108864c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/134217728c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/268435456c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/536870912c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/1073741824c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/2147483648c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/4294967296c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/8589934592c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/17179869184c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/34359738368c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/68719476736c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/137438953472c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/274877906944c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/549755813888c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/1099511627776c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/2199023255552c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/4398046511104c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/8796093022208c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/17592186044416c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/35184372088832c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/70368744177664c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/140737488355328c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/281474976710656c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/562949953421312c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/1125899906842624c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/2251799813685248c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/4503599627370496c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/9007199254740992c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/18014398509481984c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/36028797018963968c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/72057594037927936c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/144115188075855872c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/288230376151711744c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/576460752303423488c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/1152921504606846976c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/2305843009213693952c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/4611686018427387904c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/9223372036854775808c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/18446744073709551616c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/36893488147419103232c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/73786976294838206464c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/147573952589676412928c BELT. NO PAY IF NOT AS GOOD AS ANY 1/295147905179352825856c BELT. N